The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

VOL. 14—No 47. FORT WAYNE, INDIANA, SATURDAY, MAY 27. 1854. WHOLE No 1091

THOMAS TIGAR,

EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

OFFICE.—Corner of Pearl and Calhoun streets, Third Story, opposite P. Kiser's.

TERMS:

Two Dollars per annum, in Advance; Two Dollars Fifty Cents at the end of Six Months; or Three Dollars at the end of the Year.

No paper discontinued until all arearages are paid up except at the option of the publisher.

Advertisements inserted at One Dollar per Square of Ten Lines for the first thre weeks, and half that rate for subsequent insertions.

A liberal allowance made to those who advertises by the year.

JOB PRINTING

Executed with neatness, accuracy ar[illegible] patch on the most reasonable te[illegible]

LIFE INSURANCE.

U. States Life Insurance Annuity & Trust Company of Philadelphia.

OFFICES—S. E. corner Third and Chesnut sts., Philad'a; 5 Nassau steet, New York; 48 Camp street, New Orleans; 59 Second street, Baltimore; 18 Congress street, Boston; 30 Third Street, Cincinnati.

Assets liable for Losses, Jan 1, 1853,

$306,029,004.

The Cash System, the only safe, sound and sensible one for either a Company or its insured members, and a perseverance in rigid application of correct Life Insurance business, have resulted in the most eminent success of this Company.

CINCINNATI BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

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Richard Conkling, John W. Messick,
S. B. W. McLean, I. P. Williams.
W. M. Cameron, Richard Bates,
James Muthews, Robert Cameron,
A Taft, Robert Moore,
John Evans. Wilson Carey, Secretary.

S. D. BAYLESS, Agent for Fort Wayne.

M. P. Ayres, M.D., Ex. Physician.

Aug. 27th, 1853. y—8

LIFE INSURANCE.

The Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York.

Trinity Building, 111 Broadway.

Net accumulating Cash Funds, July 31st., 1853.

$2,193,892.

Charter Oak Life Insurance Co.,

HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.

Capital and Surplus, over $300,000.

THE undersigned, Agent for the above two most successful and responsible Life Insurance Companies in the United States, is prepared to receive applications for Life Insurance.

Pamphlets containing rates of premium, and informations on the subject of Life Insurance, may be obtained at the office of the undersigned.

"It is no more the the moral duty of man to provide the daily bread for his family, while he lives, than it is to provide against their being left penniless in the event of his death."

JOSEPH K. EDGERTON, *Agent.*

Fort Wayne, Sept. 12th, 1853. y10

NEW ENGLAND

Live Stock Insurance Co.,

NEW HAVEN, CONNECTICUT.

CAPITAL $100,000.

HORSES, Cattle, and Sheep Insured against *death* or *damage*, from natural causes, accidents or disease, at rates which will make it the interest of every one to avail themselves of its protection

FARMER'S STOCK

Insured at extraordinary low rates. All who depend upon their teams for a livelihood, should come immediately and have their Horses or Cattle insured before they are injured or take sick and die.

E. F. COLERICK, *Agent.*

Wm. Coulson, *Inspector.*

November 12, 1851. y19

Insurance Agency.

The subscriber having received the agency of the

Ætna Insurance Company

OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,

IS prepared to issue policies on the most favorable terms.

This Company has a Capital Stock of $300,000, all paid in and well invested, and is one of the oldest and most responsible Comyanies in the Union.

JOHN HOUGH, Jr.

Fort Wayne, Oct. 30, 1851. v17

Ohio Live Stock Insurance Company

OF CINCINNATI.

CAPITAL PAID IN $100,000.

THIS Company will insure Horses, Cattle, and Sheep, from death or damage, either from natural causes, accident or diseases of any description whatever, at low rates.

Directors—Wm. Burnett, E S Haines, S. Robert, H. H Goodman, Wm. Person.

S. W. Reeder, Sec'y. Wm. Burnett, Pres't.

Office No. 8, Front Street, Cincinnati

The undersigned having been appointed agent for Northern Indiana, is now prepared to issue policies Office over B. Smith's Store, corner of Columbia and Calhoun streets.

E. F. COLERICK, *Agent.*

Fort Wayne, May 10, 1851. y41

Protection

Fire & Marine Insurance Company

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Capital Stock, $300,000.

THE undersigned, Agent of this old and well known Company is fully authorised to insure Dwellings, Stores, Hotels, Warehouses, Mills, Manufactories, Barns, &c. Also, Household Furniture and Goods, Wares and Merchandise contained and stored therein, against

LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE,

Also, Dry Goods, Groceries, Manefactured Goods, Produce, Household Furniture, Live Stock, and every other description of Merchandise or Personal property, shipped or to be shipped per good steamboat, or boats, to or from points on the Western waters, or between Eastern cities, (via Lakes or other inland routes,) and any town in the Western country, against the hazards of

INLAND TRANSPORTATION,

Also shipments of Goods, Wares and Merchandise, per good vessel or vessells, between New Orleans and Eastern ports—between New Orleans and other Gulf ports—between all Amerien ports and English or European ports or to any maratime ports whatsoever in the atlantic waters, against the

PERILS OF THE SEAS.

For terms of Insurance—also pamphlets containing further information, apply to

JOHN HOUGH, Jr.,
Agent Protection Insurance Company.

Fort Wayne, Jan. 16, 1850. y45

City Insurance Company

OF CINCINNATI.

Will Insure against Loss or Damage by FIRE

Houses, Buildings, Stores, Mills, Manufactories, Warehouses and Contents, Vessels in port and their Cargoes, Vessels building or repairing, Goods, Wares, and Merchandise generally.

DIRECTORS:

E. B. REEDER, Wm. BURNETT,
GEORGE CARLISLE, J. C. THORP,
J. M. BLAIR, H. RAPER,
J. P. KILBRETH, E. S. HAINES,
H. L. HOFFMAN.

E. B. REEDER, *President,*

N. Gregory, *Secretary.*

*** Office No. 8, Front Street, bettween Main and Sycamore, Cincinnati, Ohio.

The subscriber has been appointed agent of the above company in this city, to whom application can be made for policies, pamphlets, information, &c., at Room No. 1 court house.

EDWARD F. COLERICK, Agent.

Fort Wayne, Dec. 29. [illegible]

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

L. M. NINDE,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

Office—On the corner of Main & Calhoun streets. y26

W. S. HOAGLAND,

Attorney at Law,

FORT WAYNE, IND.

Room No. 2, over Recorder's Office. y7

JOHN HOUGH, JR. WILLIAM H. JONES

HOUGH & JONES,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,

FORT WAYNE, Ind.,

WILL attend to all Legal business entrusted to their care, and will give special attention to the collecting and securing of debts throughout the state.

REFERENCES.

Allen Hamilton, Fort Wayne. Spofford, Tileston & Co. N.Y
J. W. Townley & Co. " David Leavitt, "
Young & Waite, Maumee. Taylor & Hogg, "
W. A. Otis & Co., Cleveland. Halstead, Haines & Co. "
Hitchcock, Wilson & Wade, " Halstead & Brokaw, "
W. B. Robbins, Cincinnati. Edward Kellogg, Esq., "
Fox & French, " Loring, Fisk & Co., Boston.
Minor, Andrews & Co. " Stoddard & Lovering. "
Coram, Tweed & Co., " McDowell & Day, Philadelp.
Wilkeson & Co. Buffalo. Wood & Abbot, "
Hayward & Noye, " Bullitt & Fairthorne, "

J. L. WORDEN C. CASE.

WORDEN & CASE,

Attorneys at Law.

Office s. w. corner of Public Square, over Reer's office.

Aug. 1st, 1853. FORT WAYNE, Ind.

JOSEPH K. EDGERTON.

Attorney & Counsellor a Law,

LAND & COLLECTION AGENT.

FORT WAYNE, Ia.,

WILL practice in the State and Federal Courts, and give special attention to *Land Agencies* and the *Securing and Collection of Debts* in any part of Indiana.

REFERENCES.

Grinnell, Minturn & Co.
Dibblee, Work & Moore,
John Steward, Jr. & Co.
Tweedy, Moulton & Plimpton, } *New York.*
Robert Hyslop, Esq.
Clark & Work.
Stedman, Maynard & Co. *Cincinnati.*
Wm. A. Brown & Co. *Boston.*
Allen Hamilton,
Hugh McCulloch, } *Fort Wayne.*
R. W. Taylor.

Office—On Clinton-st., opposite the Brick Church.

July 18, 1851. y—4

E. F. COLERICK. [1849.] W. H. WITHERS.

COLERICK & WITHERS. *Attorneys and Counsellors-at-Law, and General Land and Tax Agents.* Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will attend to the Collection, and Securing of Debts, and Examination of Titles, &c., in Indiana.

*** Office,—Over B. Smith's Store, corner of Calhoun and Columbia-streets.

Nov. 17, 1849. 20—y.

WM. W. CARSON, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law, Fort Wayne, Indiana.* Will practice in the Courts of the 12th Judicial Circuit, Ind., and will also attend with promptness to any business entrusted to his care.

References.

Hon. David McDonald } *Professor of Law*
" William T. Otto, } *Indiana University.*
Samuel Hanna, *Fort Wayne.*
Thos. Hamilton, "
Allen Hamilton, "
Samuel L. Rugg. *Decatur.*

*** Office—On Clinton Street, two doors north of the Bank. y38

F. P. RANDALL. *Attorney and Counsellor at Law and Master in Chancery,* Fort Wayne Indiana. Office on Clinton street, two doors south of H. Colerick's Brick Store.

R. BRAKENRIDGE, Jun., *Attorney and Counsellor at-Law,* Fort Wayne, Ind. Will attend to the Collection, Adjustment, or Securing of Debts, the payment of Taxes purchase and sale of lands, and examination of Titles in any part of Indiana.

References

Messrs W. G. & G. W. Ewing, *Fort Wayne*
" A. Hamilton, "
" S. Hanna, "
" Hugh McCulloch, "
" Alfred Harrison, *Indianapolis*
" Richard Suydam, *New York.*
" W. Hyslop, "
" Alex. Kevan, "
" Jos. Jamieson, "
" J. D. & C. Jones. *Cincinnati, Ohio.*

Office—Corner of Pearl and Calhoun streets, under the Sentinel office.

MEDICAL NOTICES.

Drs. O. & Mary F. THOMAS.

OFFICE North-West Corner of Main and Calhoun Streets in Phœnix Block, over Foellingr's Shoe Store, FORT WAYNE, IND. tf—41

Dr. ROGERS

Office on Corner Main and Calhoun streets Over R. Evans & Co's Store.

Fort Wayne, Sept. 19, 1853. 16md21

DR. E. W. JENKS,

Fort Wayne.

Office on Calhoun street, recently occupied by Drs. Sturgis and Woodworth. y—30

HOMŒOPATHIST.

DR. BOWEN has removed his office one door south, and can now be found over Stapleford's store, ever ready and attentive, to the interests of his patients, to practice Homœopathy in its purity.

N. B. Books, Medicines, and Cases for sale.—Residence at Wm. Bowen's, Barr Street. 37

Dr. Woodworth

HAS removed his Office to his house, on the corner of Clinton and Wayne streets, directly back of the 1st Presbyterian Church, where he may be found when not professionally engaged.

Fort Wayne, Feb. 23th, 1854. 34

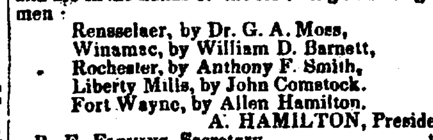
DR. C. E. STURGIS, continues the practice of Medicine and Surgery at his office on Calhoun street. Those requiring his services will meet with prompt attention

Fort Wayne, August 18th, 1847. tf8

HOMŒOPATHY.

P. M. LEONARD, M.D., respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity, as *Homœopathic Physician, and Surgeon.* He may be found at the Office of Dr Brooks, on Calhoun Street, first building north of Canal Bridge, at all times when not professionally engaged ply8

Fort Wayne & Mississippi Railroad.



BOOKS for subscription to the stock of the Company have been opened at the following places, and are in the hands of the following named gentlemen:

Rensselaer, by Dr. G. A. Moss,
Winamac, by William D. Barnett,
Rochester, by Anthony F. Smith,
Liberty Mills, by John Comstock.
Fort Wayne, by Allen Hamilton.

A. HAMILTON, President.

R. E. Fleming, Secretary. tf38

GRINDSTONE,

Paper and Rag Depot at

COMPARET HUBBELL & Co's Fort Wayne,

BANK and County Officers, Forwarding Merchants and others can have blank books made to order on short notice, ruled and bound to any pattern, and in the best style and of the very best *Eastern* paper, also *Letter and Cap Writing Paper* of the same quality.

A good article of Wrapping Paper constantly on hand to supply Merchants in the vicinity. Also the *BEREA GRINDSTONE* for the trade at quarry prices adding transportation and charges. *RAGS* taken at the highest price. J. B. JOHNSON.

Fort Wayne, August 10th 1853. [illegible]

SPEECH OF HON. JOHN PETTIT,

On the Homestead Bill.

On motion by Mr. Walker, the Senate as in Committee of the Whole, proceeding to consider the bill from the House of Representatives, granting a Homestead of one hundred and sixty acres of the public lands to actual settlers.

Mr. Pettit said:

Mr. President: To the details of the bill now under consideration I have given no attention, but its principles meet the full approbation of my head and my heart. On my head because, in my judgment, it will give to the country strength and defense, which will serve in the place of fortification and standing armies. Of my heart, because it is an act of justice. Of my head, because it does that wisest of all thing in a country, it couples patriotism with an interest, and makes it more ardent, available, and enduring. Of my heart, because it will give a house to the houseless and a home to the homeless.

The people of the country from its institutions, and its institutitons, in turn, form the character of the people. People, institutions, and country are so nearly allied that ~~they~~ must mutually mould and sustain each other, for separately they will fall and decay.

Institutions should create and encourage love of country, and willingness to suffer in its defense; for, without this, institutions will fall into weakness disrepute, and degeneracy, from which tyranny cannot rescue, nor severity save.

Mr. President, in all ages of the world there has been a longing, aching, and earnest desire in men to own and individualize the ownership of the soil; and for the promise, possession, and enjoyment of this, they have and will endure patiently more hardships, more fatigue, more suffering, and show more patriotism, than for all other earthly things put together.

In undertaking so wide and radical a change of our past policy, and adopting a new one with us, that is to effect so materially a arge portion of our-fellow citizens, it is both prudent and proper to pause, and inquire whether other countries have adopted this, or a similar policy, and what its results have been. This is a legitimate inquiry. From the past, under like circumstances, we may safely reason what the future will be. The first instance of the adoption of a similar policy was in Egypt, long anterior to the Mosaic period, given by Diodorus Siculus, in Book I, chapter 6, in which he says that, *anciently*, the lands were divided into the parts, the first to the priests, the second to the king, and the third to the soldier or people.

I disapprove of the first and second divisions, but the third commends itself to my approbation as well as for its wisdom as its justice.

Hear what the historian says as to the last division:

"The last portion belongs to the soldiers who, at a word, are ready at the King's commands, for every expedition; that they who venture their lives in the wars, being endeared to their country by that plentiful share and proportion allotted them, may more cheerfully undergo the hazards of war. For it would be an irrational thing to intrust the safety and preservation of the whole, with them who have nothing in their country that is dear or valuable to them to fight for. And the chief reason why so large a share is allotted to them, is that they might more readily marry, and by that means make the nation more populous, and so there might be no need of foreign aids and assistances."

A wise policy in a nut-shell, and well expressed. To the sodiers were given one third of all the lands of Egypt that they might at all times be ready and willing to defend the country, and might the more readily marry and take the responsibility of a family, and thereby increase the population and strength of the country, so that "there might be no need of foreign aids and assistances"

This was in the country where civilization and science were first known, and where regular government was first establishment among men, and all these continued to prosper and flourish until this wholesome policy was abandoned.

The next instance in which I find this adopted as a national policy, was among the Jews. Moses, that wisest ot secular lawgivers, fourteen hundred and ninety years before Christ, led the children of Israel out of that bondage in which they and their ancestors had been for four hundred years and starting them on their weary and perilous journey of forty years through a wilderness, it became necessary to hold out to them some inducement or promise of reward to act, as a stimulant of the highest order, to buoy them up, and sustain them against the depressing consequences of such a journey, with all its trials, fatigues, dangers, disappointments, and wretchedness. Moses had made known to the Jews all the moral law and will of God; and had held Him up amidst the attributes, in all his perfection and beauty of holiness. He had promised them God's enduring favor and protection on earth, and their final reward or happiness in Heaven. Yet there was mutiny in the camp. They murmured, complained, repented that they had started on their journey, and loudly clamored to return to the bondage and "flesh-pots of Egypt." Something yet remained to be done to restore order and give confidence. Amidst the thunders of Sinai another revelation was made, and another law was given. What was that revelation? What was that law? That the land of Canaan should be divided among the Israelites, that they should *indivitually* own it, and that "the land should not be sold forever."—[Leviticus, chapter 25, verse 23.]

This produced the desired effect. Discontent, murmurings, and longings after the "flesh-pots of Egypt" ceased, and in their stead they had patience, fortitude, and endurance to the end of their journey, thus proving, Mr. President, that men will do more and suffer more for the promise and possession of lands, than for the love or the fear of God. It may well be doubted whether anything could have induced that people to perform that journey, undergoing its fatigues, privations, and wretchedness, but this promise that they should own the land, and that it should not be sold forever.

Thirty-eight years after that promise was made and that law was given, that is, one thousand four hundred a fifty-two years before Christ, when Moses was about to take leave of and bid his followers farewell, he called them all together, and having set down all the names and heads of families, he said, "Unto these the land shall be divided for an inheritance according to the number of names."—[Numbers, chapter 26, verse 53.] At this time and place Moses delivered his farewell address and gave to the Jews a secular form of government; both of which will be found in the fourth book of the Antiquities of the Jews, by Josephus. And if this address is not the original of, or the model from which Washington formed his immortal address to his countrymen, it will well repay the curious for the labor of reading it to see how similar they are in many respects, an satisfy all that Washington had a predecessor.

This great Hebrew law-giver, in the most impressive manner, enjoined upon his followers the observance of his policy and laws; and promised them that so long as they maintained and observed this policy and these laws, they should be prosperous, happy, and prevail over their enemies.

Eight years later, that is, one thousand four hundred and forty-four years before Christ, Joshua having exterminated the ancient Canaanites, and fully possessed their country, divided the lands among the families as had been commanded by Moses; thus consummating the promise that had been made to the Jews more than forty years before, and for the accomplishment of which they had borne, with unparalleled patience and fortitude, indescribable privation and sufferings.

Thus had the Jews, under the stimulant of a promise that they should be the owners of lands, performed this journey, expelled and exterminated a more numerous and powerful nation than themselves with "cities great and fenced up to heaven."—[Deuteronomy, chapter, 9, verse 1.

Mr. President, so long as this people kept these laws and observed this policy, they constantly progressed in power and greatness, and bid defiance to all the surrounding barbarous nations, though many times more numerous and powerful than they. But so soon as they ceased to observe this policy and these laws, and allowed their lands to be absorbed by the few, (the common soldier having nothing to fight for,) they become a prey to surrounding nations, their homes were desolated, and their people became captives in foreign lands.

I call the history of Sparta to the notice of Senators. For many years the Spartans had been distracted and overcome by their enemies in every engagement, and reduced to abject weakness, till "Lycurgus, eight hundred and eighty-four years before Christ, destroyed all distinctions; and by making an equal division, of the *land* of *Laconia* among the members of the Commonwealth, be banished luxury and encouraged the useful arts." Luxury was banished, and the useful arts were encouraged by the division of the *lands*. But this was not rll; from that time the Spartans were united in a warm, *burning, glowing*, and ardent patriotism, and never met or suffered a verse in war till the battle of Leuctra—a period of five hundred and twelve years. Here, then, may be seen in bold relieve the direct effects and advantages of the ownership of lands by the mass of the people. Nor did this defeat happen till they had, in substance, abandoned the laws of Lycurgus. In my deliberate judgment $1,000,000 thus appropriated is worth more than $100,000,000 expended in fortifications and standing armies.

An instance in the history of Rome may be referred to.

After all the lands and wealth of that mighty empire had been absorbed into the hands of a few aristocratic *patricians*, enervated and effeminated by excessive luxury, idlenes, anddebauchery, and the *plebeians* were reduced to beggary and almost to starvation; and after the failure of the Gracchi and others to divide the *lands* among the masses, Rome was threatened, yes, was actually involved in war, and her very citadel reduced imminent danger, and out of her immense population she could not raise troops to defend herself. *Then the patricians* appealed to the oppressed *plebeains to rise, take arms*, and defend their country; but the plebeians' reply was: *we* have no country. Why should *we* shed *our* blood and give *our* lives for Rome when she gives *us* only misery and degradation?"

Here, Mr. President, is a glaring instance of national weakness from national injustice—frow the want of coupling patriotism with an interest. If the lands had been divided among the masses, Rome would never have wanted soldiers or defenders.

Mr. President, the Egyptian and his laws have disappeared. The Jews forsook the law that was given them admidst the reverberations of the thunders of Sinui, and fell. The Spartans suffered their lands to be absorbed by the few, and they were swept from the face of the earth. Rome pursued her course of oppression to the toiling masses, and nothing remains of her former greatness and grandeur but her decayed and decaying monumedts, statues, and temples!

Mr. President, like causes will produce like effects. With what a wurning voice do these historic reminiscences come to us? They are suggestive of words that would fill large volumes; but I will not enlarge or detain the Senate. Let us take heed and avoid the rock on which they split, by an early division of our public lands among those who will occupy and cultivate them; and thus you will avoid the answere of the plebeains to the patricians of Rome, and at all times have an army willing and efficient in time of need. Give to the country an army of land owners and cultivators, and we may successfully bid defiance to the world in arms.

We have vast unoccupied and uncultivated tracts of lands, and they must remain so for long years to come, unless we adopt this policy; and, as the lands are so for long years to come, unless we adopt this policy; and, as the lands are no longer needed as a source of revenue to the Government, let us make this wise disposition of them that has proved so advantageous to other countries.

And now, Mr. President, if I have not and cannot convince the judgments of Senators that this is a wise, prudent, and statesmanlike policy, let me appeal to their pity, jus ice, and humanity; and oh, that I had a thousand eloquent tongues to make that appeal with. Pass this bill, and hear the prayers and blessing of millions of honest hearts ascend to Heaven in your behalf.

Is there a Senator here who, if in his declining years should one man surrounded by a family of children, who, by the operation of this bill, had been raised from poverty, want and wretchedness to comfort, prosperity and happiness, would not feel fully rewarded, and in his heart thank God that he had been instrumental in producing so happy a result, and that he had voted for so benign a law? Justice requires what wisdom dictates. Let it be done.

Methodist Church Case.—We understand that the opinion of the Supreme Court in this case was delivered by Mr. Justice Nelson yesterday, and that the decision is upon all points in favor of the Church South. We further understand that this decision not only astablishes the right of the Church South to a proportionate share of the common funds and property, but also declares the division of the church to be a valid act, and that the two divisions North and South are equally legitimate. It may not be improper to state, in addition, that Judge McLean did not sit in this case.—*National Intelligencer, April 26.*

A Quick Trip.—We have been shown a letter to a gentleman of this city, from a passenger on the steamer Arabia, which conveys a practical idea of the rapidity of a voyage across the Atlantic. The letter is as follows:

Friday, April 7, 10 o'clock A. M. }
Off Cape Clear, 280 miles from Liverpool. }

My Dear———:—We shall arived at Liverpool to morrow morning at 8½ o'clock, in time to mail a letter by the the steamer in 9 days 15½ hours from Boston! and have been less than 7 days from a sight of land. I expect to leave Liverpool to morrow morning in time to meet the evening mail train from London, which will take me to Paris at 8 o'clock, Sunday morning.

Ten days and fifteen hours from Boston to Paris, stopping at Halifax, Liverpool, London, Dover and Calais! Take a note of that, it's worth recording.

A gentle southwest breeze *all the way* across the Atlantic, and a smooth sea has done that feat. We had very cold weather to the Banks, and met a great many icebergs last Sunday, but encountered only one field of broken ice, which we got through going half speed, with only a little damage to the buckets of our paddle wheels.

POETRY.

BIRDS IN SUMMER.

BY MARY HOWITT.

How pleasant the life of a bird must be,
Flitting about each leafy tree,
In the leafy trees, so broad and tall,
Like a green and beautiful palace-hall,
With its airy chambers, light and boon,
That open to the sun. and stars, and moon,
That open unto the bright blue sky,
And the frolicsome wind, as they wander by.

They have left their nests in the forest bough;
Those homes of delight they need not now;
And the young and the old they wander out,
And traverse their green world round about;
And hark! at the top of this leafy hall,
How one to the other they lovingly call;
"Come up, come up!" they seem to say,
"Where the topmost twigs in the breezes sway!

"Come up, come up, for the world is fair,
Where the merry leaves dance in the summer air!"
And the birds below give back the cry,
"We come, we come, to the branches high!"
How pleasant the life of a bird must be,
Flitting about in a leafy tree;
And away through the air what joy to go,
And to look on the bright green earth below.

How pleasant the life of a bird must be,
Skimming about in the breezy sea,
Cresting the billows like silvery foam,
And then wheeling away to its cliff-built home!
What joy it must be to sail, upborne,
By a strong free wing, through the rosy morn,
To meet the young sun face to face,
And pierce like a shaft the boundless space!
How pleasant the life of a bird must be,
Wherever he listeth, there to flee;
To go when a joyful fancy calls,
Dashing adown 'mong the waterfalls,
Then wheeling about with its mates at play,
Above and below, and among the spray,
Hither and thither, with screams as wild,
As the laughing mirth of a rosy child!

What joy it must be, like a living breeze,
To flutter about 'mong the flowering trees;
Lightly to soar, and to see beneath
The wastes of the blossoming purple heath,
And the yellow furze, like fields of gold,
That gladden some fairy regions old!
On mountain tops, on the billowy sea,
On the leafy stems of the forest tree,
How pleasant the life of a bird must be!

Ludicrous Mistake.—A Frenchman, newly arrived in London, impatient to see the town, but fearful of not finding his way back to the hotel carefully copied upon a card the name painted upon the wall at the corner of the street in which it was situated. This done, he left himself safe, and set out for a ramble, much upon the principle vulgorly known as "following one's nose."—The whole day long he strolled and stared to his heart's content; wearied at last he jumped into a cab and with the easy, confident air of a man who felt at home, he read from the card he had prudently preserved the name of the street he dwelt in. The cabman grinned horribly. "This English pronunciation is sadley difficult," said the Frenchman to himself: "he does not understand me." And he placed the card before the man's eyes. Cabby grinned more than ever, gazed in his pockets, and roaring with laughter.

Indignation an the part of the foreigner, he appealed to the passers-by, who gravely listened to him at first, but upon beholding his card, joined one and all in chorus with the coachman.—The Frenchman now got furiouse, swore, stamped, gesticulated like a cadidate for Bedlam. He went so far as to threaten the laughters; a crowd assembled; everybody sympathized with him till they learned the circumstances of the case, when they joined in the infectious hilarity. Up came the police—those guardian angels of bewildered foreigners in London's labyrinth. The aggrived Goul felt sure of sympathy, succor, and revenge. He was never more mistaken.

The gentlemen in blue roared like the rest.—They evidently could not help it. Compunction mingled with their mirth, but they nevertheless guffawed exceedingly. To what exceeded it is impossible to say had not a gentleman acquainted with his language appeared upon the scene.—He, too, laughed violently on beholding the card; and when he had spoken a few words to the Frenchman, the Frenchman laughed likewise, which was a signal for a recommencement of the general hilarity. The address, so cafefully copied by the foreigner at the corner of his street, was the following: "Commit no nuisance."—*Blackwood.*

What is Aristocracy?—In reply to this question, Gen. Foy a distinguished orator in the French Chambers, gave the following answer:—"Aristocracy in the 19th century, is the league, the condition of those who would consume without producing, live without working, know without learning anything, carry all honors without deserving, occupying all the places of government without being able to fill them."

An Ineligible Suitor.—An old soldier, with only one arm, being reduced to mendicancy to obtain a livelihood, made acquaintance with a brother beggar, who hadd grown rich by the craft. "I should be happy said the soldier, to ally myself with so distinguished a member of the profession: you shall give me your daughter; Hold! my dear sir; returned the warm old gentleman, "you cannot think of such a thing. She must have a better match than you will make.—You are not half lame enough. My son-in-law most be a miserable looking object." Do you think then that you will find one worse off than I am?" "To be sure, why, you have only lost an arm; and ought to be absolutely ashamed of yourself to think that I will give you my daughter. I would have you to know, that I have already refused a fellow without legs, and who goes about the city in a bowl."

A Fine Old Irish Gentleman—"One of the Real Old Stock."—The Dubline Freeman says; Owen Duffey of Monaghan county is 122 years old.—When 116 he lost his second wife, and subsequently married a third, by whom he had a son and daughter. His youngest son is two years old, his eldest ninety. He still retains in much vigor ois metal and corpereal faculties, and frequently walks to the county town, a distance of eight miles.

A Timely Reconciliation.—"Charley Napier" as they call tee rough old seadog, who goes East with the British fleet, has been living seperate from his wife for some time. The day before he sailed from Portsmouth, they met in the street, (Lady N. had come down to see him,) and "Old Charley" kissed her before all the bystanders, tucked her arm under his ewn, and marched her off to his inn in triumph.

Generosity Rewarded.—A lady belonging in New Orleans, travelling recently on the New York and Erie Railroud, with her servant and one or two children. Upon arriving at Dunkirk, she found by some mishap or oversight, she was destitute of the necessary funds to enable her to reach home. She was entirely without acquaintances, and her distress was extreme, when the circumstance becoming known to an engineer on the train, feeling assured it was no case of imposture, he advanced to her, from his own hard earnings, the required amount. A few days since he received a package by express, from the South, opening which, he found a letter of thanks from the lady's husband, containing the money he had loaned, and accompanied by a beautiful and valuable gold watch. The circumstance reflects honor upon all the parties concerned.

As a practical conclusion, I would say to every man, who would deserve well of his country, play! play more—patronise, encourage play! Why should bowling all eyes and cricket-clebs be given up to fast men?", Why should rowing matches and yacht races, fencing bouts and boxing lessons, fishing and shooting, be any more the privellege of "the world," than the church? Why should not respectable, moral, religious people join any, or all of these as they fancy, and invigorate their bodies and cheer the mind? Do not let us grow old and dyspeptic, because we are growing more relious. Let there be something of healthful boyhood in us always! No sports, but what are pure, humane and moral in tone; but where there are such, let no notion of asceticism, or false dignity restrain us! Of course each one will have his favourits amusement; whatever it be, let him remember it ie nearly as important for his health of mind as his regular work. For my part, as a "brother of the angle," I must recommend the "gentle art." Those cheery mountain walks, the clear dashing brooks, the air, the light, the easy occupation, which always absorbs just enough to let the full, almost unconscious enjoyment of scenery pour into the heart. It makes one a boy again to remember!

Disappearance.—Three or four weeks since Charles Kurtz and a Mr. Haiser, both Germans, of this city, left here for Detroit with a drove of cattle. Some ten days afterwards Haiser returned, bringing Kurtz's carpet sack, and reported that K. had gone to Buffalo. Since this time, nothing has been heard of him, and his family are in deep distress—torturned by a thousand surmises as to his late. The statements of Haiser are very confused and contradictory. Kurtz was one of our steadiest and most respectable German citizens. Detroit and Buffalo papers will please call attention to these circumstance.—*Lafayette Journal, 6th.*

Demonstrated to a Moral Certainty.—Conductor Price informs us of an accident which took place on the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad, a day or two since. As his train was about turning a curve, the engineer observed a man walking on the side of the track, and near enogh to be struck by the locomotive. He immediately sounded the alarm—reversed the engine, and put down the brakes.—Though the pedestrain evidently heard the alarm, he kept a srtaightforward course, and the engineer being unbale to stop in time, the locomotive struck the man and knocked him down a high embankment.

As soon as it was safe to jump from the train, Conductor Price ran to the man's assistance, and found him scrambling up the embankment.

"Are you much hurt?" asked Price.

"No," replied the man, "it will take something else than a locomotive to kill me. You see I have been used to walking on the Little Miamitrack, and could guess the range of the cars to an inch; but I have *demonstrated to a moral certainty that your cars are just about 18 inches wider!"*

The Conductor stopped to hear no more.—*Cincinnati Times.*

A Legal Anecdote.—The following anecdote use to be realated by the Hon. Jeremiah Mason, of New Hampshire, and it is said to have accured at Portsmouth:

There is a well known custom prevailing in our criminal courts, assigning counsel to such prisoners as have no one to defend them. On one occasion, the court finding a man accused of theft, and without counsel said to a wag of a lawyer, who was present—" Mr.——— please withdraw with the prisoner, confer with him, and give him such counsel as may be best for his interests." The lawyer and client withdrew, and in fifteen minutes the lawyer returned into court alone. "Where is the prisoner!" asked the court.

"He has gone; your honor told me to give him the best advice I could for his interests; and, as he said was guilty, I thought the best advice I could offer him was to cut and run which he took at once."

A beautiful Jewess attended a party in Philadelphia, where she was exceedingle annoyed by an impettinent, vulgar fellow. "And you never eat pork Miss M.!" said he tauntingly. "Never sir," was the reply. "Nor use lard lawps?" continued her persecutor. "No, sir," she anwered, our religion teaches us to avoid everything swinish physically and morally; therefore you will excuse me for destining to have any more words with you."

An Abandoned Child and Cruel Moher.—A Mrs. Delaney, who had lived near Warsaw, Ind., since January last, made her appearance at Rochester with an infant daughter. The Flag says of her:

She represented herself as a native of Connecticut, and that her husband was in California.—She appeared to be a lady of refined manners good education. On Sunday April 28, a gentleman calling himself Lane arrived from the North, and representing himself as Mrs. Delaney's brother. On the same day, immediately after dinner, they sent a heavy trunk by private conveyance to Lessburg. They followed in the afternoon, in Mr. Lane's private carriage, taking the infant with them, arrived at Lessburg about 3 o'clock on Monday morning without the child.

We learn from a private source that on the same morning, (Monday) a little child, corresponding in age and sex with the above alluded to, was found in the barn of Mr. M'Coy, a few miles south of Warsaw. With the child was left a letter, requesting that the child might be cared for, and a pillow case filled with costly and fashionable clothing for the use of the forsaken.

Said once a purse proud rich man, just getting into a carriage, with his wife and daughters flaunting in velvet and furs, to a poor laborer, who was shoveling coal into his vault:

"Joe if you had not drank rum, you might now have been riding in my carriage for nothing else could have prevented a man for your education and opportunities for making money."

"True enough," was the reply, "and if you had not sold rum and tempted me and others to drink and become drunkards, you might now have been my driver, for rumselling was the only business by which you ever made a dollar in your life"—*Phil. Register.*

New way of Paying a Hotel Bill.—Yesterday a woman arrived it this city, and put up at the Kingsburg House, who remained over night. In the morning nothing was seen or heard of her at breakfast or elsewhere, and after waiting a resonable time, the landlord proceeded to her room, and there discovered, not the woman, but a child about two weeks old, nicely covered up in the bed. A note was also found from the mother, requesting that the child might be well taken care of, and also intimating that thoughts of suicide were in her mind. We have learned what disposition has been made of the child.—*Toledo Press.*

John J. Crittenden.—The Pittsburgh Gazette, in speaking of this gentleman in connection with the Ward trial, says:

He has lost the respect and confidence of the people. He has destroyed his great influence. His name can never be mentioned without bringing up the memory of the murdered Butler, and the escape of his slayer through his valuntary instrumentality. He has disgraced Kentucky, and is no longer worthy to represent her. No man in the South, among the Whigs, stood a fairer chance for the Presidency than he did. He was spoken of at the North with great favor for that office. Now he could not carry one Northern State [illegible]

From the Washington Union

The Paris Presse of to-day contains a very remarkable letter from Constantinople, which throws a great deal of light on the real authorship of the Greek insurrection. It will be remembered that, some time ago, an Austrian baron, Oelsner, was arrested at Widdin, together with several Greek priests, suspected of conspiring against the Sultan's authority, and of a very active propaganda in favor of Russia. He was brought to Constantinople and kept a prisoner.—It appears, however, that he found means to keep up a communication with the headquarters of General Gortschakoff, and to continue his propagandist machinations in the very capitol of Turkey. Unfortunately for his plans, he communicated them to a surgeon in Turkish service, a Greek, named Aska, who he hoped to draw into the conspirace. Aska feigned to enter into his propositions, elicited the secret of Oelsner's agency and correspondence with Prince Gortschakoff, of which he informed Mr. Palamari, the chief of the Turkish detective police. Oelsner's movements were watched, and one of his letters seized upon the person of a Mr. Kaschiskz, an Austrian Sclavonian and ~~agent of Russia~~. From this letter; and other discoveries, it appeared that Oelsner was in communication with the captain of a Greek merchant-ship, a certain Constantinos, and that, according to agreement with the latter, forty Greek vessels were to arrive at a certain day, laden with arms and ammunition, when a general rising of the Greek population of the Turkish capital was to take place. The plan had the sanction of Mr. Metazas, the Greek ambassador at the Porte. The sudden expulsion of the Greek minister and population was the result of this discovery. Now, when we remember that these circumstances were known to Lord J. Russell, it is somewhat surprising that he did not avail himself of them for stopping the mouth of the imperial "apologist" in a more conclusive manner.

The English government hav sent to Turkey since February, 830 officers, 21,119 men, and 2,259 horses, 2,300 tons of provision and commissariat stores, and 8,300 tons of ordnance stores, for which puposo wer used 93 transports, 27 steamers, and 76 sailing vesels. Seventy of these sailing vesseis were used for the transport of horses. He was confident that never in any period of our history had such an operation been executed in so short a space. The admiralty has come to the decision that steam is not generally ablicable to the conveyance of horses.

Portentous Rumor.—The New York Times professes to have private reliable information from Europe, which says that "the powers that be" n Great Britian and France do not rely upon Austria of Prussia, and that a democratic revolution in both this countries must ensue, or grow out of the present war. It represents Lord Palmerstor to have said to the Hungarian exile:

"I wish that the Czar may succeed in gaining over, the sooner the better, both Prussia and Austria. We should be much stronger *without* this German alliance than we shall be *with it*. The The best you can do at present is to keep prefectly quiet. Austria *approaches* the scence of the war. She *must* soon take a part. Then, but then only, you may, if you should think it advisable, do something. It is not impossible that you may even be called upon to do so. But ance more I tell you, *ne bougez pas*, for the time being. Your country's cause might be retarded for an an indefinite period, should you be too hasty on the present occasion."

Russian Treaty with Japan.—A letter from Malta, of April 9, says: "By the India mail the news came via Ceylon, that the Russians have signed a commercial treaty with Japan, which throws open the trade of that country The Americans, it would appear, have not been very honotably treated by the Russian squadron in those seas, who rather clevery succeeded in getting the treaty which in *all* justice is due to the Americans, and this after they had been lent coals, &c., by the Americans in China. If it had not been for this kind on the Americans' part, it is doubtful if the Russians could haue got so early to Japan"

☞ We learn that a public meeting is in contemplation of the citizens of this city to consider the propriety of requesting the County Board of Agriculture to withdraw its invitation to Gov. Crittend, of Ky., to make the annual address at the County Fair, to be held at North North Madison in September next.—*Madison Courier*

Breaking Heifers.—Eds. O. Cultivator:—Thinking that some of the readers of the *Cultivator* may have heifers to break in the spring. I will briefly give my practice in the business:

Have a good, substantial pen, or small yard that no caeature can jump; then gently get her, with the calf, into the yard; then follow her around, until she will let you put your hand on her; scratch he gently, avoid making quickmotions, then try to get hold of her teats; if she kicks, *hold your temper*; don't strike her, if you value the comfort of milking a gentle cow. Continue working with her thus, until she stands; then leave her for an hour or two, go again, work with her, gently in this manner three or four times a day. As soon as she will stand still, take the calf entirely away and raise it by hand. Remember, *never strike a heifer*; but follow this plan, and you will have quiet cows.

Brookfield, Ohio. E. Green.

Home Made Guano.—The Following is from a communication to the N. E. "Farmer;" it will be useful to many of our agricultural readers:—

"Some years ago I thought I would try my luck in keeping a few hens. The house I keep them in is a rough concern. I put some crotches into the ground, boarded up outside and inside, then filled in by sawdust to make it warm. It is well lighted with glass windows, and well ventillated, and a small stream of water runs through it. The roosts will accommodate about a hundred hens, that being the number I usually keep. Under the roost I throw three or four ox-cart loads of dry muck, chip dirt, &c., which I haul over two or three times a week with my manure hook. I bury their grain in it, and make them for a living, which gives them exercise in cold weather. In the spring, I have a fine heap of home made guano. If there is anything imported that is better to make our crops grow, I am mistaken."

A Valuable Table.—The State Superintendent of weights and Measures in New York, has compiled the following table, which may be of use to those who will take the trouble to preserve it.—The measurements are internal, and intended to be *even:*

A box 30 inches long, 22 2-5 inches wide, and 16 inches deep, will contain a barrel, 5 bushe's.

A box 24 inches long, 16 inches wide, and 14 inches deep, will contain half a barrel 2½ bushels.

A box 21 inches long, 12 4-5 inches wide, and 8 inches deep; or 14 inches long, 12 4-5 inches wide and 12 inches deep, will contain a bushel.

A box 12 inches long 11 1-5 inches wide, and 8 inches deep, will contain half a bushel.

A box 12 4-5 inches long, and 6 inches deep; or 8 2-5 inches long, 8 inches wide, and 8 inches deep, will contain one peck.

A box 8 inches long, 8 inches wide, and 4 1-5 inches deep will contain one gallon.

A box 8 inches long, 4 1-5 inches wide, and 4 inches deep, will contain half a gallon.

A box 4 1-5 inches long, 4 inches wide, and 4 inches deep, will contain one quart. [illegible]

Fort Wayne Sentinel.

SATURDAY, MAY 27, 1854.

☞ The Editor is absent this week.

Now is the time to Subscribe.

This is a time when every man ought to take a newspaper. Startling events are on the eve of taking place in Europe, and the news from that region will be sought with avidity. An important election takes place in this state in the fall,—a fierce struggle may be expected between the democracy and the odds and ends of all factions, which are to be allied together in opposition.

To place the Sentinel within the reach of all, we propose to make the following reductions to clubs:

Five copies, and one to the person getting up the club' for $7. 50; Ten copies, and one do. for $12,50

Payment in all cases to be made in advance.

We design, during the summer, to enlarge the Sentinel, increasing our reading matter at least one-third, making it equal in size to any paper in the state, and no pains will be spared to render it worthy an extended patronage. We count upon the aid of our friends to sustain us in this erduction, and assist in extending our circulation

Clinton Line Railroad.

Fort Wayne Lacon & Platte Valley Airline R.R.

In our last number we showed the connection of seven links of Railroad which form together a great trunk line leading directly West, from New York to Nebraska, through Fort Wayne.

From the reports of the Chief Engineers W. B. Brinsmade, Esq., of the Clinton Line, and Col. S. R. Curtis, of the Airline, we compile the entire distance by this great trunk as follows:

From New York to Hudson, Ohio,	504	miles
From Hudson to Fort Wayne,	196	"
From Fort Wayne to Council Bluffs,	580	"
Total distance from N. Y. to Council Bluffs,	1280	"

Council Bluffs City is situated in Iowa, nearly opposite the confluence of the Great Platte river and the Missouri. It has been for many years the rendez-rous of the Mormons and California emigrants, who, from this point, take their way up the Platte by Fort Laramie & Great Salt Lake Valley to the Pacific. Opposite to Council Bluffs City, the ground in Nebraska rises gently for about four miles, and the "Frontier Ranges" have already staked off their equipment so as to take full possession the moment the Omahos comply with their recent treaty, by vacating the region of the Missouri and the Platte.

The Platte River is the great river of Nebraska, and to that Valley, emigration will for years concentrate, not only to fill up the fertile country of Western Iowa and Nebraska, but for further extensions of settlements on the emigrant route to California. New York, Fort Wayne, Council Bluffs, Salt Lake City and San Francisco are (with due respect to our friends along the line) the great points on this great national trunk line, when fully and finally developed.

But in making New York City the prominent head of this great trunk line, we do not desire to disparage other easy and direct connections which this line will have with other Atlantic Cities; and, first in position, we will therefor consider the connection with the City of Boston.

By the Clinton Line R. R. and Fort Wayne, Lacon and Platte Valley trunk line, the City of Boston may secure "the nearest and best route" to the far west. The links in the great Chain from Boston are as follows:

1 Boston to Albany!
2 N York & Albany & Susquehannah R.R.
3 Corning and Olean R.R.
4 Meadville R. R. of P. & E.
5 Clinton Line & Clinton Line Extension.
6 Tiffin & Fort Wayne.
7 Fort Wayne Lacon & Platte Valley Airline.

By these seven links the great Boston chain to Nebraska is complete; and important points on this route, and their distances, are thus stated.

Boston to Albany,	200	miles
Albany to Hudson.	480	"
Hudson to Fort Wayne,	196	"
Fort Wayne to Council Bluffs,	580	"
Total dist. from Boston to Nebraska	1456	"

The City of Boston therefor, as well as the City of New York, is certain to receive an addition to her supplies by this great trunk line now in progress of construction.

What has the great City of New England to say for this great artery which is destined at no distant day to connect her, by a direct route, with the richest portion of Illinois, Iowa, and Nebraska? Has the press of Boston perceived the direct and intimate connection of this line with the emigrant route to the Platte Valley—the best really known for a great Pacific road. All New England should desire the early construction of this line, and others, which will develope the latent resources of the great prairies of the west, and secure to her railroads and cities a vast accession to their business and wealth. Your citizens are engaged in business everywhere, and your arms should extend to every part of this Republic to aid them in their return with their accumulated wealth.

Has Boston a road to Nebraska, and does New England desire to share the toil and advantages of this great national trunk, uniting the East and West? We send greeting, the voice of the West to "the Old Bay State."

Lands to aid the Construction of the Airline Railroad.—By a letter from our worthy Representative, Hon. E. M. Chamberlain, we are informed that there is every prospect of getting land to aid this great western extension.

The Fort Wayne, Lacon, & Platte Valley Railroad is organized in three, and is united in interest with several States. If Congress could give a little assistance, this work would soon be accomplished; and certainly there cannot be a more meritorious request made for national aid in railroad constructions. This claim is more deserving of Congressional favors, because it unites interests that are inside and outside of the unsold land districts, and thus seems to fairly distribute the advantages arising from the donation. We hope soon to hear further success in the progress of this appropriation of land.

THE GIBSON FAMILY.—This well known and popular Company of Vocalists will appear before a Fort Wayne audience, for the first time, on Monday evening next, at Colerick's Hall.

The simple announcement is sufficient to fill the house, for wherever they have been, they are universally liked. Give them a full house.

Omaho City.—We are informed, by the Western Bugle, that the new city in Nebraska, opposite Council Bluffs, is to be called "Omaho City," after the nation of Indians that have recently ceded the Platte River country to the whites. The Missouri is said to be about one thousand feet wide at this point, and the ground on the Nebraska side is exceedingly favorable for a town.

The city of Council Bluffs on the east, and Omaho city on the west bank of the Missouri, would thus be opposite and in sight of each other. There is no better crossing within hundredths of miles, and a good steam ferry has already been established at this point. Our railroad projects unite our interests with the prosperity of these cities of the Far West, and we will rejoice in their future prosperity.

Brazilian Pebble Spectacles.—Mr. Semmons Jr., of the firm Semmons & Son, has been in town since last Monday, supplying our citizens with the above celebrated Spectacles.

The superiority of their glasses consists, as shown by certificates of David Dall Owen, Esq., U. S. Geologist, and some of the most prominent citizens in this State, in their being made from the well known stone "Brazilian Pebble." They are not liable to be scratched or broken, and are very cold to the eye, which has a tendency to strenghten vision.

There are many who sells glasses, but few who understand their effect on the eye, and as these gentlemen have been studying in the English Eye Infirmeries, and long practiced as opticians, they know what is suitable for sight and what is not. This (Saturday) is the last day of their remaining in this city, and we would recommend all those in want of these unrivalled glasses to call immediately at their rooms, in the Hedekin House.

We have been informed by YANKEE ROBINSON that he will represent this evening the great work of Mrs. Stowe, entitled Uncle Tome's Cabin, as played by his troupe over 75 nights, embracing the entire work, from Shelbys' plantation to the death of Uncle Tom.

Then will be a select entertainment this P. M. for the express purpose of Every Ladie's, Families and Children.

Ohio & Indiana and Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad Companies.

Some weeks since we took occasion to speak of the great importance of these connections of the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad, to Pittsburgh and Philadelphia, and to intimate that the advantages to be expected from them were likely to be snatched from use by the financial difficulties of those companies inducing them to enter into a close alliance with Cleveland and New York interests, which stood ready to advance the money to relieve their necessities on certain conditions inimical to our interests. At the same time we earnestly enforced upon the officers of our Eastern and Western roads the immense importance of preserving this direct line to Chicago in a condition to enable it to fulfil the object of its original conception. Since then, H. HAUPT. Esq. Chief Engineer of the Pennsylvania Railroad, has officially visited Fort Wayne and Chicago, on behalf of his Company, and has made an elaborate report, setting forth the present condition of those companies, both as to finance, resources and construction, and their immense importance to Pittsburgh and Philadelphia, and concludes with the following recommendation:

"To secure these advantages, our action must be prompt, energetic, decisive. We have seen that New York is keenly alive to her interest, and stands ready to advance immediately the capital required to finish the whole line between Crestline and Chicago, on condition that the Companies owning these roads will connect their trains with those of the Lake Shore Road east of Cleveland. A million of dollars is necessary to complete these improvements, which can be secured by a loan of credit. We are asked to endorse the bonds of Companies that can scarcely fail to pay more than 15 per cent. dividends, one year after the completion of their roads. The alternative is presented, either to render the assistance asked, or for ever part with the controlling influence in this line that is now offered us. *I believe that no other line of roads can compare in importance to Philadelphia with that which now solicits our aid,* and although assistance to western roads is in many cases of very doubtful expediency, I have no hesitation in recommending an endorsement of the bonds of the Ohio and Indiana and the Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad Companies, by the Ohio and Pennsylvania, and Pennsylvania Railroad Companies, on condition that a contract shall be entered into such a character as will effectually protect our interests."

We are glad to learn, that in accordance with this recommendation, the Directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad have agreed to recommend the assistance necessary to the favorable consideration of a meeting of the Stockholders to be held some day this month. A Committee of the Board of Directors passed throught this city yesterday, on their way to examine more fully into the condition and importance of these roads, who will return in time to report before the meeting of the Stockholders.

We most heartily endorse the recommendation of Mr. Haupt, which we know has the approval of the whole Board of directors of the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad, and of Solomon W. Roberts, the Chief Engineer of that company, than whom there are few men so well prepared to judge in the premises and on whose opinion most confident reliance can be placed. The Pennsylvania, and the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroads, cannot do a wiser act than to endorse the bonds of the two companies which form a west link in the great line to Chicago, to the amount required to finish them, and to recure them to the interest of the Pennsylvania route.—*Pittsburgh Gazette.*

Circumstances alter Cases.—In Marion county where the Democracy are in the majority and can triumph if united our Whig friends are exceeding anxiaus to discard national polities and run a ticked on the Main law issue. Prohibition, in this and all other counties is to be the watchword.

In Wayne county, the Gibraltar of Whiggery in Indiana, the old party lines are to be drawn. The Temperance ticket, because it is not all Whig, is not go. There Whiggery and Anti-Nebraska is to be the issue. Temperance is a great moral question, and should not interfere with Whig polities. It may be used as a convenient and potent weapon to defeat the Democracy in Democratic counties. The Richmond Palladium edited by David P. Holloway, one of the great Sachems of the Temperance cause, contains a flaming call for a Whig Convention to be held at Centreville on the 20th inst. The call concludes as follows:

"At the next session of the Legislature, a Senator is to be elected. The present incumbent is in favor of the Nebraska bill. Old Wayne may defeat him and put in his place a man who will have some respect for the honor of his country and the will of his constituents. Then come up to the meeting on the 20th inst."

Democrats, when whigs come honeying around you with their palaler about no party, remember this!—*Sentinel.*

☞ Speaking of the Nebraska bill, the Indiana Journal says:

It is true that the monster, like Virgil's, will have lost its eye, in the abandonment of Clayton's amendment.

The loss of an eye, or two won't incommode the "monster" much. On the last vote in the House he was shown to have a hundred and odd ayes.—*New Albany Ledger.*

SOUTH HANOVER, May 1854.

The citizens of Hanover and vicinity, have ingmet to express their sentiments in relation to the atroious murder of P. of. W. H. G. Butler and the sham and acquittal of Matt, F. Ward, the murderer, Hon. Judge Dunn was called to the chair, E. H. Rutherford appointed vice president, and A. W. Latimore secretary.

The committee on resolutions, consisting of Prof. Thomson, Charles Lee, David Brown, Rev. T. S. Crowe, and Rev. John Finley Crowe, reported the following, which were unanimously adopted;

Resolved, That we have leorned the result of the trial with profound astonishment, being satisfied, from the published evidence in the case, that murder was never committed under less provocation or circumstance more deeply aggravating the criminnality of the act.

Resolved, That the principles on which Matt. F. Ward was acquitted are subversive of all proper ends of government, and, if carried out, would expose to indiscriminate butchery those who do not at all times go prepared to take the execution of the law into their own hands.

Resolved, That those who, in their efforts in the defence, procured said result, though long held by us in high estimation for honor and statesmanship, have justly forfeited that estimation, having lent their high powers and influence to the promulgation of principles the more corrupting in their tendency and totally subversive of the well being of society.

Resolved, That in the death of Prof. Butler we have lost one endeared to us from childhood by all those characteristics which make youth lovly and inspire admiration for worth and talent; and that, in view of his varied and extensive acquisitions in learning, we feel that what is our loss is no less the loss of the whole community and of futureo generations.

Subsequently the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That we, a portion of the people of Jefferson county, are decidedly of the opinion that we can do without the services of Mr. J. J. Crittenden, of Ky., at our next county fair.

On motion the ceretary was ordered to furnish the editors of the Madison Banner and Courier, Louisville Democrat and Courier, and New Albany Tribune, each with a copy of the proceedings of this meeting, with a request for publication.

Whereupon the meeting adjourned.

WILLIAMSON DUNN, Ch'n.
A. W. LATTIMORE, Sec.

Airline Railroad.—Instructions at the R. R. office of this city, have just been received from the Chief Engineer, to proceed at once with the final survey from Lacon to the Central Railroad, and information to the effect that in some thirty days from the present time there will be a subletting for the grading, construction of culverts, bridges, &c., of said division: that the work is to be commenced in ten days thereafter, and made ready for the ties and rail in threemonths from the commencement.

By further advices from Washington, we learn that the matter of a donation of lands in aid of the road was to be regarded as no longer a question—that it will be granted.—*Illinois Gaz.*

Neutrality.

On the 18th instant, the Speaker laid before the House of Representatives copies of correspondences which has passed between this Government and the maritime powers of Europe, upon the rights of neutrals, and the rights claimed by belligerants in the pending war.

The first document is a letter from the British Minister, expressing the hope that the resolution agreed on by England and France not to authorize letters of marque, will be received with satisfaction by the United States Government; and that it will, in the spirit of reciprocity, give orders that no privateer in Russian colors shall be equipped, or victualled, or admitted with its prizes into the ports of the United States; and also, that the citizens of the United States shall rigorously abstain from taking any part in armaments of of this nature, or in any other measure opposed to the duties of a strict neutrality.

Mr. Marcy's reply expresses the gratification of his government at even the qualified sanction by the two powers of the free ships make free goods, and hopes it will henceforth become an established feature of international law. He proposes to unite with the other maritime powers in a declaration to that effect, and assures the British Minister that, will observing the strictest neutrality, his government will claim the fullest enjoyment of its rights.

Among the budget are letters to Mr. Marcy from the representatives of Denmark and Sweden, assuring him of the friendly dispositions of those powers.

The concluding paper of the series is a letter from Secretary Marcy to Mr. Seymour, our Minister to Russia, in which he states the determination of this government to pursue such a course during the present war, as will give no cause of complaint to either of the belligerents, and hopes they will give us no reason for dissatisfaction.—Mr. Marcy further expresses his belief that England and France are desirous to pursue a fair and liberal policy towards the United States; and suggests a convention between those powers, Russia and the United States, recognizing the rule that free ships make free goods, except contraband of war.

BUFFALO, May 19.

A severe gale has been blowing all the afternoon and fears are entertained for vessels that have left this port light. Several vessels are at anchor in the bay and quite a number have come in during the afternoon. About three o'clock a sail boat with two men and three boys was capsized in the bay about a mile from the beach. The accident was witnessed by several parties on the deck who were watching the vessels coming in and they immediately applied to Capt. Gager to go to the rescue with his steam tug. He forthwith started taking along a life boat and crew, and in a short time reached near the spot where the wreck floated. The men were clinging to the mast and every wave completely submergedthem. It was with difficulty the tug reached the wreck as she rolled and pitched losing nearly all her fuel and everything she had on deck. The life boat was finally lanched and five men started, twice they were driven past the wreck and near to the beach, at the third attempt they were successful in getting them off, boys and all.

CHARLESTON, (S. C.) May 13.—Advices have been received from Havana to the 8th instant, to the effect that the captain-general, Pezuela, has been advised from Spain that his contuct has been approved by the home government. The reported contract with England by Spain, by which the latter was to emancipate her slaves, is denied.

HARTFORD, (Ct.) May 13.—The Connecticut legislature have a proposition befor them for consideration to so ammend the constitution as to allow negroes the right of suffrage.

NOTICE.—The wife or children of Lewis C. Dennison a hatter by trade, and who died in Red River county, Texas, sometime in 1837 will hear of something to their advantage by informing me where they can be found. FRANK H. CLARK, Jefferson, Texas.

The Martha Washington Case.—The testimony for the prosecution of this easy closed after the admission of the statement of young Filley and the Kissane letter, and the examination of two new witnesses, one testifying that boxes were found on the wreck, which, then opened, contained only straw and rubbish. The testimony for the defence was being given at our latest dates from Helena. The indications are that some of the prisoners, at least will be held for trial.—*Cleve. Herald.*

The Ericsson Raised.—This vessel was raised on Thursday last week, and was towed to the Naval Dock at Brooklyn, for repairs. The damage sustained, it is said, will amount to about $50,000. The accounts of the daily papers of this City, respecting her late and unfortunate trial trip, are not to be trusted in any one particular—excepting that relating to her being capsized.

The Nebraska Bill Passed.

From the following telegraphic report of the proceedings of the House of Representatives—for which we are under obligations to the House line—it will be seen that the Nebraska-Kanzas bill was brought to a final test last night, and passed by a pretty close vote—113 to 100. The bill as passed, we believe, identical with the Senate bill, with the exception of the Clayton amendment to the latter. The bill must, therefore return to the Senate for concurrence in its new shape, and there is a possibility of a disagreement, as the clause in question was deemed essentical by some of the Southern Senators. It is probable, however, that the alteration will be promptly concurred in, as the proposition to strike out came from Mr. Richardson, the leader in the House of the friends of the bill, who was doubtles at the time aware of the precise strenght the ammentment would command in the Senate.—*Toledo Republican.*

WASHINGTON, May 22—*Midnight.*

HOUSE.—Various motions to adjourn were made and refected by the yeas nays.

Mr. Walsh raised a point of order that the rules of the House were for the purpose of facilitating, not retarding public bussiness; that the majority had acted with great forbearance and liberality, and that any farther extension of it would establish a precedent enabling a captious minority to control the legislation of the country.

Mr. Campbell objected to all arguments, and Mr. Walsh withdrew his point.

Mr. Washburn, of Me., moved to lay the bill on the table. Negatived yeas 92, nays 112.

The question recurring on seconding the demant for the previons question, another motion to adjourn was made and lost, amidst loud cries of "question! question!"

Mr. Campbell appealed to Mr. Richardson to withdraw his motion till he could make a suggestion. Mr. Richardson declined.

The demand for the previouse question was seconded, and the main question ordered to be put—yeas 117, nays 94.

At 8 o'clock another motion to adjourn failed

The question was taken on agreeing to the report from the committee striking out the enacting clause, and it was negatived, yeas 97, nays 117.

At 8½ o'clock, Mr. Richardson moved his substitute for the bill, being the same as the Senate's with the exception of Mr Clayton's amendment, and moved the previous question. Vociferous cries of "question, question!"

Mr. Dean moved for the reading of the substitute. The reading occupied an hour.

Mr. Edgerton raised a point of order, that as the substitute contained appropriations for salaries of Governer, &c., it must be first discussed in committee of the whole. The Speaker overruled the point, on the ground that the original bill had been discussed. The main question was ordered to be put—yeas 116, nays 90.

One o'clock A. M.—Mr. Richardson's substitute was taken up and agreed to, yeas 111, nays 95.

The question was stated to be an ordering the bill to be engrossed for a third reading, when Mr. Wilson moved to lay the bill on the table—negatived, yeas 100, nays 114.

At half past 10, Mr. Matteson made an unsuccessful motion to adjourn.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading—yeas 112, nays 99.

While this vote was being taken, Lord Elgin was holding a reception in the lobby, many members being introduced to him.

The bill was then read a third time.

At 11 o'clock the bill was passed by a vote of yeas 113, nays 100. Applause in the galleries and on the floor, accompanied by hissing, followed the announcement. The Speaker appealed for order.

Mr. Richardson hoped order would be preserved, and moved to reconsider the vote by which the bill was passed, and to lay that motion on the table.

Mr. Letcher moved that when the house adjourn to Wednesday next.

The Speaker decided the motion out of order. Mr. Letcher appealed. The Chair was sustained, yeas 99, nays 80.

Mr. Richardson's motion to recosider, and to lay that motion on the table, was agreed to, and at half past 11 o'clck the House adjourned.

CONGRESSIONAL.

WASHINGTON, May 16.

SENATE.—Bills were introduced, considered, and passed, to ascertain and adjust the titles to certain lands in the State of Indiana, and for the relief of Sylvester T. Jerauld.

Mr. Mallory submitted a resolution in relation to the policy of Spain with regard to the island of Cuba: which lies over.

The Senate resumed the consideration of the bill making grants of public lands to the several States of the Union for the benefit of indigent insane persons; and Mr. Butler spoke for upwards of an hour in support of the President's veto, and in reply to the former remarks of Mr. Badger.

Mr. Brown obtained the floor; but a motion was made to postpone the further consideration of the bill for the purpose of taking up the Indian appropriation bill; pending which, there being no quorum present, the Senate adjourned.

Mr. Mallory offered a resolution declaring the coursepursued by Spain, in reference to Cuba and the Black Warrior difficulty, grievous and affording just reasons to apprehend that her design is to carry out a policy calculated to renew and have reenacted the terrible scenes at St. Domingo.—Also, that it is detrimental to the interests and policy of the United States government.

The resolution lies over for future consideration.

Mr. Mallory also made an explanation, denying that the newspaper called the Shepherd of the Valley, from which Mr. Badger quoted yesterday was a Catholic Journal or organ. On the contary the Bishop of St. Louis had publicly repudiated it.

HOUSE.—After reading the journal of yesterday.

The Speaker stated that the first business in order was Bennett's Land Bill.

The House, however, without further ceremony went into Committee of the Whole on the Nebraska bill.

Mr. Hunt stated that the statement in the Daily Globe newspaper, regarding the difficulty in the House yesterday, between himself and Mr. Craig, was untrue—that the other papers had represented it correctly.

Mr. Craig said his remarks were reported substantially correct in the Globe, and by it he was willing to stand. At this juncture there were loud cries of order, amid some confusion.

Mr. Hunt then branded the statement made by Mr. Craig yesterday as a falsehood. He still pronounced it so. Cries again of order.

Mr. Craig said the gentleman has strutted into a scrape, and now tried to sneak out of it. There is much confusion and disorder.—The difficulty still pending. Mr. Maxwell has the floor to speak in favor of the Nebraska Bill.

WASHINGTON, May 19.

SENATE.—Mr. Slidell offered a resolution of enquire in regard to the expediency of measures expressive of the appreciation by Congress of the conduct of Capt. Fitch and officers of the Steamer Washington, who rescued the passengers and crew, 8000, of the ship Winchester, which was wrecked recently. Also, enquiring into the expediency of a general law providing for the compensation in such cases; which was passed.

The private calender was then taken up and is now under consideration.

HOUSE.—The journal of yesterday was read.

On motion of Mr. Dawson the Secretary of the Treasury was requested to inquire into the propriety of establishing at Philadelphia a mit department to strike medals commemorative of Patriotic services.

The House then went into Committee of the whole on the Nebraska bill.

Mr. Chuchwell has made a speech in its favor.

Mr. Dean is making a speech against the bill.

WASHINGTON, May 23.

SENATE.—Assembled at 12. After the transaction of some preliminary business Senator Toncey, of Conn., arose to make an explanation, with reference to the debate yesterday between his colleague, Smith, and Senator Cass. He said his colleague labored under a mistake when he stated that the resolutions he presented were in opposition to the Nebraska bill and expressed the sentiments of the mass of the Democrats of that State, and in proof he mentioned that the resolution were voted against by over two thirds of the Democrats in the Legislature. He wished to give no offence to his colleague, but merely to state the facts as they existed.

Mr. Mason, of Va., introduced a resolution calling on the President to transmit to the Senate copies af correspondence in relation to the African slave trade in Cuba.

The Nebraska bill was received from the House and read once. Mr. Sumner objected to second reading.

There are some dobts that the vessel alluded to by the English yapers, is the *Grape Shot.* It is stated that Capt. James Wheeler, who arrived at New York from New Orleans on Staturday morning, seports seeing the Grapeshot riding at anchor off the Balize.

Mr. Douglass submitted a resolution of inquiry as to the expediency of recognizing the independence of Domingo, and the opening with that republic of diplomatic relations. Laid over.

The Indiana appropriation bill was then taken up.

HOUSE—The journal of proceedings of yesterday having been read, Mr. Morris, of New York arose to make a personall explanation. He said it was with regret that he announced his inability to be present yesterday, as he was confined to his room by illness. He further stated, that he should, had he been present, opposed the bill, anb voted for its rejection. As it was, he asked consent to have his name registered among the Nays. Objected.

Mr. Giddings asked permission to introduce a motion to print 50,000 copies of the Nebraska bill. He said it mas important that their proceedings should be sent as early as possible throughout the country, and it was desirable, therefore that the printing be immediately ordered. Refused. A motion to adjourn to Friday was lost, and the House went into Committee of the Whole and took up the amendments adopted by the Senate to the Deficiency bill.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Arrival of the Europa.

The combined fleets are reported to have bombarded the fort at the mouth of the Danube. Report not fully credited.

Prince Napoleon has arrived at Segra.

France has called into action on land and sea, 80,000 men.

The loss of the allies at the bombardment of Odessa was only 6.

Russia has proposed to Prussia a very liberal commercial treaty.

The Turks have captured Peta, the principal point in the Greek insurrection. The insurgents had 150 killed.

The Russians had been defeated in an encounter at Silistria.

The Turks had also made a gallant attack upon Krajova, but were compelled to retreat, owing to the overpowering strength of the Russians.

The bombardment of Odessa has been officially announced in Paliament.

It is stated that Omar Pacha had advanced 170,000 men toward the Dobrudscha on the 17th and 18th of April, and a battle took place between Silistria and Rasova.

No fighting on the Baltic. Fleets closing and blockading all the Russian ports.

A debate took place in the House of Commons on the 4th, relating Cuban Slavery. Mr. Russell stated that recent action of the Spanish government as to existing treaties on the subject, was satisfactory.

Some excitement was occasioned on Monday, by a statement of a sailor, representing himself as the 2nd mate of the French brig Fille do Marseilles, who called on Floyd's agent at Stiets, Cornwall, with the report that he had swam ashore from a Russian frigate, which had captured his vessel. He stated that the capture took place 20 leagues from Cardiff. That the frigate first hoisted English and then French colors—that the Captain and three of the crew were killed. The frigate he reported to have gone up the Channel.

The Admiralty then sent two steamers in search of the alleged frigate on the 5th.

Excitement was increased by the publication in London of the following paragraph:

"News has reached the Admiralty that an American clipper-ship, the Grape-Shot, had captured a French Merchantman of Lands End."

The Grapeshot cleared from New York on the 22d of March for St. Thomas, with 1,500 packages on board, professedly hardware, but really containing muskets, supposed to be bound to Fuel Island, and failing debarkation, then the Mediterranean.

This will explain the story of a Russian frigate in the Channel.

GREEK INSURECTION.—With the exception of the Piracus, all the ports of Greece are rigidly watched by French and English ships of war.

Pirates are swarming in the Archipelago. An English brig had drifted ashore on the island of Andros, with no one on board. The cabins were drenched with blood.

On the 19th a fight occured between the Turks and Montenegrins at Michsek. The latter were commanded by their Dowode, George Petrovitch, Hostilities had fairly commenced.

It was reported that the Austrians would occupy the provinces.

Among the Europa's passengers were Lord Elgin, Gov. General of Canada, and Mr. Hincks Inspector General of Canada.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.—Breadstuffs—good demand for wheat and flour with very large imports, Corn—arrivals in excess and sales slow. The decline on flour is called by broker's board 6d, and by Denniston &Co., 1s per bbl. Wheat unchanged Corn 2s lower. Market for all articles closing steady. Denniston quotes Western Canal 36 a 36s 6d; Baltimore and Philadelphia 36s 9d a37s; Ohio 37 a 38s; sour 30 a 33s. White U. S. wheat 11s 6d a 12s 4d. Red and mixed 10s 6d a 11s 6d. White corn 36 a 38s; yellow 37 o 39s. Richardson & Brothers quoted Ohio flour 38 a 38s 6d; Philadelphia and Baltimore 37 a 37 3d; extra 37s 6d; western and Canadian 36 a 36s 6d a 37s; sour 33 a 35s. Corn 38s. Holders refuse lower terms.

Gardner & Co., quote Beef fair business, prices steady. More inquiro for Pork, business not extensive. Arrivals of Bacon large, prices 1 a 2s lower. Shoulders in fair demand. Lard again heavy; holders not pressing; 2000 tons sold 21s 6d.

PARIS, Saturday.—Napier is quietly anchored 3 miles from Stockholm. The ice was breaking up and it was expected Cronstadt would be open by end of April.

Further News by the Europa.

The Paris Patrie has received accounts that the Russian army in the Dobrudscha had suspended its march in obedience to Prince Paskiewitch. It appears the orders given by the Emperor were that the army should advance on Shumla before the allies could come up. It had not been anticipated that the Turks could arrest their progress.

The Swedes are decidedly in favor of England. One line of battle ship and four frigates were in commission at Copenhagen. The Swedishgovernment intended putting several vessels in commission.

The London Morning Herald thus speaks of the reported defeat of the Russians near Silistria by Omar Pacha:

"We believe in the first, place that the news was in itself far too good to be true, and when we consider the suspicious circumstance of its coming out so singularly appropriate to support the money market against the depression produced by the Signal failure of the Chancellor of the Exchequer, we cannot but apprehend that it was published for that purpose and for that alone."

Unpleasant rumors have been in circulation as to the state of relations between the French minister at Constantinople and [illegible]. It is said matters have reached such a point that the General has menaced the Turkish Minister of Foreign Affairs with a suspension of his relations.

It is again positively asserted that the French army of the East will be augmented. The formation of a camp of 60,000 men at Boulogne, with a view to an expedition to the Baltic, is also mentioned.

Franklin's News.

NEW YORK, May 22.

Marshal Paskiewitch declares that Little Wallachia was evacuated solely for reasons of strategy, and that the Russians will soon return to Krajova and subject to martial law all who may assist the Turks, and he also declares that Greater Wallachia will not be evacuated.

The steamer City of Glasgow has been heard from. She was spoken April 21st, in latitude 45: 30 south—a bark along side—steering toward the Azores. The masts and other portions of her rigging were taken for firewood. The above is a telegraphic dispatch to Richardson & Brothers; but as the ship spoken had yellow paddle-boxes there is some mistake of course.

Prince Napoleon arrived at Gallipoli on the 30th April. Lord Raglan arrived at Constantinople on the same date.

The difficulty between the French embassador and the Porte has been satisfactorily arranged.

Advices from Calcutta to the 6th of April have been received. Birmah still continued in a disturbed state.

The Franklin brings 112 passengers, among them DeCreita, minister from Spain to the U. S. and Mr. Winslow, special bearer of dispatches from Spain.

It was understood that Lord Elgin was the bearer of a special communication from the English government to the President of the U. S.

No news of interest from the seat of war, the Black Sea, or the Danube. The Russians have evacuated Trajova.

LIVERPOOL, May 9.—Breadstuffs—Richardson & Brothers quote an extensive demand, notwithstand large importations. Flour advanced 1s, and Corn 1s.

NEW YORK, May 19.

The steamship Crescent City from New Orleans 11th and Havana 14th, arrived here this morning. She brings 190 passengers.

A British brig of war arrived at Havana from Kingston.

The French squadron, consisting of one frigate, two sloops of war, one brig, 2 transports and a steamer, it was understood, were bound to Havana.

As the Crescent City left, a French steamer and frigate, a Portion of the squadron, was seen going in.

Young Men's Literary Association

OF FORT WAYNE

Reading room open every Saturday evening, from 6 to 9½ o'clock.

Weekly meetings every Monday evening, at 7½ o'clock.

TERMS: Admission fee $3 00 per year; Weekly dues, five cents. Applications for membership may be made through any of the members.

H. C. GREY, Cor. Sec.

Strange Developement.

Scientific Men are daily bringing to light new Inventions, and the march of Progress is onward; persons BALD, or becoming so, will be pleased to learn that Science and long research combined have brought before the Public the greatest WONDER OF THE AGE, in the Article of EVERSON'S AMERICAN HAIR RESTORATIVE, A SURE CURE FOR BALDNESS, and to HAIR FROM FALLING. See Circulars to be had of the Agent. Price $1 00 in large Bottles.

Sold by H. B. REED, Agent.
C. E. FISHER & Co., Proprietors,
No. 57 Superior st, Cleveland, Ohio.

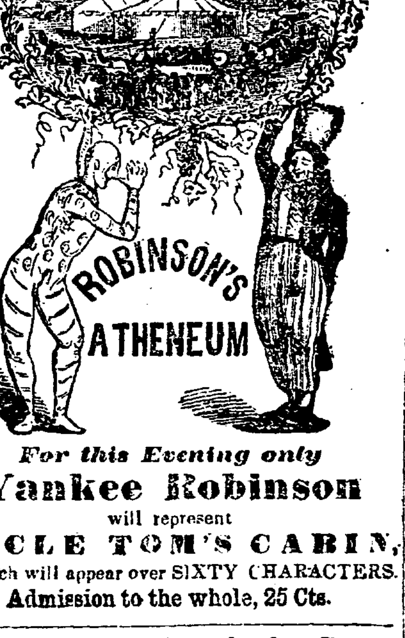
MARRIED,—On the 21st inst., by Rev. A.W. Freeman, AUGUSTUS C. BEAVER and CAROLINE SPRUCE, both of this city.

COMMERCIAL.

Fort Wayne, Saturday, May 27.

Prices are looking up. Wheat, red, $1 75; white, $1 80. Flour, retail, $9 00.

Corn 44; Oats 37½; Barley 62; Rye $1 00; Beans 1 00; Potatoes 75; Onions 75; Cranberries 2 50, Butter 10; Eggs 8; Salt 2 25; Bacon 6 a 8; Lard 8; Beef 5 a 5½; Flaxseed 1 00; Clover Seed 4 00; Timothy 75 a 1 50; Wool 25 a 30.



For this Evening only

Yankee Robinson

will represent

UNCLE TOM'S CABIN,

In which will appear over SIXTY CHARACTERS.

Admission to the whole, 25 Cts.

J. D. WERDEN & Co.,

City Drug Store,

CALHOUN STREET, FORT WAYNE, IND.,

HAVE just received a large and beautifully selected stock of

LUBIN'S

MUCH ADMIRED FRENCH EXTRACTS,

for the Handkerckief and Toilet, surpassing all other for elegance and durability of perfume.

Jules Haule's and Roussel's

Esteemed Preparations for the Hair and Toilet.

French and American CARICATURES and FANCY TOILET, and SHAVING SOAPS in endless variety.

An extensive assortment of

HAIR BRUSHES

of a quality to suit the most fastidious.

Tooth, Nail, and Clothes Brushes.

The celebrated

INDIAN RUBBER DRESSING COMBS,
Under the Patent of Goodyear & Co.
BUFFALO AND ENGLISH HORN COMBS,
&c., &c., &c

Choice Cigars. 47

Every Family should use the

EXCELSIOR STARCH POLISH for giving a splendid polish to the Linen and Cotton Goods.

DURKEE'S CELEBRATED BAKING POWDERS, an efficient substitute for yeasts in Baking.

The approved Flavouring EXTRACTS of Vanilla, Lemons, Celery, &c., &c., for Ice Creams, Gelees, Custards, &c. For sale by
J. D. WERDEN & Co.
May 26th. Calhoun Street.

Elegant Confections.

PRESERVED GINGER, Candies, Flag Root, Gum Drops for sale by J. D. WERDEN & Co.

CHOICE HAVANA CIGARS always on hand at the City Drug Store. J. D. W. & Co.

Late of Mitchell & Bro. Late of W. C. Davis & Co.

CHAMBERLAIN & Co.,

Successors to W. C. Davis & Co.

MANUFACTURERS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE,

Importers and Dealers in

STEEL, IRON & NAILS OF ALL SIZES,

AND OF A WARRANTED QUALITY.

CINCINNATY.

Sale and Sample Rooms Corner of Main & Ninth St., Foundry and Office on Hunt stt., East of Broadway.

WE flatter ourselves that we are prepared to offer as great inducements to western dealers as any other establishment, having, as we believe, as great a variety of

COOKING, PARLOR BOX & HEATING STOVES (FOR WOOD OR COAL)

as any other manufacturing establishment, either East or West; all adapted to the western trade, and made from the best brands of Hanging Rock Metal; therefore less liable to crack from heat or to be broken in shipping than eastern stoves made of foreign metal. 1;36

Madison, Indianapolis & Peru Railroad.

THIS Road is now in full operation for the transportation of Freight and Passengers.

Passengers Express Train leaves Peru daily, at 5: 30 A. M., arrives at Indianapolis at 11 A M, Madison, 5 P. M., where passengers take the Lightning Line of Steamers for Cincinnati, reaching the city at 5 A.M., in twenty-four hours from Peru.

Returning leaves Cincinnati at 7 P. M., arrive at Peru at 7 next evening.

No charge for meal or lodging on the boats.

FARE, from Peru to Indianapolis, $2 00
do Peru to Cincinnati, $4 50

E. W. H. ELLIS, President.

Indianapolis, May 23d. 47

Notice

IS hereby given that I will apply to the Clerk of the Wabash & Erie Canal Land Office, held at Logansport, on the 20th day of July ensuing, for New Certificate of Entry for the east half of the north-east quarter of section 20, township 30, north of range 13 east, issued to John Carter, Nov 1st, 1833. The same held by assignment from John Carter to Francis D. Lasselle, and by him assigned to Samuel Hinton, who assigned the same, by sale, to me

DANIEL BACHALIER.

May 25th, 1854. 3w47

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Fi Fa to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 24th day of June, 1854, at the Court House door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to-wit; the north-west quarter of the south-east quarter and the north half of the south-west quarter of of section number three (3), in township thirty-one (31), north of range numbered thirteen (13) east; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate.—Taken as the property of Jacob Lantz, at the suit of the Ohio & Indiana Railroad Company.

W. H. McDONALD, Sh'ff A. C.

May 26th, 1854 ($2 55) 5w47

Book Bindery!

C. L. BILL would respectfully inform the public that he has established a BOOK BINDERY in the third story of his Book Store, where he is prepared to do every description of work, in the above branch of business, in the best style. His machinery is all new and of the most approved kind.

He is prepared to furnish BLANK BOOKS for county officers, of any pattern. Also BLANKS of all kind he will furnish as low as any establisment in the State.

Persons having Magazines, &c., can have them bound to any pattern, and are requested to bring them soon

6,000 GIFTS!

MAMMOTH GIFT ENTERPRISE

Of the Cincinnati

SUNDAY MERCURY!

6,000 Gifts for the People!

Including the Costly, the Elegant & the Useful!

The Proprietor of the Cincinati SUNDAY MERCURY respectfully announces to the public that he will present Six Thousand costly and valuable Gifts to Six Thousand yearly Suberibers—making

A GIFT FOR EVERY SUBSCRIBER!

The terms of subscription to the SUNDAY MERCURY are (INVARIABLE IN ADVANCE)

To subscribers in Cincinati, Fulton, Covington, and Newport, who will be served reguiary every Sunday morning, by faithfull carriers, paid by the Proprietor of the MERCURY, and not, as is usual, by the subscribers, $2 00

☞ Subscribers in the above places who desire to avail themselves of the benefit of the Gifts, must pay their subscriptions at the Office of Publication, No 6 Fifth street, north side, 2d door west of Main. If they pay the carriers, it will be to their own risk.

To Mail Subscribers, any where in the United States,

All that persons in the country have to do is to enclose Two Dollars in a letter, (post-paid,) to

A. J. BENTLEY

Proprietor Sunday Mercury, Cincinati, O.

☞ Each subscriber will receive a Certificate of subscription, with a number upon it (a corresponding number to be enterred with his name in the books, to prevent fraud or mistake) for the guidance of the committee of Distribution, who will be elected at a meeting of the subscribers to the MERCURY, which will be held in Cincinati, it is expected, on the 2d Tuesday of July of the present year, or as soon as 5000 of the 6000 subscriptions shall have been received. Due notice will be given of the time and place in the MERCURY.

☞ It is hoped that those who desire to subscribe, and participate in the Gift scheme, will forward their names and address at as early a day as practicable, in order that the Distribution may not be unreasonably delayed.

DESCRIPTION OF GIFTS,

To be delivered to the yearly Subscribers of the Sunday Mercury.

1	Fine Building Lot in Covington,	$800
1	Elegant Piano Forte (fine tone),	300
4	Gold Watches, (gent's) at $35,	140
4	Gold Watches, (ladies') at $35,	140
2	Gold Chains, worth $15 each,	30
3	Accordeons, worth $5 each,	15
10	Silk coats, worth $10 each, to be had to be had of any respectablemerchant tailor in Cincinati selected by the ten lucky subscribers.	100
6	Gold Bracelets, at $10,	60
2	Pieces of Dress Silk, at $25,	50
2	Elegant Shawls, at $10,	20
100	Silver Thimbles, at 50 cts.,	50
5	Gold breast-pins, (ladies) at $4	20
5	Gold breast-pins, (gents) at $3	15
5	Pair Gold Ear rings, at $5,	25
5	Gold Finger rings (Gents) at $5	25
5	Gold Finger rings (Ladies) at $3,	15
60	Gold Finger rings at $2 each	120
900	Gold Pens, at $1 25,	1125
880	Engravings, at 25 cts.,	220
2000	Books, at 50 cts,	1000
2000	Books, at 25 cts,	500
6000	GIFTS, VALUED AT	$4770

☞ The above Gifts will be handed over to the Committee of Distribution, immediately after that boy shall have been elected; and they will be distributed by lot, or otherwise, under the sole control of said Committee, subject only to the Subscribers of the MERCURY, who shall have elected them.

☞ Subscribers from abroad may depend upon their Gifts being forwarded faithfully, according to directions. They shall all be notified of the Gift to which the numbers of their certificates entitle them to, immediately after the result is known

LET IT BE UNDERSTOOD,

That every subscriber to the MERCURY, who pays $2 00 *in advance,* will receive the paper for *one year,* and also any one of the above Gifts which the number of his certificate of subscription shall entitle him to; which will be publicly made known by a committee selected by, and in presence of, the subscribers themselves.

TO POSTMASTERS.

We have no special Agents; but Postmasters who choose to act as voluntary agents, may retain *ten per cent* on all Clubs of TEN SUBSCRIBERS, or more, which they may get up, sending us the other nine tenths of they money collected.

☞ Specimen copies of the Cincinati SUNDAY MERCURY, containing full particulars of the above magnificent and liberal offer, will be sent to those who write (post-paid) for them.

☞ All who subscribe for one year, and pay two dollars in advance, will receive the Sunday Mercury for that term, and also be entitled to one of the above Gifts. Those who subscribe for a less term, will receive the Mercury alone

Address all letters, post-paid, to A. J. BENTLEY, Proprietor of Sunday Mercury, Cincinati, O.

CRAPE SHAWLS.—White Crape Shawls can be bought at 47 Columbia street, 25 per cent cheaper than at any store in the State.

May 19, 1854. Wm T. ABBOTT.

Leeches, Leeches, Leeches!

A CONSTANT supply of fine *Swedish Leeches* always on hand; or applied by R C NEWMAN, at the establishment of J. D WERDEN & Co., Apothecaries & Chemists, Calhoun street

R R R REMEDIES

R. R. R.—What do the Sick Require?

To those who think.—If sick, if suffering the tortures of pain, or afflicted with long illness, the invalids constant hope and most fervent desire is to be relieved and cured of the distressing ailment, that *renders the existence so miserable*, in the quickest possible time. On this principle the R. R. R. REMEDIES are founded. Instant Relief from Pain, Quick Cure of Diseases, Speedy Restoration to Health, is the great platform on which the R R R Theory is predicated.

The R.R.R. REMEDIES are worthy of the age. They instantly relieve the bed-ridden from the most excruciating pains, and quickly free the afflicted from the most obstinate and serious maladies, infusing new life and vigor in the shattered and bruised body, and renew each member and organ of the human system with strength and power.

The R. R. R. REMEDIES *consist* of RADWAY'S READY RELIEF, RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT, and RADWAY'S REGULATORS.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF is for the instant relief of the sufferer from pain, and to check and arrest the *progress of diseases*; to disinfect animal, malarious, and infectious poisons, thus protecting whoever uses it against all poisonous infection *from contagion*, and from sudden attacks of Cholera. Pneumonia, Ship Fever, Fever and Ague, &c. Likewise for the effectual and radical removal of all pains and diseases of the Joints, Limbs, Nerves, &c.

Its first action is to remove the pain, (hence its usefulness in Neuralgic cases;) its second, to repair and heal, skin in the of a cut, or wound. If the Relief be applied after the first little smarting is over, the pain is extinguished, and the work of reparation now commences. But if the Relief is not applied, there are many chances to one that the pain will continue and an inflammation be set up and instead of a single incised wound we have Inflammation—disease to contend with. Besides its direct power over pain, the Ready Relief is the most effectual and convenient "counter irritant" that is known to the medical world.

If there be a congestion or heaping up of the blood in any particular part, occasioning pain and threatening inflammation or disease, as Sore Throat, Lumbago or pains in the loins, Pleuratic congestion, &c., the Relief will be found the most invaluable curative, By applying it over the adjacent parts, the blood is drawn away from the affected parts, the congestion dissipated, and the pain removed at once. Let any who may doubt this but *make the trial*.—Now, these two properties, its power over pain and its "counter irritant," render it the most valuable remedy for Diarrhœa; and although not an astringent in the popular meaning of the term, well he stops the pain and arrests the discharge of the most frightful Diarrœa and Cholera in short time.

DESINFECTANT.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF is the most safe and powerful desinfectant in the world—as such, it is a most effectual cure and positive preventive of

FEVER AND AGUE.

So with other fevers and other malarious diseases. Ten or twenty drops taken internally, in a little water, will protect the system against any attacks from infections and malarious poisons.

PNEUMONIA,

whether Typhoid or Bilious, RADWAY'S READY RELIEF given internally and applied over the surface of the body, and the bowels regulated and kept soluble with RADWAY'S REGULATOR, the patient will soon be out of danger, and speedily restored to health. If the R. R. R. Remedies are given they will save the life of the patient.

RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT

is the second of the R. R. R. Remedies It is for the cure old Chronic diseases that have been lingering in the system for years.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO ALL AFFLICTED WITH CHRONIC DISEASES.

For the present, then, let us pass to the consideration of the RESOLVENT, the second of the three R. R. R. Medicines.

RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT is for the cure of Chronic Diseases, or inflammation that is kept alight on fire by some sustaining cause; for the Chemists tell us that inflammation is a slow concealed combustion and this cause is a deposit resulting from the inflammation whilst it is in an active or acute condition, for all disease is at one time acute before it becomes chronic. If a person has Chronic Rheumatism, it is the result of a deposit in the fibrous tissue surrounding joints; if a person is Scrofulous, these deposits often show themselves in small lumps under the chin and along the neck; if he has a Consumption or Chronic Cough, there is tuberculous matter deposited in the lungs; if Bronchitis, it takes place in the bronchial tubes; if Syphilis, it occurs in every tissue and organ of the system, for that disease spares nothing. Now, to cure these diseases, these chronic inflammations, (for it is this in every case,) it is manifest that the diseased deposits must be first removed, the sustaining cause be taken away, and that the impure blood be altered in its condition and rendered pure and healthy.

It becomes necessary, then, that the absorbents be active and the blood be purified. We therefore want a medicine that will act on the absorbents and stimulate them into action, and at the same time purify the blood. Medicines that depend merely on purifying the blood alone will scarcely ever cure chronic diseases to ensure success they must at first have the power to stimulate the absorbents, and remove the diseased deposits. The action of the RESOLVENT is directed first to the absorbents, stimulating them into action and second to the blood which it depurates by its action over the glands, the liver, pancreas, kidneys, &c., which are the sewers that nature has established for purifying the blood. You will after this description, we hope, appreciate the name we have given to the second of the R. R. R. REMEDIES, OF RENOVATING RESOLVENT. It resolves already deseased deposits; it purifies the blood and it renovates the system. Tumors are removed and discussed by its operation; Chronic Swellings are dissipated. Nodes are softened and melted away. The most loathsome Skin diseases disappear under its action, Scrofulous constitutions are soon amended, and the disease checked wherever it has attacked the system. Syphilis, *with all its horrible train of* consumption, too of times finds its master—Consumption, that prevalent and lamentable disease of the lungs, that is so well known to you all, from its fatal and almost helpless character, and the havoc it produces among the young, the most gifted and the most beautiful of the human race, creeping over our vitals with aninsidious yet awful certainly, and consigning to an early and premature grave its yearly hecatombs of victims. Tubercular Consumption is often regarded as a specific disease of the lungs alone. This is a mistake. It is but one of the forms of Scrofula—it is a Scrofulous deposit an inflammation of the lung structure and could be as readily cured as any other scrofulous disease—such as Rickets, Hip Complaint or White Swelling—in which it takes place.

The lungs expand and contract during every respiration; and from the moment the first breath of life is dawn, until the last guttural sigh passes from the dying invalid a never ceasing action is kept up on their part. It will readily conceived then how difficult it must be for an Ulcer of the lungs to heal where it is continually kept irritated by the act of [illegible] thing.

Understand, then we do not offer you the RESOLVENT as so certain a cure for Consumption or Scrofula of the lungs as it is for other Chronic diseases. We believe that it will cure Scrofula in any other part of the body but from the very nature of the case, the complaint—except in its first stages—is of times incurable; but we can recommend it as the most certain remedy [when taken as directed in our pamphlets] that we possess to arrest its progress, and can point to a large number of cases of Lung Diseases that it has cured.

Such then, is the RENOVATING RESOLVENT. What the Relief is to Acute disease the RESOLVENT is to Chronic; it resolves away the foreign and diseased deposit. it purifies the blood and it renovates the system.

NO. 3.

We now request the reader's attention to third of the R. R. R REMEDIES.

RADWAY'S REGULATORS.

Every pill taker should examine the theory on which the REGULATORS are founded. Every one "who takes pill," will find RADWAY'S REGULATORS the most pleasant and safe Regulator of the Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, and other organs of the system now.

We have hitherto been treating of disease or inflammation in its acute or chronic state and its remedies; the RELIEF on one hand and the RESOLVENT on the other. We now pass to the consideration of that state of the system immediately preceding disease or inflammation, viz: Irritation. To allay irritation of the nervous system, and remove its effects wherever it exists, and to aid the RELIEF or RESOLVENT in treatment of inflammation, are the chief purposes of the REGULATORS

But how is her ousinritation the cause to disease? Because the glands of the system are controlled by the brain and nervous centers, and what irritates the brain cause irregularities of the glands, and when the glands refuse to do their work, the foreign matter which it is their duty to remove, is left in the blood, and increases the already existing irritation. The glands are serveous the system and are compose chiefly of the Liver the Kidneys the Pancreas, the Salivary Glands and those of the skin and intestinal canal. Now, a regular and honest action of these organs are indispensable to keeping the blood in a pure and natural state If we give you poison instead of food to eat you can easily understand that the blood will be corrupted by it, and diseased action will follow, and it will be just as surely corrupted if the glands do not abstract the work out materials from it.

Again if the kidneys be interfered with in their action, from any irritation whatsoever, why then we have the salts of the urine the poisonous ured circulating in the blood, producing headaches, coma drowsiness, &c.

And, last and most important of all, if any irritating causes interfere with the operation of that great laboratory the Liver, behold the disastrous effect! The bile, instead of passing into the intestines to and them in their movements. [for the bile is Nature's purgative] is left to circulate in the blood., the bowels, therefore become inactive and the carbonaceous bile [for carbon or charboal is the chief component of bile] circulating in the blood is the cause of the fever of the system The superabundance of carbon in the blood meeting with the oxygen as it passes through the lungs is slowly consumed, and gives out a superabundance of heat, and this is fever.

RADWAYS REGULATORS induce a healthy regularity of glandular action. No Costiveness, or Dyspepsia of Indigestion, or Pains in the Side or Liver Complaint or Pains in the Kidneys will trouble you if RADWAY'S REGULATORS are taken, and we positively assure all who are afflicted with these distressing complaints that RADWAY'S REGULATORS will cure them.

R. R. R. REMEDIES are suited to the treament and, united will cure most of "the ills that flesh is heir to" The sanguinary practice of the lance, the cupping glass, and leeches, they entirely dispense with, and banish forever the pernicious use of that baneful drug, *calomel*.

When sick, we advise you to resort once to the R. R. R. REMEDIES, as the most prompt in their action, the most sure and effectual of remedies.

Instances of diseases prevented, of rapid cures, and almost miraculous recoveries we can furnish you the certificates and credentials without number.

But these may be obtained without merit as well as with it, and without knowing the circumstances, prove nothing to your mind.

The R. R. R. REMEDIES are for sale by druggists everywhere. Persons desirous of learning more of our REMEDIES are referred to our FAMILY FRIEND and monthly paper. A copy will be sent free of charge, to all who will send in their names and address.

RADWAY & Co. [illegible] Street.
Oct. 8, 1853. y14

Dissolution.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between Reid and Thatcher is hereby dissolved by mutual consent.
A. D. REID.
WM. THATCHER.
Fort Wayne, May 19th, 1854.

A. D. REID is authorized to collect all claims due said firm. He will continue the business, and solicit a continuance of public patronage. 13w46

Thieme's Clothing Store.

5 Phœnix Block, Calhoun Street.

MY new stock has at length arrived, and it is larger and better assorted than ever before. It includes all fashionable styles and colors of

Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Tweeds, &c.

French and English Broadcloths from $2 00 to $7 00. Cassimeres and Doe Skins black and colored, all varieties, from $1 00 to $5 00.

VESTINGS, every variety.

I will make the above to measure in the first style and most reasonable prices.

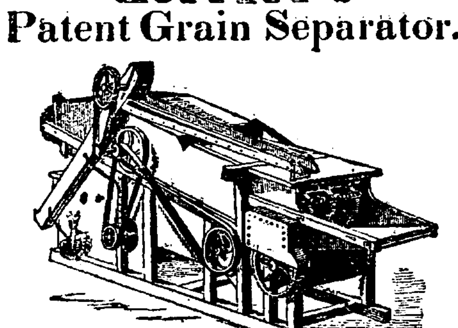
SHIRTS of the best quality: Undershirts and Drawers; Collars; Cravats; fine SILK HATS, Straw, Leghorn and Palm Leaf Hats.

Ready-Made Clothing.

All kinds of Summer Wear. Silk, Grass, Linen and Gingham Coats. Pants and Vests of all descriptions.

Gentlemen can be suited at this establishment with any article they wish, either ready-made, or made to measure on the shortest notice.
J. G. THIEME.
May 20th, 1854. 3m46

MOFFITT'S Patent Grain Separator.



I WISH to call the attention of those interested to my eight horse power "GRAIN SEPARATOR," which, after having been for the past two years in successful operation, has proven itself to be greatly superior, in every particular, to all other now in use.

The first premium was awarded to this machine at the Ohio State Fair, held in Dayton—also, at the World's Exhibition in New York, in 1853—the only places at which it has been exhibited in this country.

At a practical test of this Separator in competition with the best of those made in England, last season, it received the highest commendations of the press, and of all the leading Agriculturists in that country.

I will have a large number ready for the coming crop, made of the best material, and warranted to do good work.

I am also making a number of my small Separators for the convenience of those who wish to have their own machines. They are driven by two horses or an endless chain, or by four in a lever power. They thresh and clean the grain perfectly, and deliver it in bags. Its weight is 750 pounds.

N B. References in abundance can be given if desired.

I will have fifty of Crawford's Patent Clover Hullers ready for the Clover Crop. This Huller is undoubtedly the best now in use.

JOHN R. MOFFITT.
Piqua, Miami Co., Ohio, May. 1854 46

State of Indiana, Allen County, ss. } Allen Circuit Court, September Term, A D, 1854.

Motion for Execution on Judgment upon Forfeited Recognizance.

State of Indiana against John G. Groves.

IT having been made satisfactorily to appear in this behalf, by an affidavit on file in this office, that John G. Groves, the above named defendant, is not a resident of the State of Indiana, the said John G. Groves is therefore hereby notified that, at the next term of the Allen Circuit Court, to be holden at the Court House in the city of Fort Wayne, on the 1st Monday (being the 4th day) of September, A D 1854 and on the first juridical day of said term, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, a motion will be made in said Court that an execution be issued against him, the said John G Groves, on a certain judgment heretofore rendered in said Court against him, the said defendant on a recognizance forfeited, which judgment was rendered on the 7th day of May, 1838 At which said next term of the said Allen Circuit Court, to be held as aforesaid, the said John G. Groves may show cause, if any he hath or can, why the said State of Indiana ought not to have her execution against him, to make the amount of said judgment, together with the interest and costs which have accrued, accruing or to accrue thereon.

Witness Joseph Sinclear, Clerk of said Allen Circuit Court, and the seal thereof, this 15th day of May, A D. 1854.
JOSEPH SINCLEAR. Clerk.
JAMES W. BORDEN, Att'y. ($3 45) 3w46

State of Indiana, Allen County. ss } Allen Circuit Court, September term, A D. 1854.

Motion for Execution on a Judgment.

State of Indiana against John C. Blackwood and Henry Work (bail)

IT appearing satisfactory by affidavit in this behalf now on file in this office, that the above named John C. Blackwood is not a resident of the State of Indiana, the said John C. Blackwood is therefore hereby notified that at the next term of the Allen Circuit Court, to be holden at the Court House in the city of Fort Wayne, on the first Monday (being the 4th day) of September next, and on the first juridical day of said term, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, a motion will be made in said Court that an execution be issued on a judgment heretofore renderad in said Court, in the above entitled case, on the 17th day of March, 1835 At which said next term of said Court the said John C. Blackwood may show cause, if any he hath or can, why the said State of Indiana ought not to have her execution to make the amount of said judgment, together with the interest and costs, which have accrued, accruing or to accrue thereon.

Witness Joseph Sinclear, Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, and the seal thereof, this 15th day of May, A D. 1854.
JOSEPH SINCLEAR, Clerk.
JAMES W. BORDEN, Att'y. ($3 15) 3w46

Notice of Distribution to Creditors.

NOTICE is hereby given that at the April term, 1854, of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen County, Indiana, after final settlement of the estate of Malachi L. Quinn, deceased, about thirty-one dollars and eighty-four cents was found remaining for distribution amongst the creditors. Said creditors are therefore notified to appear at the next term of said Court, and receive their distributive shares.
JOSEPH SINCLEAR, C. C. C. P. Allen Co.
May 18th, 1854. ($1 50) 3w46

Notice of Distribution to Heirs.

NOTICE is hereby given that at the April term, 1854, of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen County, Indiana, after final settlement of the estate of Susannah Crinz, deceased, about seven hundred eighty-seven dollars and sixty-two cents were found remaining for distribution amongst the heirs. Said heirs are therefore notified to appear at the next term of the said Court and receive their distributive share.
JOSEPH SINCLEAR, C.C.C. P. Allen Co.
May 18th, 1854. ($1 50) 3w46

Notice of Distribution to Heirs.

NOTICE is hereby given that at the April term, 1854, of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen County, Indiana, after final settlement of the estate of John Williams, deceased, about the sum of four hundred and six dollars and ninety-seven cents was found remaining for distribution amongst the heirs. Said heirs are therefore notified to appear at the next term of said Court, and receive their distributive shares.
JOSEPH SINCLEAR, C. C. C. P. Allen Co.
May 18th, 1854. ($1 60) 3w46

Final Settlement Notice.

In the matter of the Estate of William A. Henderson, deceased.

THE Administrator of said estate having filed his final account current and vouchers; Notice is hereby given that at the next term of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen County, Indiana, the said account current and vouchers will be presented and examined for a final settlement of said estate.
JOSEPH SINCLEAR, C. C. C. P. Allen Co.
May 18th, 1854. ($1 50) 3w46

Final Settlement Notice.

In the matter of the Estate of Jason Hatch, deceased.

THE administrator of said estate having filed his final account current and vouchers; Notice is hereby given that at the next term of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen County, Indiana, the said account current and vouchers will be presented and examined for a final settlement of said estate.
JOSEPH SINCLEAR, C. C. C. P. Allen Co.
May 18th, 1854. ($1 50) 3w46

Final Settlement Notice.

In the matter of the Estate of La Blonde Richardville, deceased.

THE administrator of said estate having filed his final account current and vouchers; Notice is hereby given that at the next term of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen County, Indiana, the said account current and vouchers will be presented and examined for a final settlement of said estate.
JOSEPH SINCLEAR, C. C. C. P. Allen Co.
May 18th, 1854. ($1 50) 3w46

Final Settlement Notice.

In the matter of the Estate of Thomas Daniels, deceased.

THE administrator of said estate having filed his final account current and vouchers; Notice is hereby given that at the next term of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen County, Indiana, the said account current and vouchers will be presented and examined for a final settlement of said estate.
JOSEPH SINCLEAR, C. C. C. P. Allen Co.
May 18th, 1854. ($1 50) 3w46

Final Settlement Notice.

In the matter of the Estate of John Nuttle, deceased.

THE administrator of said estate having filed his final account current and vouchers; Notice is hereby given that at the next term of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen County, Indiana, the said account current and vouchers will be presented and examined for a final settlement of said estate.
JOSEPH SINCLEAR, C. C. C. P. Allen Co.
May 18th, 1851. ($1 50) 3w46

Final Settlement Notice.

In the matter of the Estate of James A F. Nichols, deceased.

THE administrator of said estate having filed his final account current and vouchers; Notice is hereby given that at the next term of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen County, Indiana, the said account current and vouchers will be presented and examined for a final settlement of said estate.
JOSEPH SINCLEAR. C. C. C. P. Allen Co.
May 18th, 1854. ($1 50) 3w46

GRASS CLOTH HANDKERCHIEFS.—Ladies Grass Cloth Handkerchiefs from 37½cts to $1 25 each, at 57 Columbia street, WM. T. ABBOTT.

BLACK SILK SHAWLS of the best quality for sale at low prices at the Boston Dry Goods store, by WM. T. ABBOTT.

PLAIN BERAGES—white, pink, light blue, dark blue, steel color, fan drabs, purple, and black, just arrived, in season for the hot weather, at the Boston Dry Goods Store, 57 Columbia street.
May 10, 1854.

BLK. SILKS wrp CASHMERETTE—Just the article for handsome Summer Coats, this day received and for sale by WM. T. ABBOTT.
May 10, 1854.

FANS! FANS!—A great variety just received, of all prices, making the most complete assortment ever offered in town, for sale by WM. T. ABBOTT.

WHITE Silk warp FLANNELS constantly on hand and for sale at 57 Columbia street, by WM. T. ABBOTT.

LINEN SHEETINGS—10-4 and 12-4 Linen Sheetins; also Pillow Case Linen, just received and for sale by WM. T. ABBOTT.

LINEN DAMASK TABLE COONS—25 dozen, Snow Drop and other patterns, at 57 Columbia street.

NAPKINS & DOGLIES—50 doz Napkins and Doglies warranted all Linen, for sale at bargains by WM. T. ABBOTT.

CARPETS, Floor Oil Cloth, and Straw Matting, at old No 3. J. & C. ORFF

New Merchant Tailoring AND GENTLEMENS' FURNISHING Establishment.

No 77 Columbia street, one door east of Messrs. French & Oakley's Hardware Store.

D. C WILLIAMS would respectfully announce to the citizens of Fort Wayne that he has leased the above stand, where he is now opening one of the richest stocks of

Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings,

and Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods ever offered to the citizens of the Summit City. His Goods have been selected with great care, and with a view of combining beauty, durability, and economy, which cannot be excelled for style and quality in this market

Having secured the services of the best of workmen, he is prepared to get up Garments to order in a style of elegance and fit that cannot be excelled this side of New York,

He has also a well selected stock of first rate

READY-MADE CLOTHING

and Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, such as Shirts Collars Cravats, Undergarments Hosiery, Suspenders, Gloves, &c, &c D. C WILLIAMS.
Fort Wayne, May 9th, 1854. 6m45

GROCERIES.

30 Hogsheads SUGAR, by the hogshead, bls. or pound,
20 bbls. Molasses,
100 kegs Nails,
50 boxes 8x10, 10x12, and 12x14 Glass,
5 tierces Rice,
and a general assortment of Family Groceries.
J. & C. ORFF.

STONEWARE—10,000 Gallons, all sizes. J. & C. ORFF.

Books and Stationery.

C. L HILL has received his Spring and Summer supply of Books and Stationery, and has now on hand the *best stock* ever offered for sale in this market. It consists of

SCHOOL BOOKS

of every description used in this vicinity, and offers them at Wholesale or Retail. Country merchants will do as well to buy of him as to go East.

LAW BOOKS.—He keeps a general assortment of Standard Law Books, and has facilities for ordering anything in this line that may be wanted.

MEDICAL BOOKS—Every thing in the medical line of a standard character can be had at Hill's Book Store.

MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS.—A full supply of all standards works, together with all the standard poets, are kept constantly on hand, and new miscellaneous books are received as soon as published.

PAPER

French, English and American Cap and Letter Paper, worth from one dollar and fifty cents to five dollars per ream. Bill paper, Wrapping paper, Printing and Hardware Paper, he has always for sale.

Fancy Articles.

He has also just received a large lot of fancy articles, such as fine Rosewood and Mahogany writing desks, Portfolios, Card Cases, Ladies' Portmonaies and Gent's Traveling Cases, together with the most beautiful articles of all, which the Ladies are requested to take particular notice of, viz:—a splendid lot of Ladies' Cabas of the latest and most fashionable style.

PAPER HANGINGS.

He keeps the best stock of Paper Hangings, Window Shades and Fire Board prints in the place.
May 12th.

State of Indiana, Allen County, ss } Court of Common Pleas of Allen County, July term, 1854.

PETITION FOR DEED.

Nicholas Haber vs Charles G E Prussing, Caroline H. Prussing. Lewis J. Hitz Lonz Butcher, and John Butcher, heirs at law of Xavier alias John Butcher, deceased.

IT having been made to appear to the satisfaction of the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen County, that the above defendants are non-residents of the State of Indiana; Notice is therefore hereby given said non-residents of the filing and pendency of said petition, and that unless they appear on or before the first day of the next term of said Court, to be holden on the first Monday of July next, and answer or demur to said petition, the same will be heard in their absence, and a decree had thereon accordingly.

JOSEPH SINCLEAR, Clerk
C. C. P., Allen County.
May 12th, 1854. ($2 35) 3w45

SPRING FASHIONS.

MRS DYKES, having now received the greater part of her Spring Stock, invites the Ladies to call and make their selections. All the richest and newest styles of

DRESS GOODS

Such as Lawns, Tissues, Berages, Crapes, Silks, &c. in short every thing in that line now worn in the eastern cities, and at eastern prices.

SHAWLS.

A large and splendid assortment, including all the newest styles.

Ribbons, Laces, Fringes, Artificials and Trimmings,

of every imaginable style, color, fabric, and quality.

MILLINERY.

A most beautiful assortment of Bonnets of every variety now in vogue. The neatest, richest, and most fashionable stock ever seen in the West. Having experienced Milliners constantly employed, she will make up and trim to order any style of bonnet required.

Needlework and Embroideries

in abundance. Caps, Collars, Chemisettes, Undersleeves, &c., &c. May 6th.

DRIED APPLES 200 bushels just received at G. WILSON.

BONNETS.—Belgrade, French Lace, Florence Braid, Pearl Straw, Coburgh Braid, &c. Palm Leaf, Straw, and Leghorn HATS. J. & C. ORFF.

EMBROIDERED Undersleeves, Collars & Handkerchiefs J. & C. ORFF.

BERAGES Berage De Laines, Ginghams, Gingham Lawns, and Lawns, latest styles. J. & C. ORFF.

CARPET BAGS and SATCHETS, all qualities and prices. J. & C. ORFF.

T. THE BEST YOUNG HYSON in the country. J. & C. ORFF.

Ahead of the Express!

C. A. GREY, *No. 81 Columbia street,*

INVITES those who want a first rate, serviceable, and fashionable article, to call and examine his new stock of

DRY GOODS,

Which he has brought through ahead of the humbug Express Lines, and is prepared to sale at about the same rates as most dealers purchase for in New York Buyers will therefore save money by giving him a call.

A full supply of

DRESS GOODS,

Such as Lawns, Ginghams, De Laines, Alpaccas, & Calicoes; Drillings, Denims, Rinkas, Cotonnades, German Linens, and other SUMMER GOODS—Ribbons, Fringes, Artificials. Summer Cravats, and other Fancy articles; SHAWLS in great variety.

Leghorn, Straw, & Palm Leaf Hats.

Groceries, Hardware, & Queesware,

A large stock, of the first qualities, daily expected.
May 6th. 3n44

NEW GOODS.

G. WILSON is now receiving and opening, at the old stand, corner of Columbia and Calhoun streets a splendid assortment of

Spring & Summer Goods;

Consisting in part of Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Jeans, Summer stuffs, Linens, Silks, Berages, De Laines, Lawns, Ginghams, Ladies' Collars, Edgings, Embroideries, Bonnets, Ribbons, Gloves, Hosiery, &c., with a general assortment of

FANCY GOODS, NOTIONS, &c.,

which are offered at the very lowest prices. Don't miss the place, for it is *the place for Bargains*
May 5th, 1854. G. WILSON

Cloths and Cassimeres;

BLACK, Blue, Purple, and Olive Green Broadcloths; Black and Fancy Cassimeres. A splendid assortment just opened, and offered very low by
May 5th. G. WILSON.

HATS and BONNETS A new assortment just received by G WILSON.

Drake's City Express.

WILL deliver all Goods bought at the Emporium to any part of the City, FREE OF CHARGE.

Come at Last!

R. McMULLEN,

89 Columbia Street,

INVITES attention to his new stock of Goods, which after long detention on the road have at length arrived.

DRY GOODS.

A splendid assortment of the newest styles, at extraordinary low prices. Berages, Berage De Laines, Lawns, Ginghams, and all other descriptions of seasonable Dress Goods. Silks, Ribbons, Trimmings, Bonnets in great variety, and a full stock of Staple Articles. Leghorn, Straw, Panama, Fur and Silk Hats.

Groceries.

A choice stock. Teas, Coffee, Sugar, Stuart's Golden Syrup, Spices, Tobacco, &c.

Hardware, Queensware, Glassware, and Stoneware.

A full assortment. Shovels, Rakes, Hoes, Scythes, Cradles, Pitchforks, and other

Farming Implements.

No more room for particulars. Call in, and you will find any thing and every thing you want, and so low, that you can't ask any reduction in price.

All kinds of Produce wanted in exchange for goods
Fort Wayne, May 5th, 1854

New Books! New Books!

C. HILL his receiving his Spring Stock of BOOKS and STATIONERY; it comprises every thing in the line. For particulars, the public are invited to call and examine for themselves.
April 5th, 1854

Fashionable Millinery.



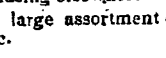
MRS. SULLEY takes this opportunity to inform the Ladies of Fort Wayne, that she has just returned from the East with a well assorted stock of

MILLINERY;

and she takes leave to say that, for style and quality, it has never been equalled in this place. She therefore requests the favor of a call before purchasing elsewhere.

N. B. A large assortment of EMBROIDERIES, LACES, &c.
April 29. 4w43

LakeErie, Wabash & St. Louis Railroad Company



NOTICE is hereby given that an installment of *ten per cent* on the capital stock of the LakeErie, Wabash, and St. Louis Railroad Company (making 85 per cent) has been made payable at the office of the Company, in the city of *Lafayette*, on the *first* day of June, 1854.

Stockholders residing in Allen County and vicinity can, at their election, pay installments to Messrs. Allen Hamilton & Co., Fort Wayne.
JOHN N. DRUMMOND, Sec'y.
Lafayette May 1st, 1854. 8w41

Old Lucky No. 3.

J. & C. ORFF

Are now receiving their Spring Stock of

DRY GOODS,

Groceries, Hardware,

Crockery, Hats, Caps & Bonnets,

NAILS & GLASS,

Which will be sold at their usual rates—that is AT THE VERY LOWEST PRICES.

The stock is complete, all articles of the best quality, and newest styles, and as is always the case at No. 3

Great Bargains will be given!

Call at once and examine, and you will find it to your advantage to purchase.

All kinds of produce taken in exchange for goods, at the highest Market Price.
Fort Wayne, April 22, 1854.

BOSTICK & BOLMAN'S Cheap Clothing Store,

99 Columbia street. Fort Wayne.

WE have on hand a full assortment of Ready-Made

Summer Clothing,

CONSISTING OF

COATS, Linen, Tweeds, Jeans, Cassimere, Cloth, Blk Itali inCloth, Alpacca, Lustre, Check,
PANTS, Linen, Cotton, all kinds Cassimere, Tweeds, Jeans, Sattinet,
VESTS, Black Satin, Linen Fancy Silk, Buff & white Marseilles.

Hats, Caps, Shirts, Collars, Cravats, Trunks, Carpet Bags, &c.

We have also a general assortment of *Piece Goods* of all descriptions, and will *Make Clothing to Measure* in the most fashionable style.

Calicoes, Ginghams, De Laines, Lawns, Alpaccas, Muslins, Cottonades, &c.

Prices as low or lower than at any other establishment in the country.
BOSTICK & BOLMAN.
Fort Wayne, April 27, 1854.

20 doz. WOODEN PAILS at ORFF'S
Feb 18, 1854. No. 3 Jones' Block.

Silks, Silks!

PLAIN and fig'd Black Silks; striped, plaid changeable and fig'd Colored Silks; just received and for sale, lower than ever before offered, by
May 5th, 1854. G. WILSON.

DRESS GOODS—De Laines, Berage De Laines, Ginghams, Lawns, &c, a fine assortment by
May 5th, 1854. G. WILSON.

German Clerk Wanted.

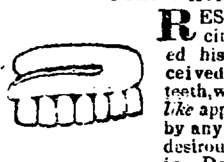
WANTED by the undersigned, a German Boy, from 16 to 18 years of age, who can make himself generally useful in and about the Store.
WILLIAMS & HUESTIS,
No 85 Columbia street, Fort Wayne.
March 24th, 1854.

DENTAL SURGERY.

DR. VON BONHORST,

RESIDENT DENTIST.

Office next door to the Spencer House, Calhoun street,
FORT WAYNE, INDIANA,



RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens that he has refurnished his office, and has just received a beautiful assortment of teeth, which for *durability* and *life-like* appearance, are unsurpassed by any manufactured. Persons desirous of having any operation in Dentistry *well* performed, *either Surgical or Mechanical*, would do well to give him a call. Three years residence here, and the fact of having taken the FIRST PREMIUM at the STATE FAIR, and also at the COUNTY FAIR, is sufficient guarantee that the work shall be done well.

N. B. Teeth extracted for the poor gratuitously, *and no charge made for advice.* 35

New Goods for Spring.

Plaids, De Laines, and Chalies

JUST received at the Boston DryGoods Store, new style De Laines and Chalies, which are very handsome and just the thing for the approaching season, for sale very low by WM. T. ABBOTT.
Feb. 23d, 1854.

Fresh Arrival of NEW GOODS By Railroad.

WE have, during the past week, received a large and splendid assortment of DRESS GOODS, black and colored Silks, Grass Cloths, Robe Lawns, Berages, De Laines. Calicoes, Bonnets, Shawls, Mantillas, Ribbons, Embroidery, Cambrics, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Silk, worsted and cotton Hosiery, Hats, Caps, &c, &c.

A call is solicited from all who want goods cheap.

Country Merchants and Pedlars

will do well to give us a call, as we are determined to sell at WHOLESALE, as well as RETAIL, at a very small profit.
April 15, 1854. J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.

CARPETS.

20 Pieces CARPETS from 20cts to 93 per yard
20 do plain and figured matting,
5 do floor oil cloth, for sale by
April 15 J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.

80 Barrels New Orleans SUGAR
27 do do Molasses.
10 do Tanners Oil,
74 Bags Coffee,
20 Chests Tea,
25 Boxes Tobacco, for sale by
April 15. J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.

250 Bushels DRIED APPLES for sale by J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Iron, Nails and Glass.

First arrival of the season at the

GRANITE STORE

50 TONS IRON, which makes our assortment unusually large,
150 Kegs NAILS of all sizes, of the best brands.
100 Boxes GLASS, all sizes.

HOES AND FORKS.

150 Dozen Genuine Tuttle Steel Hoes
50 " AMS and other SHOVELS

A large assortment of general Hardware is expected daily.

OAKLEY & FRENCH'S is the place for country Merchants to assort up their Stocks, and no mistake.
April 8th, 1854

Books Received.

UPHAM'S Mental Philosophy; Fulton and Eastman's Book-keeping; Giddings' Speeches; Kames' Elements; Alexander's Moral Science; Homer's Iliad; Remington on Communion; Christian Minstrel; Sacred Melodeon, &c., &c., just received and for sale by
N P. STOCKBRIDGE
Fort Wayne, April 12th 1854.

BOOKS! BOOKS!

THE subscriber having purchased of D. W. Burroughs his late stock of Books, Stationery and Fancy Articles, is prepared to offer superior inducements to all who may wish to provide themselves with any thing in his class of goods

Especial effort will be made to have constantly for sale a full supply of standard Books of every description, and to receive all the popular Monthlies and cheap Publications, &c., as early as possible.
N. P. STOCKBRIDGE.
Fort Wayne, April 1st, 1854. 39

SCHOOL BOOKS.

THE latest and most approved, for sale by N. P. STOCKBRIDGE.

GREEK AND LATIN BOOKS.

A FULL supply for sale by N. P. STOCKBRIDGE.

GOLD PENS.

A TIP-TOP Article for sale by N. P. STOCKBRIDGE.

PORTFOLIOS.

THE nicest thing out for sale by N. P. STOCKBRIDGE.

THAT SAME OLD PLACE

To Get your Money Back

IS STILL FOUND AT

W. JACOBS'

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

BOOT & SHOE STORE,

IN FORT WAYNE.

MY Stock is much more general and extensive this Spring than heretofore. To enumerate all the various *styles* and *qualities* now on hand would be impossible—suffice to say that nothing is wanting in this establishment for the embellishment of the *understandings*, from the pratling *Baby* up to the old *Lady* and *Gentleman* of threescore years and ten—and, as usual, at prices far below any thing in this market—When you hear the cry of leather being so high in price, don't be alarmed, but come right along to

No. 2 Phœnix Block on Calhoun street,

where you will find such an amount of

Boots and Shoes,

and such VERY LOW PRICES, as will truly induce you that there is no use in going to California to dig Gold.

GOOD WORKMEN constantly on hand, and will make anything to order on the shortest notice and most reasonable terms. WM. JACOBS.
May 10th, 1853.

Woollen Manufactory.

H. RUDISELL & H. J. RUDISILL,

HAVING formed a copartnership under the firm of RUDISILL & SON, will continue to manufacture Woollen Goods of every description, at the old establishment of Rudisill and Wolke.

Merchants are respectfully invited to examine our stock of Woollen Goods, consisting in part of

Cassimeres, Cloths, Tweeds, Jeans,

Linseys, Sattinetts, Blankets, Flannels & Stocking Yarn,

Which we offer at wholesale, or in exchange for wool.

Our Goods are made to *wear*, and will compare favorably in *quality* and *prices* with those offered in eastern markets.

Particular attention will be paid to *Custom Carding, Spining, Cloth Dressing, & Manufacturing on the Shares.*

Good Work will always be warranted when the wool is brought in *good condition*.

The highest rates will be paid for WOOL, LARD and SOAP.
H. RUDISILL,
H. J. RUDISILL.
March 17, 1853.

WINDOW DRAPERY, embroidered, for sale low. J & C ORFF.

New Spring Goods At the Boston Dry Goods Store,

57 Columbia Street.

WE are now daily receiving large supplies of new and desirable Spring Goods, among which may be found a splendid assortment of Black and Fancy Dress Silks; Crape, Cashmere, Silk and all Wool Summer Shawls; Parasols; Bonnet Ribbons; Prints; Ginghams; Berage de Laines; Hosiery, &c. The attention of purchasers is respectfully invited, and we shall endeavor to give all *Great Bargains.*
April 22d, 1854. WM T. ABBOTT.

SPRING GOODS.

JUST received an assortment of Lawns, Ginghams, Berages, Berage De Laines, Tissues, Crape de Paris, fig'd and plain, and other fashionable

DRESS GOODS,

Crape, Brocha, Silk and Cashmere Shawls;

NEEDLE WORK—Flouncings, Edgings, Sleeves, Collars, &c. Dress and Bonnet Trimmings, &c, &c.

A general and beautiful assortment of Bonnets, Millinery, Dress Goods, &c., hourly expected.
MRS. DYKES.

SHAWLS—by Express—a beautiful assortment of all fashionable styles, just received at the Farmer's Depot H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

CLEAR THE Track, THE Bulgine's Coming!



Boston Shoe Store.

F. S. AVALINE,

No. 125 Columbia Street, (over R W. Taylor's Store), east of Hill & Orbison's, Fort Wayne,

RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he has bought out Messrs. Anderson & Co, and is now receiving a large and new assortment of

BOOTS AND SHOES

including all sorts, sizes, and qualities; warranted to be of the best workmanship, and got up in the latest and neatest styles.

THE LADIES will find every variety of Polkas, Gaiters, Buskins, Excelsiors, Jenny Linds, Ties, Slips, &c, &c. Also, MISSES' and CHILDREN'S WEER in great variety.

FOR GENTLEMEN, besides Eastern work, he has a large assortment of Home-Made Calf and Kip Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Slogas, Brogans, &c. In short the schock is complete in every respect, and will be sold CHEAPER than everbefore in Fort Wayne!

This is no idle boast, but the plain fact, as will be demonstrated to the satisfaction of all who will favor him with a call. The way this can be done is, simply, that they have been bought for Cash, and will be sold for the same exclusively, whereby the risk and loss of a credit business being obviated, buyers will only have to pay for their own Shoes, and not be taxed in addition a heavy per centage to shoe their neighbors.

Leather, Bindings, Findings, &c

A heavy stock of Sole and Upper Leather, Calf and Kip Skings, Linings, Bindings, Findings, &c., are also offered for below former prices.

CASH PAID FOR HIDES.
Fort Wayne, March 4. 1854. v34

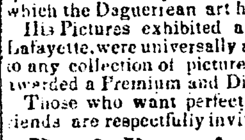
NEW PUBLICATIONS.

C. L. HILL has received the March numbers of
Dickens's Household Words,
Godey's Ladies' Book,
Graham's Magazine.
Also Blackwood's Magazine for February, and The North British Review for January.

N. B. Any quantity of the Old Brewery and New Mission House can be had at
March 3. 1854. HILL'S Book Store.

REAL PREMIUM DAGUERREOTYPES

"Sweet copy, far more dear to me,
Lifeless, unfeeling as thou art,
Than all the living forms could be,
Save her who placed thee next my heart"



Mr. A. McDONALD returns his sincere thanks to the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity for their liberal patronage, and respectfully invites them to call, examine specimens of his pictures, and see the perfection to which the Daguerrean art has arrived.

His Pictures exhibited at the late State Fair, at Lafayette, were universally admitted to be far superior to any collection of pictures there, for which he was awarded a Premium and Diploma.

Those who want perfect copies of themselves or friends are respectfully invited to call and see the

Real Premium Pictures

(not those styled so only by the advertiser) at Mr. McDONALD'S Rooms, No. 3 Phœnix Block, Calhoun street.

Instructions given in the Art, and Apparatus and Materials furnished on the lowest terms.

We, the undersigned, who attended the late State Fair at La Fayette, take pleasure in certifying that Mr. A. McDonald's Daguerreotypes were universally admitted (so far as we heard any expression) to be far superior to any exhibited at the Fair.

Mrs Samuel Edsall,	Wm. Rockhill,
Mrs. T. N. Hood,	E. C. Nelson,
Miss Letitia Hamilton,	A. J. Avery,
Miss Drs. Edsall,	Joshua Holmes,
Dr. E. Pierce,	C. W. Nettlehorst,
T. N. Hood,	James Story,
Mrs Mary Roop,	F. P. Randall,
John Stapleford,	Chancey Oakley,
James Vandegriff,	Wm. Hamilton.

NAILS & GLASS.—50 boxes Glass, assorted sizes, 100 kegs Juniatta Nails. H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

BUTTER WANTED.

THE highest Market Price will be paid at the Farmers' Depot for good fresh butter.

Firkins supplied to those farmers who wish to pack their butter ready for market. H. R SCHWEGMAN.

CITY SHOE STORE,

Corners of Main and Calhoun Streets.

F. S. Avaline

HAS opened the above Store (formerly the Post Office) for the accommodation of his retail customers, where he is now opening a full and complete assortment of

EASTERN BOOTS & SHOES,

carefully selected from the best manufactories, and including all the newest styles of Ladies' and Misses' Gaiters, Buskins, Slippers, &c. Children's Wear in great variety. Gent's and Youth's Morocco, Calf, and Kip Boots, Gaiters, Shoes, Brogans, &c.

Having the best of workmen in his employ, he will also make Boots and Shoes to measure, in the best style, and his determined not to be undersold by any dealer in the western country.

A general invitation is given to all to call and examine his Stock.
April 29

Dress Making.

MISS CAROLINE STEVENS respectfully announces to the Ladies of Fort Wayne and vicinity that she has commenced the above business, and hopes by unremitting attention, good workmanship and care in fitting, to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

The LATEST FASHIONS will be regularly received, and every effort made to give entire satisfaction to those who may favor her with a call.

Residence at Mr. T. Stevens', north west corner of Berry and Clay streets.
April 21, 1854. tf—42

Richard's Himself Again!

$20,000

Of Ready Made Clothing

AT WHOLESALE OR RETAIL,

OF our own manufacture, warranted well made and of good material; Cheap for Cash.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES & VESTINGS

to make to or on short notice and in the latest styles.

FURNISHING GOODS,

Such as Stocks, Cravats, Gloves, Shirt Collars, Shirts of all descriptions. from a plain white to ring-streaked and speckled; Silk Undergarments of all sorts.

BEEBE'S HATS AND CAPS.

Young men who are about emerging from the state of single blessedness into the rough and tumble of matrimony, should be up and dressed. The lucky place to get the fixens is at the

Oak Hall Emporium of Fashion.

Those who have heretofore obtained their suits here are now rich, happy, and got lots of babies. *Old Bachelors repaired as good as new on reasonable terms.*

FARMERS! this is the place to get good clothing also Cloths and Sattinets cheap, by the yard or piece cutting and thanks thrown in. Don't forget the place, [illegible] opposite Jerusalem, in [illegible] *OAK HALL Emporium.*
W. C. SHOAFF, Proprietor.
April 26. 3m43

Fresh Garden Seeds.

R. McMULLEN has on hand and for sale a large and general assortment of Fresh Garden Seeds.
March 28, 1854.

THE OLD BREWERY *and New Mission House at the Five Points*, by Ladies of the Mission.

C. L. HILL has just received a new lot of the above named book. Every body should read it.

MRS. MOWATT'S AUTOBIOGRAPHY, and FANNY FERN PORTFOLIO, can also be had at
March 24. C. L. HILL'S.

SHAWLS—In great variety of style and price, selling very cheap by
March 25. J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.

MORE NEW GOODS By the Lightning Line.

WE have, this week received the third lot of New Goods, by Railroad, direct from New York, bought of Importers, Manufacturers and Jobbers. They will be sold cheap. A call is sollicited, from Country Merchants, Pedlers and our Customers generally. J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.
Fort Wayne, March 25th, 1854.

BLUE, Black, Brown, Olive, and Green Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Tweeds, Kentucky Jeans, Worsted Plaids for children, Brown Linen, Drilling, &c. For sale by
March 25. J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.

EMBROIDERY, &c.,

100 pieces Swiss and Jaconet Edgings and Insertings, Muslin and Lace Collars, Under Sleeves, Under Handkfs, Cambric Handkfs, Curtain Muslins, Jaconet, Swiss, Mull and Cross barred Muslins, Bishop and Victoria Lawns, &c. &c.
For sale by J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.
March 25

SILKS.

6 pieces black Italian Silks, 10 pieces figured and plaid Silks, at very low prices and beautiful styles. 50 Black Silk MANTILLAS, very cheap.
For sale by J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.
March 25.

BONNETS.—A splendid assortment of all styles, selling from twelve cents to four dollars, by
March 25 J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.

175 Pieces New Styles CALICOES beautiful patterns.
100 pieces Mousline de Laine Lawns, Lawn Robes, De Laine Robes, Ginghams, &c &c.
For sale by J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.

J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.,

Who lale and Retail dealers in

DRY GOODS,

Groceries, Crockery & Hardware,

Fort Wayne, March 18th, 1854.

Fresh Arrival of New Goods.

WE have this week received a large stock of Fancy and Staple Dry Goods suited to the wants of our customers. *One of our firm*, J. W. Townley, has been in New York the past six weeks, purchasing and will be sending us new Goods by Railroad, almost daily, for the next month.

On Monday, we are expecting THIRTY BOXES of Goods; among them are many desirable styles of Spring Dress Goods, Silks, Lawns, Bonnets, Gloves, Mitts, &c., &c. A call is solicited from all who are in want of desirable Spring Goods.
37 J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.

Provision Agency Store,

Next door East of No. 3, Jones Block,
FORT WAYNE, IND.

THE subscriber has established himself in the above business, and is prepared to furnish, at Wholesale or Retail

White Fish, Trout,

Pickerell, Bass, Bay Fish, Cat Fish,

AND SHADE;

At the same or less than Toledo prices.

Western Reserve Cheese, Salt, Flour, Pork, Lard &c. As agent for Smith Superior Rectified Whiskey, and prepared to receive and sell on commission all kinds of provisions.

All business attended to with promptness and dispatch. MOSES DRAKE Jr.
March 10, 1854. 36

Spring Goods.

A FEW pieces New Style Dress Goods just received. A full assortment daily expected, which ought to have been here long ago, but have been kept back by the negligence of swindling express agents.
H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

Groceries, Wholesale and Retail.

JUST received at the Farmers' Depot, and for sale, wholesale or retail, at the lowest rates:
20 hogsheads New Orleans Sugar,
2 " " " clarified,
15 bbl. Molasses,
10 half bbl. "
15 bbl. Vinegar,
50 bags Coffee,
250 bushels Dried Apples,
and a full stock of Groceries generally.
April 21. H. R. SCHWEGMAN

FURS, Deer Skins, Hides, Rags, Tallow and Lard wanted at the Farmers' Depot. H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

COUNTY and City Orders taken in exchange for Goods. H. R SCHWEGMAN.

Roots! Roots! Roots!

NOTICE TO ROOT DIGGERS.

THE following kind of Roots will de bought at the Farmers' Depot, for which the highest price will be paid. The Roots must be washed clean and well dried

Ginseng,	Sarsaparilla,
Seneca Snake Root,	Blood Root,
Golden Seal,	SolomonSeal Root (large white),
Canada Snake,	Ladies Slipper,
Unicomb,	Blue Flag without fibre,
Beth Root,	Sweet Cecely.
Black Root,	
Elm Bark (brittle & white)	

H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

The Ohio Harmonist.

A FULL supply for sale by
April 22d, 1854. N. P. STOCKBRIDGE

I HAVE just received and offers for sale a good assortment of Buggy and seat Springs, at No. 123 and 125, Columbia st. R. W. TAYLOR.
Dec 12, 1853

2000 lbs. WESTERN RESERVE CHEESE just received and for sale at No. 123 & 125 Columbia street, by
Dec. 12. R W. TAYLOR.

R. W. TAYLOR

HAS now now received and offers for sale, at No. 123 & 125 west end Columbia street,
50 tons Juniate Iron.
50 " Sweeds "
American and English blister Steel,
Cast Steel, German Steel,
Steel Plow Stabs,
Steel and Iron Plow Stabs.
Dec. 12, 1853

A LARGE LOT OF WINDOW GLASS is offered wery low at No. 123 & 125, by
Dec. 12. R. W. TAYLOR.

HOE & Co, AND ROLLAND CAST Steel Mill Saw, at No 123 & 125 Columbia st.
Dec. 12. R. W. TAYLOR.

5 Bbls Crushed Sugar, 5 bbls Pulverized Sugar, for sale by
Dec. 12. R. W. TAYLOR.

20 BALES COTTON BATTING for sale by R. W. TAYLOR, West end Columbia st., No 125.

20 doz. CHURNS, 25 doz. TUBS, 25 doz Buckets, 19 " Zinc Washboards is offered for sale at No. 123 and 125 Columbia st. R. W. TAYLOR.

10 BAGS PEPPER is offered for sale by R W TAYLOR,

10 Bales assorted Nos. COTTON YARN from the Cooper's factory, Dayton, by R. W. TAYLOR.

100 SACKS BEST RIO COFFEE for sale by R W TAYLOR, No 125 Columbia st.

A General Assortment of Men and Boys HATS and CAPS, for sale cheap by R. W. TAYLOR.
Dec 12. No. 125, west end Columbia st.

500 KEGS JUNIATE NAILS for sale low, at No. 123 & 125 Columbia st., by R. W. TAYLOR.

---

10 Bbls TANNER'S OIL for sale by R W TAYLOR.

---

60 Bbls NEW ORLEANS SUGAR for sale by R W TAYLOR, No 125 west end Columbia st.

VINEGAR! VINEGAR!! VINEGAR!!!

A FEW Barrels Cedar Vinager can be had at No 85 Columbia street.
WILLIAMS & HUESTIS.

Buckwheat Flour.

A Choice article, by the 100 lbs. or small quantity, can be had of WILLIAMS & HUESTIS, No. 85 Columbia street.

MOLASSES! MOLASSES!!

100 Bbls,extra NewOrleans Molasses can be bought at a small advance above the Southern market at WILLIAMS & HUESTIS Wholesale Grocery Store, No. 85 Columbia street.

10000 Hides Wanted

FOR which we will pay 4½ cents pr lb green, and 10 cents pr lb for prime dry flint hides.
H. C. GREY & Co.,
71 Columbia Street, under Telegraph office

2,000 Cords Bark Wanted

at $2 50 per cord, cash, delivered at our Tannery on the Feeder canal. H. C. GREY & Co.

Country Merchants & Grocers,

INSTEAD of going to Toledo or Cincinnati to purchase Groceries, you will find it much to your interest to purchase of WILLIAMS & HUESTIS, Wholesale Grocers, No. 85, Columbia street, Fort Wayne. By so doing you will save the expense of going further, and in many cases, the entire cost of freight.

Williams & Huestis having made their purchases with direct reference to the country trade, are selling at a very small advance above the Eastern and Cincinnati prices.

☞ Don't forget the place No. 85 Columbia street.

NAILS! NAILS!! NAILS!!!

100 KEGS assorted sizes, Soenberger and Belmot Premium Nails, at No. 85 Columbia street.
WILLIAMS & HUESTIS.

---

300 Pieces PRINTS,
10 Bales Sheetings, at ORFFS
Feb 16, 1854. No. 3 Jones' Block.

White French Merino

MAY be found at Wm. T. ABBOTT.
Feb. 23'.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST

'Dyspeptic Medicine'

IN THE

WORLD.

50 Pills for Twenty-Five Cents,

5 Boxes for $1.00.

"O. HALSTED'S"

Anti-Dyspeptic Pills,

WILL RELIEVE every "human being" who has any of the following symptoms:

Indigestion,	Headache,
Biliousness,	Extreme nervous agitation.
A sense of oppression at the Stomach,	An incapacity for the slightest exertion.
Depression of Spirits,	Mistiness and Indistinctness of Vision,
Heaviness,	
Cold Hands and Feet,	Unpleasant taste in the Mouth, particularly when rising in the morning,
Numbness of the Limbs and other parts,	
Vertigo, Nausea,	Dull heavy Pain, and sense of weight in the Head,
Difficulty of Respiration,	
Stupor,	A temporary loss of memory.
Irritability,	
Drowsiness,	A sense of Emptiness,
Debility,	Pulse less frequent & more feeble than usual,
Extreme languor and Exhaustion,	Despondency,
Restlessness,	Emaciation and Extreme Debility.
Costiveness,	

Principal depot at **Barnet's**,
No. 14 East Fourth street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

☞ For sale by Druggists everywhere.
☞ Price TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.
☞ Country Dealer's supplied at proprietor's prices by any of the Cincinnati Druggists.
H. B. REED, Agent,
y40 Fort Wayne, Ind.

About Medicine.

SEEING the world is full of new Medicines, if any person would introduce still another, in the midst of such fusion, what is to be done? There is nothing to be done, if the medicine is good, that we know of only to write the truth about it, in plain language and let the article stand on its own merits, by speaking for itself through its *cures*. Of the purely natural Remedy obtained from a *Salt Well, 400 feet deep, in Pennsylvania*,

KIER'S ROCK OIL,

We observe that as it *cures* various diseases, it will not do to class it among the humbugs,—although it is too much to say it will cure every body every time Few, very few, however, among the multitudes now using it, are disappointed. Used as it is, both EXTERNALLY and INTERNALLY, it stands the greater chance of reaching the seat of disease. There are various kinds of old Petroleum—offensive to smell and taste. Many of the Liniments of the day (and some are very good) are compounded in part with some kind of Rock Oil. Hence it stands to reason that if a Petroleum can be had which can be swallowed it must be good, and thus, *Kier's Oil*, having that advantage, is the very essence and quintessence of medicine. It doctors the whole man, from head to foot—flesh and blood—skin and bones, and eradicates Disease and the cause of Disease—root and branch. Justified in using this language, as the Proprietors are, from personal observation for the last two or three years, as well as from constantly accumulating testimony—Letters—Certificates—printed, and written, and verbal Statements,—we do not feel at liberty to hold back the result from the people—it would not be right.

IF YOU OBJECT

that it is said to cure too many diseases to be good.—We reply—We cannot tell *how* it is, but *so* it is—that it cures so many diseases—and it is no affair of ours—it is the good fortune of the afflicted. We suppose it is just as easy for NATURE to make a Remedy for the whole man as part of a man—she never leaves her work half done. Another thing—we do not have as many diseases as we think. Take for instance SCROFULA—or KING'S EVIL, and all those Diseases having their origin in a depraved condition of the blood, and other fluids of the body,—this Oil will eradicate them with little cost. And yet there are perhaps a dozen different manifestations of Scrofula, in the same or in different persons—and some people call them different diseases, which will never do. It was the opinion of the late Dr *Rush*, Philadelphia, that there existed in *Nature* an antidote to every malady to which man is liable.

REFERENCES.

We add a few cures from the many certificates at hand:

RHEUMATISM—G. M. Spencer, Three Rivers, Mich.; F. H. Bleecker, Cincinnati (both inflammatory); H. Folmer, D. I. Co., Ind; P. H. Milibank, 65 years old, Utica. Take teaspoonful 3 times a day and bathe.

COUGH.—Rev. B. Halsted, John Watt, W. Day (for breast and lungs), Pittsburgh. Teaspoonful 3 times a day.

SORE EYES—J C Fisher, La Grange Centre; J M Mead, Mishawaka; S Nigh, Hagerstown. Apply 2 or 3 times a day, and if there is a scrofulous tendency, dose 3 times a day. Allow a little to get under the lid.

PILES.—E C Garretson, Cin.; Mr. Shell, Allen Co., Ind., J M Marshall, Salisbury, and others.—use internally and externally.

DIARRHŒA.—J Donovan, Indianapolis, grandson, 2 years old, of diarrhœa from his birth. H Wise, Pittsburgh, dose every three hours.

AGUE.—J G Jones, Terre Haute, Dec. 28, 1853—wife and 2 children cured of *inveterate ague*, and many others. Dose every 3 hours in absence of the fever.

DOCTOR J. FLATERRY, Columbus, writes that in his practice KIER'S PETROLEUM has superceded the use of Cod Liver Oil for the Lungs, and he uses it exclusively for Diarrhea and Dysentery, Scrofulous Affections and Enlargements of the Spleen.

Price 50 cents. For sale by H B REED, WALL & MEYER, J COLLINS, and Mr. WAGNER, Fort Wayne.

R. M LYON, *Proprietor*.
Fort Wayne, January 21. tf—29

WASH. M'LEAN. P. L. WEAVER

WASH. M'LEAN, & Co.,

Boiler Makers,

And Dealers in Second Hand Boilers and Engines
Congress Street, one door East of Ludlow,
CINCINNATI, Ohio.

Constantly on hand an assortment of new and second-hand Boilers, which they will sell low or exchange for old ones. y—24

Harness Makers.

A SUPERIOR article of HARNESS BRIDLE, & COLLAR LEATHER, of our own manufacture, for sale by H. C. GREY & Co

---

NEW HARDWARE.



H. DURRIE,

No 81 Columbia St. (Sign of the Padlock.)

HAVING received his fall supplies, offers the most complete assortment of HARDWARE in all its branches ever offered by any one in this place, of

AMERICAN & FOREIGN BAR IRON,

CAST STEEL, NAILS, GLASS,

Axles Eliptic Springs, Anvils, Bellows, Vices.

and other heavy goods; the assortment will compare with any west of the Lake.

MECHANICS will find an assortment of TOOLS fully up to the times *in shape*, and *warranted quality*.

Building Materials

of all kinds, including Nails, Sash and Glass all sizes. DOOR TRIMMINGS of all the most approved patterns now in use.

FARMER'S GOODS,

comprising every kind of Chains, from a Halter to a Log Chain, Shovels, Spades, Scoops, Grubbing Hoes, Forks, &c, &c.

Saddlers' Hardware & Gunsmiths' Trimmings,

of a greater variety than is usually found.

TABLE & POCKET CUTLERY,

Plated and Britannia Castors, Table Forks & Spoons.

SOLAR LAMPS,

And a variety of new Fluid Lamps, Britannia Tea Setts Curtain Cornices and Bands, and an assortment of HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS of all qualities.
Fort Wayne, Aug 31st, 1853.

Proclamation to the Invalids of Syracuse.

$1,000 REWARD!

PULVERMACHER'S

Hydro-Electric Voltaic Chains

ARE for the first time introduced to the people of Syracuse and vicinity, and the most *convenient*, *effectual* and strictly scientific mode of instantly relieving and permanently curing all

NERVOUS DISEASES.

Now we know that an announcement similar to the above meets the eye of the reader almost daily, and perhaps this may be classed with many others. But listen or you do us injustice. It is claimed that Pulvermacher's Electric Chain is the only magnetic remedical agent that is secured by patent granted by this government, on the ground that it was a strictly useful and scientific article. The Chains are now on exhibition at the Crystal Palace and attract much attention from the thousands who daily visit it.

MODE OF USE.

The manner of using the Chains is very simple. The chain is first *moistened* with *common vinegar*, and then one end of the chain is applied to the part where the pain is located, and the other end opposite to the first. The ends of the chain should never touch each other. At the moment of application, the *most acute pain is instantly* relieved, wherever it is located, by the passing through the part a constant current of uninterrupted electro magnetism. In the following diseases, no other remedy has ever given such complete and perfect satisfaction to the patient as Pulvermacher's Electric Chains: Rheumatism, Palpitation and swelled Joints, Pains in the Back, Deafness, Blindness, Paralysis, Neuralgia in the face, Long standing Nervous Headache, Palpitation of the Heart, General Debility, Dyspepsia, Female Diseases, Asthma, Contracted Joints, &c.

1,000 DOLLARS

will be given to any person who will produce so many well authenticated certificates of cure from intelligent patients and scientific physicians of the above diseases as has been performed by the use of the Electric Chain during the past year.

ANOTHER FACT.

It is truly the fact that wherever the electric chains have been introduced bottled nostrums and common herd have greatly diminished in sale, people having become disgusted with the practice of using their stomach for drug shops.

RECOMMENDATIONS.

The Electric Chains are highly recommended by Professors Mott, Van Buren, Post and Carnochan, of New York; are also in daily use in every Hospital in that city. The chains will last for years, are always ready for use, and produce no injurious results, when used as directed.

FEMALE DISEASES.

The introduction of the Electric Chain into this country is the dawn of a new era in medicine. During the last twenty years, it can safely be estimated that *ten thousand* females have died yearly from this *one disease*.

PROLAPSUS UTERI.

It is well known to medical men that this common disease is beyond the reach of medicine, and that in proportion to the amount of medicine given, the more the patient is doomed to suffer, and sooner will death close the scene.

During the last 2 years more than *one thousand cases* of *Prolapsus Uteri* (falling of the womb) have been *permanently* cured in England and France. Most of those cases were ladies of high standing, who had previously tried all other kinds of treatment with no benefit. Among the distinguished ladies that have been cured in Paris is the present *Queen* of France. In this country, during the last year, *one hundred cases* have been cured in the city of New York, many who have allowed their names to be published for the benefit of those suffering with similar complaints. The mode of use is simply to apply one end of a 30 link chain to the spine just above the hips, and the other end upon the abdomen, and allow the chain to remain for one hour. This is to be repeated four times during the twenty-four hours.

CHRONIC RHEUMATISM.

The Electric Chains never fail to relieve the severe pains and swelling incident to this disease. The worst forms of this disease readily yield to a few applications of a chain, and in no single instance have they failed to give instant relief, if they did not effect a permanent cure. All persons who are victims of this usual winter complaint, are kindly invited to call and obtain a pamphlet of Foot & Farrington, agents for Syracuse, who will also explain their mode of use.

The electric chains can be sent by mail to any part on the United States, by addressing (post paid) any of the agens in the principal cities, or Joseph Steinert, 568 Broadway, New York.

CARD TO LADIES.

Ladies who are *enceinte* are requested not to wear them *only* for a few minutes at each application, for by long continued use miscarriage is frequently produced.

Dillays, Brothers & Co., and Foot & Farrington, Agents for Syracuse and vicinity.

JOSEPH STEINERT,
Gen Agent, 568 Broadway, N.Y.

For sale by WALL & MEYER,
Big Iron Mortar, No. 95, Columbia st.
Feb 1, 1854. y—33 FORT WAYNE.

CITY MILLS.

CLINTON-ST., NORTH SIDE OF CANAL.

THE subscribers will purchase any amount of WHEAT at the highest market rates. They prepared and ready to FLOUR promptly any quantity of Wheat on the most reasonable terms.

Farmers who have *Custom Work or Grists* to grind will always find one more Run of Stone in readiness for this purpose.

All kinds of *Bread Stuffs* and *Mill Feed* at all time for sale. HOAGLAND & COMSTOCH.
Fort Wayne, Aug. 3. 1850. y5

---

45 Bags Rio Coffee,
60 bbls. New Orleans Sugar,
10 " Crushed and Powder Sugar,
20 " Molasses,
10 bags Yong Hyson and Emp. Tea.
Wholesale or Retail at ORFF'S,
Feb. 16 h, 1854. No. 3 Jones' Block.

EMBROIDERIES—The Ladies are particularly invited to give their attention to our stock of Cambric and Muslin Edgings and Insertings, Collars, and Undersleeves, as our stock is very large and prices extremely low. W. T. ABBOTT.

SUGAR! SUGAR!!

20 HHDS Orleans Sugar,
150 Bbls " "
WILLIAMS & HUESTIS,
Wholesale Grocers, No. 85 Columbia street.

---

30 DOZEN CHURNS,
20 doz Tubs,
50 doz Baskets.
Call at No. 85 Columbia street, at the wholesale Grocery Store of WILLIAMS & HUESTIS.

Golden and Sugar-house Syrup.

IN whole and half Barrels, can be had at No. 85 Columbia street. WILLIAMS & HUESTIS.

CANDY! CANDY!!

100 BOXES HEATHTS assorted at No. 85, Columbia street.
WILLIAMS & HUESTIS.

---

50 CHESTS TEA,
100 sacks Coffee,
80 boxes Tobacco,
20 bbls Cut and Dry Tobacco,
40 gross Silver leaf Chewing Tobacco.
30 " Paper " "
Call at the wholesale Grocery Store of
WILLIAMS & HUESTIS.

EMBROIDERING & SADLERS SILK of all colors may be found at the Boston Dry Goods Store, No. 77 Columbia Street.

NEW GOODS.

No. 79 GRANITE STORE. **OAKLEY & FRENCH,** No. 79 GRANITE STORE,

WOULD respectfully say to their friends and the public, that they are now receiving their Spring and Summer stock of Goods, which (they flatter themselves) is more complete than ever before offered in this market.

We have a very fine assortment of Table and Pocket

CUTLERY.

A superior stock of all kinds of Culinary ware.—A large supply of

HOUSE TRIMMINGS,

Locks, Latches, Butts, Screws, and all the little etceteries necessary to Trim a Cabin or Mansion.

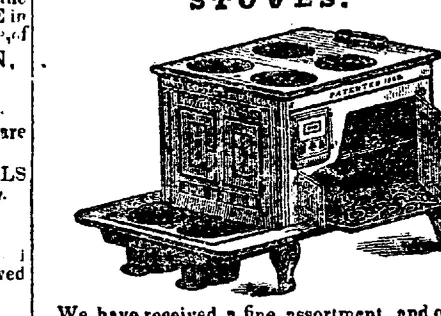
We would call the attention of Railroad Contractors to our stock of Shovels, Mattocks, Spades, Crowbars, and many other implements in their line.

A good assortment of Carpenter's, Cooper's Blacksmith's and other tools of the newest styles, and most improved patterns. *Warranted.*

We have a large stock of best Cast Steel Hoes (Tuttle's genuine), Scythes, Cradles, and all other implements for farming kept in Hardware Stores.

We wish to assure our friends that our Stock is very large, *well* selected in view of *this market*, and purchased *direct* of the *manufacturers* or of the *importers*. In all cases we get our goods of *first* hands, thereby saving one *profit* of which we are willing to give our customers the benefit.

STOVES.



We have received a fine assortment, and our supply will be kept up all summer.

We are prepared to supply Merchants with any quantity of

TIN-WARE

at short notice; and all orders for our goods will be put up with dispatch and correctness, at prices that will be advantageous to the purchasers.

We are prepared to do *all* kinds of Job, or House work in the Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron line. All work warranted.
May 7, 1853.

GUNS! GUNS!



South side of Columbia St., *three doors east of Clinton.*

SMITH & CO.,

Rifle and Pistol Manufacturers,

DEALERS in double and single barrel Shot Guns. Revolvers and other Pistols, Powder, Shot, and Caps. Guns neatly repaired.

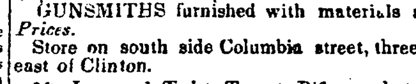
GUNSMITHS furnished with materials a *Low Prices*.

Store on south side Columbia street, three doors east of Clinton.

☞ *Increased Twist Target Rifles* made to order and warranted to perform according to the annexed scale:

At 100 yards, an average of	1	inch each shot.	
200 "	"	2½	"
300 "	"	5	"
400 "	"	8	"

SMITH & Co.
Aug. 27. y—8

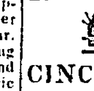


CINCINNATI AND FORT WAYNE

RAILROAD COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Stockholders of the Cincinnati & Fort Wayne Railroad Company, that they are requested by an order of the Board of Directors to pay to the Treasurer thereof, at the office of the company, in Fort Wayne, or to any assistant Treasurer, within thirty days from the date hereof, ten per cent of all cash subscriptions to the capital stock of said company, or five dollars on each share thereof; and ten per cent per month thereafter, or five dollars on each share thereof untill all is paid.
PETER P. BAILEY,
Prest. Cint. & Ft. Wayne R. R. Co.
July 2, 1853. 52—tf

Cabinet & Chair Making.



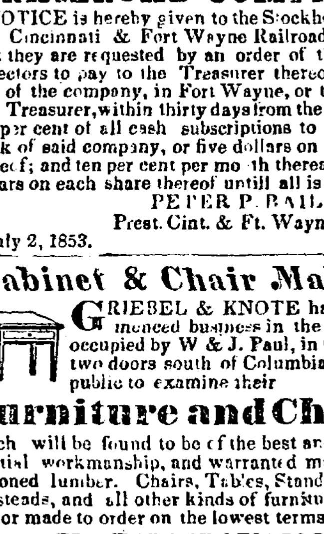
GRIEBEL & KNOTE having commenced business in the store lately occupied by W & J. Paul, in Clinton St, two doors south of Columbia, invite the public to examine their

Furniture and Chairs,

which will be found to be of the best and most substantial workmanship, and warranted made of good seasoned lumber. Chairs, Tables, Stands, Bureaus Bedsteads, and all other kinds of furniture kept for sale or made to order on the lowest terms.

UNDERTAKING.

They also have a Hearse and a Carriage, and will keep COFFINS of all sizes and descriptions.
LOUIS GRIEBEL.
Sept. 16. 1yr JULIUS KNOTE.



No. 95 Columbia Street. *No. 95 Columbia Street.*

WALL & MEYER,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals,

PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, DYESTUFFS,

Patent Medicines, Surgical Instruments, Glassware, Window Glass, Brushes, of all kinds;

Pure Wines & Brandies,

Perfumery, Soaps, and Fancy Articles,

ARE constantly receiving fresh supplies of all articles in their line direct from New York and Boston.

Country Merchants and Physicians are respectfully invited to call and examine our stock. All Drugs and Medicines will be warranted pure and unadulterated, having been selected with care from some of the best Eastern Houses.
Fort Wayne, Sept. 6th., 1853.

At the Mammoth Cave

Will be seen a large stock of

DRY GOODS,

Groceries, Hardware, Boots, Shoes, Hats & Caps,

And large assortment of

READY MADE CLOTHING,

and any quantity of NOTIONS just received and for sale low for cash by
Oct. 15. y 15 T. STAPLEFORD & Co.

---

30 kegs Shoenberger's Nails,
20 boxes assorted Glass, at ORFFS
Feb. 16 54. No. 3 Jones' Block.

Dry Goods & Carpet Store.

JOHN SHILLITO & Co.,

No. 13 East Fourth Street, Cincinnati, O.,

RESPECTFULLY inform their customers and purchasers generally, that they are now opening an extensive and complete assortment of

FANCY AND STAPLE

English, French, German, & American

DRY GOODS,

Also, Foreign and American CARPETING, imported direct from manufacturers.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS, thoroughly seasoned, from 3 to 24 feet in width; a large stock always on hand. Families, Hotel keepers, Steamboats owners and strangers may depend upon finding the best class of goods in our line, at prices as low as they can be purchased in the Eastern cities. y[illegible]

HENRY WILLIAMS. A. C. HUESTIS.

WILLIAMS & HUESTIS.

Wholesale and Retail Grocers,

No. 85 Columbia street, Fort Wayne, Constantly keep on hand

Groceries of all Kinds,

Such as Tea, Sugar, Molasses, Raisins, Spices, Tobacco, Soap, Candles, Buggy and Door Mats, Tubs, Buckets, Wash Boards,

AXES, NAILS, GLASS,

Sash, Stone and Earthenware, Glassware, Flour, Cheese, Cotton Batting, Cotton Yarn, Dyestuffs, Hatchets, Showels, Lead, Powder, Gun Caps, Forks, Well and Halter Ropes, Wrapping Paper, Wrapping Twine, Candle Wicking, &c, &c!

COUNTRY MERCHANTS

Will save money by purchasing their Groceries of WILLIAMS & HUESTIS, as they sell at a very small advance above Eastern and Cincinnati market.

FARMERS

will at all times receive the highest cash price for all kinds of produce.
Fort Wayne, January 6th, 1853.

Composition Cement Roofing.

THE subscriber has made arrangement and procured the necessary materials for covering buildings with the popular Composition and Gravel Roofing. This system of Roofing has given universal satisfaction wherever it has been introduced, and is rapidly superceeding all others. Its great advantages of durability, cheapness, tightness, and perfect safety from fire recommend it to all persons erecting good buildings. Though fully equal to tin in every respect, the cost is less than one half—but little more in fact than pine shingles.

For specimens the public are invited to examine the new 4 story Cabinet Shop of J. M. Miller; and Cooper's new Car Factory, south of A. Hamilton.
HENRY CHAMBERLAIN.
Oct. 10. y16

HOES, a full supply of the Tuttle Hoe, bought of the manufacturer himself and therefore no counterfeit. OAKLEY & FRENCH.

PLANES, a full assortment of the best kinds O. & F.

HOUSE Trimmings, such as Locks, Hinges, etc. a full assortment. O. & F.

FILES, our assortment can't be easily beat. O. & F.

AUGERS, cast steel, con-cave and plain. O. & F.

1853. **FORT WAYNE** 1853

STEAM IRON WORKS.

JACOB C BOWSER. JOSEPH STORY.

BOWSER & STORY,

Manufacturers of and Dealers in

STATIONARY STEAM ENGINES,

Of every size and variety, for Saw and Grist Mills, Shops and Warehouses,

Railroad Cars, Car Wheels,

SAW AND GRIST MILL GEARING,

Thrashing Machines, Stove, Potash, & Sugar Kettles, Plows, Plow Shears, &c.

and every other variety of Castings used in the western country, all on the most improved style and pattern. We invite particular attention to our

SHORT STROKE ENGINES

and machinery for saw mills, which are the most simple, durable, economical, and easily managed of any built in this city, the saw dust and slabs supplying abundant fuel.

Those wishing to purchase in our line will do well to give us a call (or address us by letter) as we are bound not to be beat in style and prices by any establishment in the country.

REPAIRS done with neatness and despatch.
Cash paid for old Castings and Brass.
Fort Wayne, October 20, 1853. y16

BASS & EMRICK,

Wholesale and Retail Grocers,

FORT WAYNE, INDIANA,

HAVE just received and opened in the new brick building corner of Canal and Calhoun Streets, the largest, cheapest and best selected

STOCK OF GROCERIES,

of every kind and description, ever brought to this market, all of which they are now prepared to exchange for cash, or Country Produce, such as Wheat, Corn, Oats, Beans, Bacon, Lard, Tallow, Hides, Beeswax, Ginseng Potatoes, Butter, and Eggs, and in fact, almost any and everything else, (except old shoes and brick-bats.

To the COUNTRY DEALERS we would say we have bought our goods from *first hands*, and can offer inducements not heretofore offered in Fort Wayne.

All we ask is an examination of our goods and prices. They cannot fail to please. Call and see for yourselves.
Fort Wayne, August 20, 1852. n7

1853.  **1853.**

Wm. S. EDSALL,

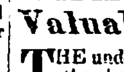
FORWARDING and Commission Merchant, and General Dealer in Produce, Salt, Fish, &c.—Warehouse on the canal, Fort Wayne Liberal Cash advances will be made on property consigned to me for sale in this, Toledo, Buffalo or New York markets.

REFER TO

Hugh McCulloch, Esq., Cashier Br. Bank.	
Smith & Hunt,	Toledo.
G. S. Hazard, Esq.,	Buffalo.
W. A. Brown,	New York.
Ayers & Tunis,	do. y25

COOPERS & CLARK

MANUFACTURERS OF

 **LOCOMOTIVES**

AND STATIONARY ENGINES,

Railroad Cars, Car Wheels, Boilers, Mill Gearing, &c., &c.

All on the most Improved Styles, and Warranted.
MOUNT VERNON, OHIO. C. G. CAMP, Agent.

REFERENCES.

Messrs. LITTLE & McCULLOCH, Fort Wayne.
HUBBEL, COMPARET & Co, " "
July 2d, 1853. ply52

NOTICE EXTRA.

OAKLEY & FRENCH have just received and will keep on hand a large supply of the best *four* ply

RUBBER BELTING,

from 6 to 12 inches wide. Also a quantity of *Rubber* and other *Steam Packing*.

They have also recaived

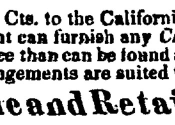
250 Stoves,

which they will sell very low in order to make room for more that are on the way.
June 11th, 1853.

German Books.

FOR sale at the Farmer's Depot. Bibles, Testaments, Hymn Books, Stark's Prayer Book, School Books, Kolrausch's History of the German Nation; Luther's Works, Erlanger's edition, 51 volumes, price $20 00; Wittenberger's edition, $15 00, Leipsic edition $26 00. Hirsahberger Bible, late edition, $4 00; Brockhaus' Conversations Lexicon, late edition, 15 volumes. And a great variety of Literary and Theological Works.

These books are all fine editions, and imported direct from Germany. I have made such arrangements that I can procure any German Book desired, at the shortest notice.
July 16. H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

PIANO FORTE  **WARE ROOM**

C. L. HILL having opened rooms for the sale of

PIANO FORTES,

AND OTHER

Musical Instruments,

would say to the public that he is now receiving a fine stock of Boardman & Gray's celebrated Pianos, with and without the

DOLCE CAMPANA ATTACHMENT.

This attachment combines more richness and beauty of tone than was ever before attained in the Piano Forte. Its particular qualities are clearness brilliancy and delicacy of tone, which falls upon the ear with a surpassing softness, like the chiming peals of distant bells.

Messrs. Boardman & Gray's Pianos, besides their other excellences, are warranted to be of great durability and wear longer than any others made.

He has also on hand a fine assortment of *Melodeons, Guitars, Violins, Flutes, &c.* Also Violin and Guitar Strings. In fact, almost every thing in the music line.

He is daily expecting a consignment of Stoddart's Piano Fortes. Oct. 1850.

H. C. GREY & CO.

HAVING their **TANNERY** completed and in full operation, are now receiving at their store, corner of Columbia and Clinton streets, under the Telegraph office, a full assortment of

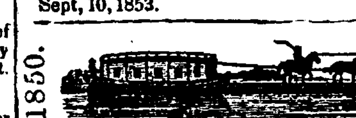
Eastern and Imported Leather,

FINDINGS, SHOE THREADS, &c,

which they offer for sale at reasonable prices.

As they give their exclusive attention to the leather and finding business, they hope to be able to give complete satisfaction. Country orders promptly filled. All articles ordered may be returned at our expense if not satisfactory.

☞ HIDES wanted at the Highest Market Prices.
Sept, 10, 1853. y10pd

1850.  1850.

J. E. HILL, A. M. ORBISON.

HILL & ORBISON,

(Successors to Hill, Orbison & Co.,)

Forwarding & Commission MERCHANTS.

FORT WAYNE, IA.

☞ *Liberal advances made on Produce.* ☜

REFERENCES:

E. Haskell & Co.,	*Toledo.*	Ayres & Tunis,	*New York.*
Smith, Robinson & Co.	"	Kent, Poag & Co.,	"
Collins, Brown & Co.	"	Kimberley, Pease & Co.	*Buffalo.*
Peckham & Scott.	"	C. McKennell & Co.	*Cincinnati.*
Field & King,	"	John Ranch,	*Dayton.*
Kirk & Lawton,	*Piqua, Ohio.*	H. S. Mayo,	*Troy. Ohio.*

Fort Wayne, September 16, 1848.

ALLEN  COUNTY

Agricultural Warehouse

COMPARET, HUBBELL & CO.

Agents for Emery & Co.'s Railroad Horse Power, and Improved Premium Separators, and Dealers in Farming Machinery and Implements,

HAVE completed an addition to their forwarding and commission house expressly for

Agricultural Implements,

where may be found all the New Labor-saving Mechanics so much needed by our farmers. Any desired article can be ordered if not on hand.
May 1st, 1852.

Piano Forte Warehouse.

At Manufacturer's Prices.

T. P. ANDERSON, agent for G. Gilbert, and Lemuel Gilbert, Piano Forte Manufacturers, of Boston, has a splendid collection of

Æolian and Boudoir Pianos

now on hand, at his room, in Hamilton's Block, over Teller's Shoe Store, to which he invites the attention of the public. The

BOUDOIR PIANOS

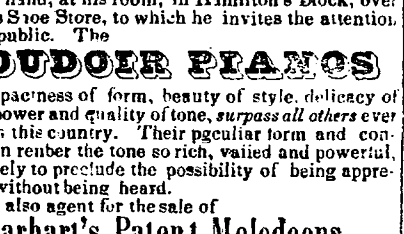
or compactness of form, beauty of style, delicacy of touch, power and quality of tone, *surpass all others* ever made in this country. Their peculiar form and construction render the tone so rich, varied and powerful, as entirely to preclude the possibility of being appreciated without being heard.

He is also agent for the sale of

Carhart's Patent Melodeons,

which for quality of Tone and Finish are universally admitted to be superior to anything of the kind ever before offered to the public.

All instruments sold by him are warranted.
October 29, 1852. ly7



OAKLEY & FRENCH,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Tin, Sheet Iron, and Copper Ware,

AND DEALERS IN

STOVES, HOLLOW-WARE, &c.

No. 79 COLUMBIA STREET,
FORT WAYNE.

Valuable Lands for Sale.

THE undersigned have on hand a large quantity of the choicest LANDS in Northern Indiana; Improved and unimproved, located in the counties of Allen, Adams, Wells, Huntington, Whitley, Noble, Steuben and DeKalb, and offer them

For Sale on the Most Reasonable Terms.

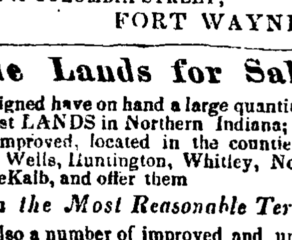
They have also a number of improved and unimproved LOTS in this city, which they will dispose of on reasonable terms that cannot fail to suit purchasers. Persons desirous of

Purchasing Lands or Town Lots,

will do well to give him a call before making arrangements elsewhere.

N. B. Lands shown and descriptions, *free of charge*, by application at our office at the Court House.
COLERICK & WITHERS,
General Lands and Tax Agents.
Fort Wayne, Nov. 22, 1849. 21y.

ROBINSON'S



Tannery

LEATHER,

AND

Boot & Shoe

STORE,

SITUATED across the WEST end of principal business street of Fort Wayne, being at the

LONG CANAL BRIDGE.

At this MANUFACTORY and SALE STORE may be found a general assortment of

All kinds of Leather suited to this Market.

ALSO

Home-Made Boots & Shoes,

of the best quality, made in this place, *Warranted*.

ALSO

Eastern Styles of Boots & Shoes,

for all clases and of great variety.

CHILDREN'S at 20 Cts. and upwards.

LADIES' from 45 Cts. to the neatest city styles and prices.

MEN'S from 60 Cts. to the California mark!

No establishment can furnish any *Cheaper* or *better* articles for the price than can be found at this STORE.

My arrangements are suited to the

Wholesale and Retail Trade

And all are invited to call and examine the extensive varieties now on hand, and that will hereafter be added to my Stock, as the varying seasons and tastes of purchases shall require.
JAMES H. ROBINSON.
Fort Wayne, June 1852.

THE LARGEST

SILK RIBBON, AND TRIMMING HOUSE IN NEW YORK.

THOMAS G. STEARNS,

IMPORTER AND JOBBER OF

Silks, Millinery, and Fancy Goods,

At Nett Cash Prices.—Time granted by adding interest

162 Broadway, N. Y.,

HAS now in store, and is daily receiving and offering at the lowest Prices, a complete assortment of Goods in his line, comprising all the various styles and designs, consisting of

Black and Fancy Silks.

Marcelines, Florences, Shawls, Trimmings Bonnet Ribbons.

TAFFETA AND SATIN RIBBONS,

DRESS TRIMMINGS OF ALL KINDS, EMBROIDERIES,

French and English Crapes, Crape Lisses, Silk Cravats, Gloves of all kinds, Silk Lace, Mitts, Bareges, Laces, White Goods, Hosiery, L. C. Hdkfs.

The undersigned would invite the Merchants from the North, South, East, West, when in the City, to favor him with a call, and examine his stock before purchasing.
THOMAS G. STEARNS,
162 BROADWAY,
Between Liberty street and Maiden Lane, N. Y.

JOHN BROWN,

DEALER IN

STONE AND LIME,

New York and Louisville Cement, and Plaster of Paris.

The above articles kept constantly on hand at his new stone Building, north of the canal, near the City Mills. y12

HUGH B. REED,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals,

Paints, Oils, Varnishes, and Dye Stuffs, Glassware Window Class, Putty, Paint and Varnish Brushes, Perfumery, Soap, and Fancy Articles, Surgical Instruments, Tobacco, Cigars and snuffs, Patent Medicines, Pure Wines and Brandies,

IS now receiving direct from the eastern cities, his Fall Stock, to which he invites the attention of dealers. Customers and physicians will always find at his establishment

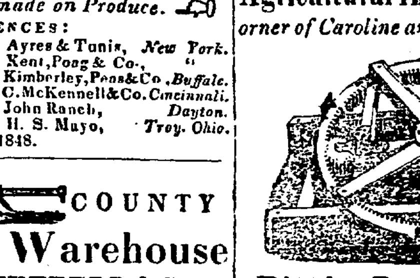
Fresh & Unadulterated Medicines,

which he has selected with great personal care for this market.

His stock will be found as extensive as any other in the state, and his prices will compare with any other house in the west. Call and examine.
Fort Wayne, Nov. 9, 1852. H B R.

Agricultural Implement Manufactory

corner of Caroline and Third St., BUFFALO, N



Pitt's Patent Separator,

IMPROVED DOUBLE PINION HORSE POWER,

Corn and Cob Mills, &c.

I HEREBY give notice that since the extension of the Patent Rigght on my machine for treshing and cleaning grain, I have removed to Buffalo, N. Y., where I have permanently located and erected a large establishment for the future manufacture of the above machines.

The Separator has been enlarged, improved and rendered more permanent and durable in all its parts, while the Horse Power, for strength, ease, durability and cheapness of repair, is not surpassed by any in the United States. This Power is waranted to stand the full strength of eight horses; also to give as much effective or useful power when driven by one or two horses as any other Horse Power, whether constructed on the endless chain or lever principle. It was put on trial at the great exhibition of Horse Powers and Treshing Machines at Geneva in July, 1852, where it received the New York State Agricultural Society's first premium.

My machines will tresh and clean from three to five hundred bushels of wheat per day, and other grain in proportion. Two hundred of the above machines are for sale at the Agricultural works of the subscriber in this city, all warranted to be a better article than can be purchased at any other shop, and if they do not on trial prove to be so, I will take them off the hand of the purchasers at the price they may pay me for them.

I further notify all persons who are purchasing Horse Powers to be used in Califrnia and Oregon, that I will hold them accountable for any infringements to the rights secured to me by latters patent to the above machines, as I am manufacturing a Horse Power and Sedarator expressly for that section.

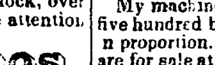
All orders for the above machines, hereafter addressed to John A. Pitts, Buffalo, New York, will receive prompt attention. JOHN A. PITTS.

COMPARET, HUBBEL, & Co,

are Agents for the sale of the above machines, Fort Wayne. Persons wishing to purchase can see them by calling at our Warehouse. 51—tf

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Fort Wayne Plow Factory.

CORNER OF *Main & Harrison streets.*  CORNER OF *Main & Harrison streets.*

THE subscribers inform the public that they have commenced the manufacture of the

Empire Steel Plows,

at the shop lately occupied by Broom. This is now the favorite Plow throughout the southern part the state; it took the First Premium at the Ohio State Fair in 1850, and the Indiana State Fair last fall—Farmers are invited to call and examine them. Various sizes will be kept on hand.

They also make Steel SHOVEL PLOWS, and 3 and 5 Shovel CULTIVATORS of the best quality.

All the articles made by us will be warranted to perform satisfactorily. REID & THATCHER.

A. D. BRANDRIFF,

No. 94 Columbia Street, FORT WAYNE.  *THE OLD STOVE.* Sign of

COOKING STOVES

OF all kinds, at prices from $10 to $90, of extra weight and quality, made directly from the ore to order, at one of the best Furnaces in the United States, which enhances their value and durability at least fifty per cent above New York castings, (where there is a mixture of old metal.) Every Stove we will

Warrant to give perfect satisfaction,

and will insure every plate from breaking from the action of fire for a reasonable time, at prices CHEAPER than was ever before offered in Fort Wayne. Our stock consist in part of the following:

5	sizes of the Ironton Premium Cooking Stove:				
5	do	best	do	do	do
4	do	new	do	do	do
2	do	Elevated oven or Drum			do
5	do	Comets or Air-tight			do
2	do	Indiana (6 holes)			do
1	do	Hoosier State (5 holes)			do

2 sizes 7 plate Stove suitable for Churches and School houses.
6 " Box Stoves, beautiful pattern and heavy plates.
2 " 10 Plated Stoves with oven and 2 holes on top, suitable for dining rooms and saloons.
2 " Franklin, and open front Parlor Stoves.
2 " Russia Iron self regulators.
4 " Rip Van Winkle of original design, and one of the most beautiful cast Parlor Stoves ever presented to the public.

Also a large variety of all kinds of Stoves too tedious to mention. Also Sugar Kettles, Ovens, Skillets, Pots, Dog Irons, Smoothing Irons, and odd lids, &c., &c.

In connection with our Stoves, we have

A LARGE TIN SHOP,

and keep constantly on hand an extensive assortment of *Tin Ware* of our own manufacture, which we offer at Wholesale and Retail at prices and quality that will always give satisfaction. Country merchants will do well to examine our stock. Also a large assortment of Japanned ware Spouting and Gutters constantly on hand, and all kinds of House Jobbing done at the shortest notice and in the best workmanlike manner.

Old Iron, Pewter, Copper and Raggs, taken in exchange for wares. Our entire stock is only to be seen to be appreciated.
July 8th, 1853. y1

Abdominal Supporters.

DOCTOR BANNING'S celebrated Body Braces Doctor Marshes' Bandages, Doctor Seymour's Supporters, also with Shoulder Braces attached; Shoulder Braces of all the various kinds; a large stock of all the above for sale cheap.
H. B. REED.

New York Cash Store.

R. EVANS & CO.,

Northwest Corner of the Public Square, Fort Wayne,

DEALERS IN

Dry Goods, Groceries,

AND ALL OTHER MERCHANDIZE,

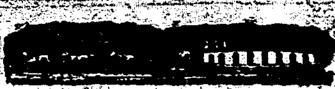
suited to the country trade,

RINALDO EVANS, S. CARY EVANS,
Fort Wayne. [m47] New York.

Cash paid for Furs and Skins.

Fancy Goods.

CALL and examine a large Stock of new Styles of every thing you can think of in this line, all of them direct from Paris. Bronze Vases, Statuets, Paper Weights, Mantle Ornaments, Urns etc. Stationery, Work Boxes, Rose Boxes, Purses, Souvenirs, Pearl Portmonaies, Fine water colors, Fancy Boxes &c. &c. all of them as cheap as [illegible]
Dec 16, 1852. H. B. REED.

1850.  1850.

PETER P. BAILEY

Storage, Forwarding, & Commission

MERCHANT,

Will pay CASH for Flour, Wheat, Corn, Pork and Pot Ashes, and most other products of the country, or make liberal advances on the same WAREHOUSE NORTH SIDE OF THE CANAL, FORT WAYNE, Ia.

REFERENCES.

Allen Hamilton, President Branch Bank, *Fort Wayne*
Hugh McCulloch, Cashier " " "
Samuel Hanna, " "
Jesse L. Williams, Chief Engineer, W. & E. Canal
S. Smith & Co., Toledo.
E. Haskell & Co., "
Collins, Brown & Co., "

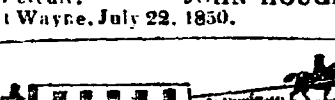
Town Lots for sale.

THE proprietor of the INDIANA LAND AGENCY offers for sale the following lots in Fort Wayne, viz:

HANNA'S ADDITION.	COUNTY ADDITION.
Lot No. 63	Lot No. 48
" " 80	" " 49
" " 81	" " 72
" " 111	TABOR'S ADDITION
" " 141	Lot No. 3
" " 166	" " 29
" " 344	" " 30
" " 345	ROCKHILL'S ADDITION.
" " 536	Lot No. 42
" " 542	" " 47
" " 561	" " 65
EWING'S ADDITION.	" " 66
Lot No. 3 Block No. 27	" " 118
" " 4 " " 27	" " 119
" " 8 " " 21	" " 120
" " 9 " " 21	OLD PLAT.
" " 4 " " 26	Lot No. 28
" " 3 " " 28	" " 59
" " 8 " " 30	" " 62
" " 4 " " 32	" " 89

Out Lot No. 8, Hanna's Addition, ¼ Acre.

The above are offered *low* for Cash, or on a liberal credit. JOHN HOUGH, Jr.
Fort Wayne, July 22, 1850.

1852.  1852.

COMPARET, HUBBELL & Co

Forwarding & Commission Merchants

Eastern Basin, Columbia Street, near the Packet Landing,
FORT WAYNE, IND.

AGENTS for Western Transportation Co.
Clinton and Eckford Lines,
Franklin Glass Works,
Oswego Cotton Mills,
Fairbank's Scales, &c. &c.,

And Dealers in Salt, Fish, Nails, Powder, Pine Sash &c.

CASH paid for GRAIN, and liberal ADVANCES made on consignments.
May 1, 1852.

Indiana Land Agency.

THE subscriber, having greatly extended his operations, still continues the business in all its various branches, and tenders his services to the public for the *Sale of Lands, Investigation of Titles, Payment of Taxes, Procuring of Patents*, and other services pertaining to a Systematic and

GENERAL LAND AGENCY.

He is provided with numerous and accurate Maps of different counties, and of the State—has personally visited the greater portion of Northern Indiana,—has numerous and careful correspondents, and is prepared to furnish extensive and thorough information with regard to the *ownership, soil location, and value of* LANDS, which will be afforded *gratuitously* to all who desire such information.

He offers for sale

Large Tracts of Valuable Land,

well adapted to farming purposes, situate as follows:

	Acres.		Acres.
Allen County	17,706	Noble County	7,747
DeKalb "	7,624	Whitley "	7,797
Steuben "	2,767	Huntington "	5,974
Lagrange "	1,965	Wabash "	7,703
Kosciusko "	7,470	Miami "	1,727
Blackford "	2,774	Carroll "	1,920
Jay "	1,696	Cass "	2,640
Walls "	2,720	Fulton "	1,279
Adams "	2,996	Marshall "	1,329
Elkhart "	1,720	White "	1,549
Fountain "	2,747	Montgomery "	1,770
Putnam "	1,797	Clinton "	1,797
Parke "	1,535	Marion "	1,020
Boone "	1,970	Porter "	2,030

The above lands will be sold for cash, or a part cash and the remainder on a liberal credit. Title, indisputable.

He also offers for sale several valuable

Improved Farms,

in the counties of ALLEN, HUNTINGTON, NOBLE and WABASH and a large number of

TOWN LOTS

at the towns of FORT WAYNE, HUNTINGTON, LAGRO, WABASH, PERU and MARION.

Prompt attention will be given to all communications from persons desiring to purchase.

Office at the "INDIANA LAND AGENCY," on Calhoun Street. JOHN HOUGH, Jr.
Fort Wayne. July 22, 185[illegible]

Morse's Compound Syrup OF YELLOW DOCK ROOT

THIS is a *Purely Vegetable Compound*, scientifically prepared from the best Roots and Herbs of the Materia Medica, and has gained an unrivalled reputation for the following effects, viz:

REGULATING AND STRENGTHENING THE

LIVER & DIGESTIVE ORGANS,

and Cleansing the Stomach and Bowels,

and thus CURING all all Bilious Diseases, Liver Complaints, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Costiveness, Piles, Headache, Fever and Ague, Jaundice, Nausea, Loss of Appetite, &c., and causing the food to nourish and support every part,

PURIFYING THE BLOOD,

and thus curing all Humors, Cutaneous Eruptions, Scofula, Salt Rheum, Erisipelas, Scald Head, Canker, Pimples on the face, Blotches, Ulcers, Tumors, Mercurial Disease, Cancers, &c.

Regulating the Secretory Organs,

and by enabling them to perform their proper functions, preventing and curing many painful and dangerous diseases; STRENGTHENING AND QUIETING THE NERVOUS SYSTEM, thus allaying Nervous Irritation, and curing all diseases of the Nerves, Histeria, Neuralgia, Cramps, &c. It is unrivalled in the cure of all

FEMALE COMPLAINTS,

as Weakness, general debility, Irregularity, Obstructions, Swelling of the Feet, Limbs, Joints, &c., caused by weakness; also LUNG and THROAT COMPLAINTS, as Colds, Cought, Asthma, Consumption, &c.; also Dropsy.

Having made use of the Compound Syrup of Yellow Dock Root, prepared by C. MORSE & Co., either ourselves or in our families, and finding it to be a very salutary and effectual preparation, we do most cheerfully recommend it to the public as a very valuable medicine.

E Bourne, Esq., Cashier National Bank, Providence R. I; A. W. Spencer, Esq., Cashier Lime Rock Bank do do do; Rev. Williams Phillips, Rev. J. B. Richmond, C. S. Jones, editor Providence Gen. Adv., Wm. Field, M. W. G. M., Cyrus Fisher, M. E. H. P., James Hutchinson, G. S. Dea, V. J. Bates, Doct. Benj. Colby, and one hundred others of the most respectable families of Providence.

This certifies that I have for a number of years been acquainted with the composition and mode of manufacture of *Morse's Compound Syrup of Yellow Dock Root*. I have also been acquainted with its modus operandi in disease, and can say that in all respects it is admirably calculated to remedy that class of Diseases for which it was designed. It is especially valuable in INDIGESTION and all its attendant symptomes, it excites to healthy action the LIVER, removes Torpor and inactivity of this ORGAN, and stimulates healthy action in all the system. As a DEPURATOR or purifier of the Blood it has no superior.
DAVID HOLMES, M. D.
Providence, R. I., Jan. 4, 1853.

PREPARED BY **C. MORSE & Co.,**
No. 446 Broadway, N. Y.

Sold by WALL & MEYER, Druggists, *Fort Wayne.*

And Druggists and others throughout this and other counties. y48

Marble Monuments & Tombstones.

THE subscriber has on hand a large supply of the above articles, of the BEST quality, which he will sell very low. ☞ All persons wishing anything in that line are particularly requested to call and examine for themselves before purchasing anywhere.

CUT STONE OF ALL KINDS.

Principal Yard on the Canal, west of Ewing's Warehouse and Boat Yard. Finishing shop on Columbia street, in Block between H. B. Reed's Drug Store, and Hill, Orbison & Co's warehouse.
JAMES HUMPHREY.
Fort Wayne, March 20, 1850.

DRIED APPLES—300 bushels just received by WILSON & TRESSELT.
June 25, 1852.

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100 [illegible] NAILS, assorted sizes for sale by COMPARET & HUBBELL.

PAPER [illegible]

The Fort Wayne Sentinel

VOL. 14—No 47. FORT WAYNE, INDIANA, SATURDAY, MAY 27, 1854. WHOLE No 1091.

THOMAS TIGAR,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

OFFICE.—Corner of Pearl and Calhoun streets, Third Story, opposite P. Kiser's.

TERMS:

Two Dollars per annum, in Advance; Two Dollars Fifty Cents at the end of Six Months; or Three Dollars at the end of the Year.

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid up except at the option of the publisher.

Advertisements inserted at One Dollar per Square of Ten Lines for the first three weeks, and half that rate for subsequent insertions.

A liberal allowance made to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING

Executed with neatness, accuracy and despatch on the most reasonable terms.

LIFE INSURANCE.

U. States Life Insurance Annuity & Trust Company of Philadelphia.

OFFICES—S. E. corner Third and Chesnut sts., Philad'a.
5 Nassau street, New York.
49 Camp street, New Orleans;
20 Second street, Baltimore;
18 Congress street, Boston;
20 Third Street, Cincinnati.

Assets liable for Losses, Jan 1, 1853, $306,029,004.

The Cash System, the only safe, sound and sensible one for either a Company or its insured members, and a perseverance in rigid application of correct Life Insurance business, have resulted in the most eminent success of this Company.

CINCINNATI BOARD OF TRUSTEES.
John L. Vattier, President.
Richard Conkling, John W. Mearick,
S. B. W. McLean, L. P. Williams,
W. M. Cameron, Richard Bates,
James Mathews, Robert Cameron,
A. Taft, Robert Moore,
John Evans. Wilson Carey, Secretary.
S. D. BAYLESS, Agent for Fort Wayne.
H. P. Ayres, M. D., Ex. Physician.
Aug. 27th, 1853. y-9

LIFE INSURANCE.

The Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York.
Trinity Building, 111 Broadway.
Net accumulating Cash Funds, July 31st., 1853.
$2,193,892.

Charter Oak Life Insurance Co.,
HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.
Capital and Surplus, over $300,000.

THE undersigned, Agent for the above two most successful and responsible Life Insurance Companies in the United States, is prepared to receive applications for Life Insurance.

Pamphlets containing rates of premium, and information on the subject of Life Insurance, may be obtained at the office of the undersigned.

"It is no more the moral duty of man to provide the daily bread for his family, while he lives, than it is to provide against their being left penniless in the event of his death."

JOSEPH K. EDGERTON, *Agent.*
Fort Wayne, Sept. 12th, 1853. y10

NEW ENGLAND
Live Stock Insurance Co.,
NEW HAVEN, CONNECTICUT.
CAPITAL $100,000,

HORSES, Cattle, and Sheep Insured against *death or damage*, from natural causes, accidents or disease, at rates which will make it the interest of every one to avail themselves of its protection

FARMER'S STOCK

Insured at extraordinary low rates. All who depend upon their teams for a livelihood, should come immediately and have their Horses or Cattle insured before they are injured or take sick and die.

E. F. COLERICK, *Agent.*
Wm. Courson, *Inspector.*
November 12, 1851. y12

Insurance Agency.

The subscriber having received the agency of the

Ætna Insurance Company
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT,

Is prepared to issue policies on the most favorable terms.

This Company has a Capital Stock of $300,000, all paid in and well invested, and is one of the oldest and most responsible Companies in the Union.

JOHN HOUGH, Jr.
Fort Wayne, Oct. 30, 1851. y17

Ohio Live Stock
Insurance Company
OF CINCINNATI.
CAPITAL PAID IN $100,000.

THIS Company will insure Horses, Cattle, and Sheep, from death or damage, either from natural causes, accident or diseases of any description whatever, at low rates.

Directors—Wm. Barnett, E. S. Haines, S. Robert, H. H. Goodman, Wm. Person.
G. W. Reeder, Sec'y. Wm. Burnett, Pres't.
Office No. 8, Front Street, Cincinnati

The undersigned having been appointed agent for Northern Indiana, is now prepared to issue policies. Office over B. Smith's Store, corner of Columbia and Calhoun streets.

E. F. COLERICK, *Agent.*
Fort Wayne, May 10, 1851. y41

Protection
Fire & Marine Insurance Company
OF HARTFORD, CONN.
Capital Stock, $300,000.

THE undersigned, Agent of this old and well known Company is fully authorized to insure Dwellings, Stores, Hotels, Warehouses, Mills, Manufactories, Barns, &c. Also, Household Furniture and Goods, Wares and Merchandise contained and stored therein, against

LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE,

Also, Dry Goods, Groceries, Manufactured Goods, Produce, Household Furniture, Live Stock, and every other description of Merchandise or Personal property, shipped or to be shipped per good steamboat, or boats, to or from points on the Western waters, or between Eastern cities, (via Lakes or other inland routes,) and any town in the Western country, against the hazards of

INLAND TRANSPORTATION,

Also shipments of Goods, Wares and Merchandise, per good vessel or vessels, between New Orleans and Eastern parts—between New Orleans and other Gulf ports—between all American ports and English or European ports or to any maritime ports whatsoever in the atlantic waters, against the

PERILS OF THE SEAS.

For terms of Insurance—also pamphlets containing further information, apply to

JOHN HOUGH, Jr.,
Agent Protection Insurance Company.
Fort Wayne, Jan. 16, 1850. y45

City Insurance Company
OF CINCINNATI.
Will Insure against Loss or Damage by FIRE

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FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.
Office—On the corner of Main & Calhoun streets. 126

W. S. HOAGLAND,
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FORT WAYNE, IND.
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July 16, 1851. y-4

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Nov. 17, 1849. 20-y.

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MEDICAL NOTICES.

Drs. O. & Mary F. THOMAS.

OFFICE North-West Corner of Main and Calhoun Streets in Phoenix Block, over Foellinger's Shoe Store, FORT WAYNE, IND. d—41

Dr. ROGERS

Office on Corner Main and Calhoun streets Over K. Evans & Co's Store.
Fort Wayne, Sept. 19, 1853. 6m21

DR. E. W. JENKS,
Fort Wayne.

Office on Calhoun street, recently occupied by Drs. Sturgis and Woodworth. y—30

HOMŒOPATHIST.

DR. BOWEN has removed his office one door south, and can now be found over Stapleford's store, ever ready and attentive, to the interests of his patients, to practice Homœopathy in its purity.

N. B. Books, Medicine, and Cases for sale.—Residence at Wm. Bowen's, Barr Street. 37

Dr. Woodworth

HAS removed his Office to his house, on the corner of Clinton and Wayne streets, directly back of the 1st Presbyterian Church, where he may be found when not professionally engaged.
Fort Wayne, Feb. 25th, 1854 34

DR. C. E. STURGIS, continues the practice of Medicine and Surgery at his office on Calhoun street. Those requiring his services will meet with prompt attention.
Fort Wayne, August 18th, 1847. 166

HOMŒOPATHY.

P. H. LEONARD, M. D., respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity, as *Homœopathic Physician, and Surgeon*. He may be found at the Office of Dr Brooks, on Calhoun Street, East building north of Canal Bridge, at all times when not professionally engaged. ply8

Fort Wayne & Mississippi Railroad.



BOOKS for subscription to the stock of the Company have been opened at the following places, and are in the hands of the following named gentlemen:

Rensselaer, by Dr. G. A. Moss,
Warsaw, by William D. Barnett,
Rochester, by Anthony F. Smith,
Liberty Mills, by John Comstock.
Fort Wayne, by Allen Hamilton.
A. HAMILTON, President.
R. E. Fleming, Secretary. 188

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Fort Wayne, August 10th 1852. 3tf.

SPEECH OF HON. JOHN PETTIT,
On the Homestead Bill.

On motion by Mr. Walker, the Senate as in Committee of the Whole, proceeding to consider the bill from the House of Representatives, granting a Homestead of one hundred and sixty acres of the public lands to actual settlers.

Mr. Pettit said:

Mr. President: To the details of the bill now under consideration I have given no attention, but its principles meet the full approbation of my head and my heart. On my head because, in my judgment, it will give to the country strength and defense, which will serve in the place of fortification and standing armies. Of my heart, because it is an act of justice. Of my head, because it does that wisest of all thing in a country, it couples patriotism with an interest, and makes it more ardent, available, and enduring. Of my heart, because it will give a house to the houseless and a home to the homeless.

The people of the country from its institutions, and its institutions, in turn, form the character of the people. People, institutions, and country are so nearly allied that they must mutually mould and sustain each other, for separately they will fall and decay.

Institutions should create and encourage love of country, and willingness to suffer in its defense; for, without this, institutions will fall into weakness disrepute, and degeneracy, from which tyranny cannot rescue, nor severity save.

Mr. President, in all ages of the world there has been a longing, aching, and earnest desire in men to own and individualize the ownership of the soil; and for the promise, possession, and enjoyment of this, they have and will endure patiently more hardships, more fatigue, more suffering, and show more patriotism, than for all other earthly things put together.

In undertaking so wide and radical a change of our past policy, and adopting a new one with us, that is to effect so materially a large portion of our fellow citizens, it is both prudent and proper to pause, and inquire whether other countries have adopted this, or a similar policy, and what its results have been. This is a legitimate inquiry. From the past, under like circumstances, we may safely reason what the future will be. The first instance of the adoption of a similar policy was in Egypt, long anterior to the Mosaic period, given by Diodorus Siculus, in Book I, chapter 6, in which he says that, *anciently*, the lands were divided into the parts, the first to the priests, the second to the king, and the third to the soldier or people.

I disapprove of the first and second divisions, but the third commends itself to my approbation as well as for its wisdom as its justice.

Hear what the historian says as to the last division:

"The last portion belongs to the soldiers who, at a word, are ready at the King's commands, for every expedition; that they who venture their lives in the wars, being endeared to their country by that plentiful share and proportion allotted them, may more cheerfully undergo the hazards of war. For it would be an irrational thing to intrust the safety and preservation of the whole, with them who have nothing in the country that is dear or valuable to them to fight for. And the chief reason why so large a share is allotted to them, is that they might more readily marry, and by that means make the nation more populous, and so there might be no need of foreign aids and assistances."

A wise policy in a nut-shell, and well expressed. To the soliers were given one third of all the lands of Egypt that they might at all times be ready and willing to defend the country, and might the more readily marry and take the responsibility of a family, and thereby increase the population and strength of the country, so that "there might be no need of foreign aids and assistances."

This was in the country where civilization and science were first known, and where regular government was first establishment among men, and all these continued to prosper and flourish until this wholesome policy was abandoned.

The next instance in which I find this adopted as a national policy, was among the Jews. Moses, that wisest of secular lawgivers, fourteen hundred and ninety years before Christ, led the children of Israel out of that bondage in which they and their ancestors had been for four hundred years and starting them on their weary and perilous journey of forty years through a wilderness, it became necessary to hold out to them some inducement or promise of reward to act, as a stimulant of the highest order, to buoy them up, and sustain them against the depressing consequences of such a journey, with all its trials, fatigues, dangers, disappointments, and wretchedness. Moses had made known to the Jews all the moral law and will of God; and had held Him up amidst the attributes, in all his perfection and beauty of holiness. He had promised them God's enduring favor and protection on earth, and their final reward or happiness in Heaven. Yet there was mutiny in the camp. They murmured, complained, repented that they had started on their journey, and loudly clamored to return to the bondage and "flesh-pots of Egypt." Something yet remained to be done to restore order and give confidence. Amidst the thunders of Sinai another revelation was made, and another law was given. What was that revelation? What was that law? That the land of Canaan should be divided among the Israelites, that they should *individually* own it, and that "the land should not be sold forever."—[Leviticus, chapter 25, verse 23.]

This produced the desired effect. Discontent, murmurings, and longings after the "flesh-pots of Egypt" ceased, and in their stead they had patience, fortitude, and endurance to the end of their journey, thus proving, Mr. President, that men will do more and suffer more for the promise and possession of lands, than for the love or the fear of God. It may well be doubted whether anything could have induced that people to perform that journey, undergoing its fatigues, privations, and wretchedness, but this promise that they should own the land, and that it should not be sold forever.

Thirty-eight years after that promise was made and that law was given, that is, one thousand four hundred a fifty-two years before Christ, when Moses was about to take leave of and bid his followers farewell, he called them all together, and having set down all the names and heads of families, he said, "Unto these the land shall be divided for an inheritance according to the number of names."—[Numbers, chapter 26, verse 53.] At this time and place Moses delivered his farewell address and gave to the Jews a secular form of government; both of which will be found in the fourth book of the Antiquities of the Jews, by Josephus. And if this address is not the original of, or the model from which Washington formed his immortal address to his countrymen, it will well repay the curious for the labor of reading it to see how similar they are in many respects, and satisfy all that Washington had a predecessor.

This great Hebrew law-giver, in the most impressive manner, enjoined upon his followers the observance of his policy and laws; and promised them that so long as they maintained and observed this policy and these laws, they should be prosperous, happy, and prevail over their enemies.

Eight years later, that is, one thousand four hundred and forty-four years before Christ, Joshua having exterminated the ancient Canaanites, and fully possessed their country, divided the lands among the families as had been commanded by Moses; thus consummating the promise that had been made to the Jews more than forty years before, and for the accomplishment of which they had borne, with unparalleled patience and fortitude, indescribable privation and sufferings.

Thus had the Jews, under the stimulant of a promise that they should be the owners of lands, performed this journey, expelled and exterminated a more numerous and powerful nation than themselves with "cities great and fenced up to heaven."—[Deuteronomy, chapter, 9, verse 1.

Mr. President, so long as this people kept these laws and observed this policy, they constantly progressed in power and greatness, and bid defiance to all the surrounding barbarous nations, though many times more numerous and powerful than they. But so soon as they ceased to observe this policy and these laws, and allowed their lands to be absorbed by the few, (the common soldier having nothing to fight for,) they become a prey to surrounding nations, their homes were desolated, and their people became captives in foreign lands.

I call the history of Sparta to the notice of Senators. For many years the Spartans had been distracted and overcome by their enemies in every engagement, and reduced to abject weakness, till "Lycurgus, eight hundred and eighty-four years before Christ, destroyed all distinctions; and by making an equal division, of the *land of Laconia* among the members of the Commonwealth, he banished luxury and encouraged the useful arts." Luxury was banished, and the useful arts were encouraged by the division of the *lands*. But this was not all; from that time the Spartans were united in a warm, burning, glowing, and ardent patriotism, and never met or suffered a verse in war till the battle of Leuctra—a period of five hundred and twelve years. Here, then, may be seen in bold relieve the direct effects and advantages of the ownership of lands by the mass of the people. Nor did this defeat happen till they had, in substance, abandoned the laws of Lycurgus. In my deliberate judgment $1,000,000 thus appropriated is worth more than $100,000,000 expended in fortifications and standing armies.

An instance in the history of Rome may be referred to.

After all the lands and wealth of that mighty empire had been absorbed into the hands of a few aristocratic *patricians*, enervated and effeminated by excessive luxury, idleness, and debauchery, and the *plebeians* were reduced to beggary and almost to starvation; and after the failure of the Gracchi and others to divide the *lands* among the masses, Rome was threatened, yes, was actually involved in war, and her very citadel reduced imminent danger, and out of her immense population she could not raise troops to defend herself. *Then the patricians* appealed to the oppressed *plebeians to rise, take arms*, and defend their country; but the plebeians' reply was: *we* have no country. Why should *we* shed *our* blood and give *our* lives for Rome when she gives us only misery and degradation?"

Here, Mr. President, is a glaring instance of national weakness from national injustice—from the want of coupling patriotism with an interest. If the lands had been divided among the masses, Rome would never have wanted soldiers or defenders.

Mr. President, the Egyptian and his laws have disappeared. The Jews forsook the law that was given them amidst the reverberations of the thunders of Sinai, and fell. The Spartans suffered their lands to be absorbed by the few, and they were swept from the face of the earth. Rome pursued her course of oppression to the toiling masses, and nothing remains of her former greatness and grandeur but her decayed and decaying monuments, statues, and temples!

Mr. President, like causes will produce like effects. With what a warning voice do those historic reminiscences come to us? They are suggestive of words that would fill large volumes; but I will not enlarge or detain the Senate. Let us take heed and avoid the rock on which they split, by an early division of our public lands among those who will occupy and cultivate them; and thus you will avoid the answer of the plebeians to the patricians of Rome, and at all times have an army willing and efficient in time of need. Give to the country an army of land owners and cultivators, and we may successfully bid defiance to the world in arms.

We have vast unoccupied and uncultivated tracts of lands, and they must remain so for long years to come, unless we adopt this policy; and, as the lands are so for long years to come, unless we adopt this policy; and, as the lands are no longer needed as a source of revenue to the Government, let us make this wise disposition of them that has proved so advantageous to other countries.

And now, Mr. President, if I have not and cannot convince the judgments of Senators that this is a wise, prudent, and statesmanlike policy, let me appeal to their pity, justice, and humanity; and oh, that I had a thousand eloquent tongues to make that appeal with. Pass this bill, and hear the prayers and blessing of millions of honest hearts ascend to Heaven in your behalf.

Is there a Senator here who, if in his declining years should one man surrounded by a family of children, who, by the operation of this bill, had been raised from poverty, want and wretchedness to comfort, prosperity and happiness, would not feel fully rewarded, and in his heart thank God that he had been instrumental in producing so happy a result, and that he had voted for so benign a law? Justice requires what wisdom dictates. Let it be done.

Methodist Church Case.—We understand that the opinion of the Supreme Court in this case was delivered by Mr. Justice Nelson yesterday, and that the decision is upon all points in favor of the Church South. We further understand that this decision not only establishes the right of the Church South to a proportionate share of the common funds and property, but also declares the division of the church to be a valid act, and that the two divisions North and South are equally legitimate. It may not be improper to state, in addition, that Judge McLean did not sit in this case.—*National Intelligencer, April 26.*

A Quick Trip.—We have been shown a letter to a gentleman of this city, from a passenger on the steamer Arabia, which conveys a practical idea of the rapidity of a voyage across the Atlantic. The letter is as follows:

Friday, April 7, 10 o'clock A. M. }
Off Cape Clear, 280 miles from Liverpool. }

My Dear——:—We shall arrived at Liverpool to morrow morning at 5½ o'clock, in time to mail a letter by the steamer in 9 days 15½ hours from Boston! and have been less than 7 days from a sight of land. I expect to leave Liverpool to morrow morning in time to meet the evening mail train from London, which will take me to Paris at 8 o'clock, Sunday morning.

Ten days and fifteen hours from Boston to Paris, stopping at Halifax, Liverpool, London, Dover and Calais! Take a note of that, it's worth recording.

A gentle southwest breeze *all the way* across the Atlantic, and a smooth sea has done that feat. We had very cold weather to the Banks, and met a great many icebergs last Sunday, but encountered only one field of broken ice, which we got through going half speed, with only a little damage to the buckets of our paddle wheels.

POETRY.

BIRDS IN SUMMER.
BY MARY HOWITT.

How pleasant the life of a bird must be,
Flitting about each leafy tree,
In the leafy trees, so broad and tall,
Like a green and beautiful palace-hall,
With its airy chambers, light and boon,
That open to the sun and stars, and moon,
That open unto the bright blue sky,
And the frolicsome wind, as they wander by.

They have left their nests in the forest bough;
Those homes of delight they need not now;
And the young and the old they wander out,
And traverse their green world round about;
And hark! at the top of this leafy hall,
How one to the other they lovingly call;
"Come up, come up!" they seem to say,
"Where the topmost twigs in the breezes sway!"

"Come up, come up, for the world is fair,
Where the merry leaves dance in the summer air!"
And the birds below give back the cry,
"We come, we come, to the branches high!"
How pleasant the life of a bird must be,
Flitting about in a leafy tree;
And away through the air what joy to go,
And to look on the bright green earth below.

How pleasant the life of a bird must be,
Skimming about on the breezy sea,
Cresting the billows like silvery foam,
And then wheeling away to its cliff-built home!
What joy it must be to sail, upborne,
By a strong free wing, through the rosy morn,
To meet the young sun face to face,
And pierce like a shaft the boundless space!
How pleasant the life of a bird must be,
Wherever he listeth, there to flee;
To go when a joyful fancy calls,
Dashing adown 'mong the waterfalls,
Then wheeling about with its mates at play,
Above and below, and among the spray,
Hither and thither, with screams as wild,
As the laughing mirth of a rosy child!

What joy it must be, like a living breeze,
To flutter about 'mong the flowering trees;
Lightly to soar, and to see beneath
The wastes of the blossoming purple heath,
And the yellow furze, like fields of gold,
That gladden some fairy regions old!
On mountain tops, on the billowy sea,
On the leafy stems of the forest tree,
How pleasant the life of a bird must be!

Ludicrous Mistake.—A Frenchman, newly arrived in London, impatient to see the town, but fearful of not finding his way back to the hotel carefully copied upon a card the name painted upon the wall at the corner of the street in which it was situated. This done, he left himself safe, and set out for a ramble, much upon the principle vulgarly known as "following one's nose."—The whole day long he strolled and stared to his heart's content; wearied at last he jumped into a cab and with the easy, confident air of a man who felt at home, he read from the card he had prudently preserved the name of the street he dwelt in. The cabman grinned horribly. "This English pronunciation is sadley difficult," said the Frenchman to himself. "he does not understand me!" And he placed the card before the man's eyes. Cabby grinned more than ever, gazed in his pockets, and roaring with laughter.

Indignation on the part of the foreigner, he appealed to the passers-by, who gravely listened to him at first, but upon beholding his card, joined one and all in chorus with the coachman.—The Frenchman now got furious, swore, stamped, gesticulated like a cadidate for Bedlam. He went so far as to threaten the laughers; a crowd assembled; everybody sympathized with him till they learned the circumstances of the case, when they joined in the infectious hilarity. Up came the police—those guardian angels of bewildered foreigners in London's labyrinth. The aggrieved felt sure of sympathy, succor, and revenge. He was never more mistaken.

The gentlemen in blue roared like the rest.—They evidently could not help it. Compunction mingled with their mirth, but they nevertheless guffawed exceedingly. To what exceeded it is impossible to say had not a gentleman acquainted with his language appeared upon the scene.—He, too, laughed violently on beholding the card; and when he had spoken a few words to the Frenchman, the Frenchman laughed likewise, which was a signal for a recommencement of the general hilarity. The address, so carefully copied by the foreigner at the corner of his street, was the following: "Commit no nuisance."—*Blackwood.*

What is Aristocracy?—In reply to this question, Gen. Foy a distinguished orator in the French Chambers, gave the following answer:—"Aristocracy in the 19th century, is the league, the coalition of those who would consume without producing, live without working, know without learning anything, carry all honors without deserving, occupying all the places of government without being able to fill them."

An Ineligible Suitor.—An old soldier, with only one arm, being reduced to mendicancy to obtain a livelihood, made acquaintance with a brother beggar, who hadd grown rich by the craft. "I should be happy said the soldier, to ally myself with so distinguished a member of the profession: you shall give me your daughter; Hold! my dear sir, returned the warm old gentleman, "you cannot think of such a thing. She must have a better match than you will make.—You are not half lame enough. My son-in-law must be a miserable looking object." Do you think then that you will find one worse off than I am?" "To be sure, why, you have only lost an arm; and ought to be absolutely ashamed of yourself to think that I will give you my daughter. I would have you to know, that I have already refused a fellow without legs, and who goes about the city in a bowl."

A Fine Old Irish Gentleman—"One of the Real Old Stock."—The Dublin Freeman says; Owen Duffey of Monaghan county is 122 years old.—When 116 he lost his second wife and subsequently married a third, by whom he had a son and daughter. His youngest son is two years old, his oldest ninety. He still retains in much vigor his metal and corporeal faculties, and frequently walks to the county town, a distance of eight miles.

A Timely Reconciliation.—"Charley Napier" as they call the rough old seadog, who goes East with the British fleet, has been living separate from his wife for some time. The day before he sailed from Portsmouth, they met in the street, (Lady N. had come down to see him,) and "Old Charley" kissed her before all the bystanders, tucked her arm under his own, and marched her off to his inn in triumph.

Generosity Rewarded.—A lady belonging in New Orleans, travelling recently on the New York and Erie Railroad, with her servant and one or two children. Upon arriving at Dunkirk, she found by some mishap or oversight, she was destitute of the necessary funds to enable her to reach home. She was entirely without acquaintances, and her distress was extreme, when the circumstance becoming known to an engineer on the train, feeling assured it was no case of imposture, he advanced to her, from his own hard earnings, the required amount. A few days since he received a package by express, from the South, opening which, he found a letter of thanks from the lady's husband, containing the money he had loaned, and accompanied by a beautiful and valuable gold watch. The circumstance reflects honor upon all the parties concerned.

As a practical conclusion, I would say to every man, who would deserve well of his country, play! play more—patronise, encourage play! Why should bowling all eyes and cricket-clubs be given up to fast men? Why should rowing matches and yacht races, fencing bouts and boxing lessons, fishing and shooting, be any more the privellege of "the world," than the church! Why should not respectable, moral, religious people join any, or all of these as they fancy, and invigorate their bodies and cheer the mind! Do not let us grow old and dyspeptic, because we are growing more religious. Let there be something of healthful boyhood in us always! No sports, but what are pure, humane and moral in tone; but where there are such, let no notion of asceticism, or false dignity restrain us! Of course each one will have his favourite amusement; whatever it be, let him remember it is nearly as important for his health of mind as his regular work. For my part, as a "brother of the angle," I must recommend the "gentle art." Those cheery mountain walks, the clear dashing brooks, the air, the light, the easy occupation, which always absorbs just enough to let the full, almost unconscious enjoyment of scenery pour into the heart. It makes one a boy again to remember!

Disappearance.—Three or four weeks since Charles Kurtz and a Mr. Haiser, both Germans, of this city, left here for Detroit with a drove of cattle. Some ten days afterwards Haiser returned, bringing Kurtz's carpet sack, and reported that K. had gone to Buffalo. Since this time, nothing has been heard of him, and his family are in deep distress—tortured by a thousand surmises as to his fate. The statements of Haiser are very confused and contradictory. Kurtz was one of our steadiest and most respectable German citizens. Detroit and Buffalo papers will please call attention to these circumstance.—*Lafayette Journal, 6th.*

Demonstrated to a Moral Certainty.—Conductor Price informs us of an accident which took place on the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad, a day or two since. As his train was about turning a curve, the engineer observed a man walking on the side of the track, and near enough to be struck by the locomotive. He immediately sounded the alarm—reversed the engine, and put down the brakes.—Though the pedestrain evidently heard the alarm, he kept a straightforward course, and the engineer being unable to stop in time, the locomotive struck the man and knocked him down a high embankment.

As soon as it was safe to jump from the train, Conductor Price ran to the man's assistance, and found him scrambling up the embankment.

"Are you much hurt?" asked Price.

"No," replied the man, "it will take something else than a locomotive to kill me. You see I have been used to walking on the Little Miamitrack, and could guess the range of the cars to an inch; but I have *demonstrated to a moral certainty that your cars are just about 18 inches wider!*"

The Conductor stopped to hear no more.—*Cincinnati Times.*

A Legal Anecdote.—The following anecdote use to be realated by the Hon. Jeremiah Mason, of New Hampshire, and it is said to have accured at Portsmouth:

There is a well known custom prevailing in our criminal courts, assigning counsel to such prisoners as have no one to defend them. On one occasion, the court finding a man accused of theft, and without counsel said to a wag of a lawyer, who was present—"Mr.——— please withdraw with the prisoner, confer with him, and give him such counsel as may be best for his interests." The lawyer and client withdrew, and in fifteen minutes the lawyer returned into court alone. "Where is the prisoner?" asked the court.

"He has gone; your honor told me to give him the best advice I could for his interests; and, as he said was guilty, I thought the best advice I could offer him was to cut and run which he took at once."

A beautiful Jewess attended a party in Philadelphia, where she was exceedingly annoyed by an impertinent, vulgar fellow. "And you never eat pork Miss M.?" said he tauntingly. "Never sir," was the reply. "Nor use lard lawps?" continued her persecutor. "No, sir," she answered, "our religion teaches us to avoid everything swinish physically and morally; therefore you will excuse me for declining to have any more words with you."

An Abandoned Child and Cruel Mother.—A Mrs. Delaney, who had lived near Warsaw, Ind., since January last, made her appearance at Rochester with an infant daughter. The Flag says of her:

She represented herself as a native of Connecticut, and that her husband was in California.—She appeared to be a lady of refined manners good education. On Sunday April 23, a gentleman calling himself Lane arrived from the North, and representing himself as Mrs. Delaney's brother. On the same day, immediately after dinner, they sent a heavy trunk by private conveyance to Leesburg. They followed in the afternoon, in Mr. Lane's private carriage, taking the infant with them, arrived at Leesburg about 3 o'clock on Monday morning without the child.

We learn from a private source that on the same morning, (Monday) a little child, corresponding in age and sex with the above alluded to, was found in the barn of Mr. McCoy, a few miles south of Warsaw. With the child was left a letter, requesting that the child might be cared for, and a pillow case filled with costly and fashionable clothing for the use of the forsaken.

Said once a purse proud rich man, just getting into a carriage, with his wife and daughters flaunting in velvet and furs, to a poor laborer, who was shoveling coal into his vault:

"Joe if you had not drank rum, you might now have been riding in my carriage for nothing else could have prevented a man for your education and opportunities for making money."

"True enough," was the reply, "and if you had not sold rum and tempted me and others to drink and become drunkards, you might now have been my driver, for rumselling was the only business by which you ever made a dollar in your life."—*Phil. Register.*

New way of Paying a Hotel Bill.—Yesterday a woman arrived in this city, and put up at the Kingsburg House, who remained over night. In the morning nothing was seen or heard of her at breakfast or elsewhere, and after waiting a reasonable time, the landlord proceeded to her room, and there discovered, not the woman, but a child about two weeks old, nicely covered up in the bed. A note was also found from the mother, requesting that the child might be well taken care of, and also intimating that thoughts of suicide were in her mind. We have learned what disposition has been made of the child.—*Toledo Press.*

John J. Crittenden.—The Pittsburgh Gazette, in speaking of this gentleman in connection with the Ward trial, says:

He has lost the respect and confidence of the people. He has destroyed his great influence His name can never be mentioned without bringing up the memory of the murdered Butler, and the escape of his slayer through his voluntary instrumentality. He has disgraced Kentucky, and is no longer worthy to represent her. No man in the South, among the Whigs, stood a fairer chance for the Presidency than he did. He was spoken of at the North with great favor for that office. Now he could not carry one Northern State.

From the Washington Union

The Paris Presse of to-day contains a very remarkable letter from Constantinople, which throws a great deal of light on the real authorship of the Greek insurrection. It will be remembered that, some time ago, an Austrian baron, Oelsner, was arrested at Widdin, together with several Greek priests, suspected of conspiring against the Sultan's authority, and of a very active propaganda in favor of Russia. He was brought to Constantinople and kept a prisoner.—It appears, however, that he found means to keep up a communication with the headquarters of General Gortschakoff, and to continue his propagandist machinations in the very capitol of Turkey. Unfortunately for his plans, he communicated them to a surgeon in Turkish service, a Greek, named Aska, who he hoped to draw into the conspiracy. Aska feigned to enter into his propositions, elicited the secret of Oelsner's agency and correspondence with Prince Gortschakoff, of which he informed Mr. Palamari, the chief of the Turkish detective police. Oelsner's movements were watched, and one of his letters seized upon the person of a Mr. Kasdhiska, an Austrian Sclavonian and agent of Russia. From this letter, and other discoveries, it appeared that Oelsner was in communication with the captain of a Greek merchant-ship, a certain Constantine, and that, according to agreement with the latter, forty Greek vessels were to arrive at a certain day, laden with arms and ammunition, when a general rising of the Greek population of the Turkish capital was to take place. The plan had the sanction of Mr. Metaxas, the Greek ambassador at the Porte. The sudden expulsion of the Greek minister and population was the result of this discovery. Now, when we remember that these circumstances were known to Lord J. Russell, it is somewhat surprising that he did not avail himself of them for stopping the mouth of the imperial "apologist" in a more conclusive manner.

The English government has sent to Turkey since February, 830 officers, 21,119 men, and 2,259 horses, 2,300 tons of provision and commissariat stores, and 8,390 tons of ordnance stores, for which purpose were used 93 transports, 27 steamers, and 76 sailing vessels. Seventy of those sailing vessels were used for the transport of horses. He was confident that never in any period of our history had such an operation been executed in so short a space. The admiralty has come to the decision that steam is not generally abligable to the conveyance of horses.

Portentous Rumor.—The New York Times professes to have private reliable information from Europe, which says that "the powers that be" at Great Britain and France do not rely upon Austria or Prussia, and that a democratic revolution in both this countries must ensue, or grow out of the present war. It represents Lord Palmerston to have said to the Hungarian exile:

"I wish that the Czar may succeed in gaining over, the sooner the better, both Prussia and Austria. We should be much stronger *without* this German alliance than we shall be *with* it. The best you can do at present is to keep perfectly quiet. Austria *approaches* the scence of the war. She *must* soon take a part. Then, but then only, you *may*, if you should think it advisable, do something. It is not impossible that you may even be called upon to do so. But once more I tell you, *no longer pas*, for the time being. Your country's cause might be retarded for an an indefinite period, should you be too hasty on the present occasion."

Russian Treaty with Japan.—A letter from Malta, of April 9, says: "By the India mail the news came via Ceylon, that the Russians have signed a commercial treaty with Japan, which throws open the trade of that country The Americans, it would appear, have not been very honorably treated by the Rusian squadron in those seas, who rather slovary succeeded in getting the treaty which in all justice is due to the Americans, and this after they had been lent coals, &c., by the Americans in China. If it had not been for this kind on the Americans' part, it is doubtful if the Russians could have got so early to Japan."

☞ We learn that a public meeting is in contemplation of the citizens of this city to consider the propriety of requesting the County Board of Agriculture to withdraw its invitation to Gov. Crittend, of Ky., to make the annual address at the County Fair, to be held at North North Madison in September next.—*Madison Courier*

Breaking Heifers.—Eds. O. Cultivator:—Thinking that some of the readers of the *Cultivator* may have heifers to break in the spring, I will briefly give my practice in the business:

Have a good, substantial pen, or small yard that no creature can jump; then gently get her, with the calf, into the yard; then follow her around, until she will let you put your hand on her; scratch he gently, avoid making quick motions, then try to get hold of her teats; if she kicks, *hold your temper*; don't strike her, if you value the comfort of milking a gentle cow. Continue working with her thus, until she stands; then leave her for an hour or two, go again, work with her, gently in this manner three or four times a day. As soon as she will stand still, take the calf entirely away and raise it by hand. Remember, *never strike a heifer*; but follow this plan, and you will have quiet cows.

Brookfield, Ohio. E. Green.

Home Made Guano.—The Following is from a communication to the N. E. "Farmer;" it will be useful to many of our agricultural readers:—

"Some years ago I thought I would try my luck in keeping a few hens. The house I keep them in is a rough concern. I put some crotches into the ground, boarded up outside and inside, then filled in by sawdust to make it warm. It is well lighted with glass windows, and well ventilated, and a small stream of water runs through it. The roosts will accommodate about a hundred hens, that being the number I usually keep. Under the roost I throw three or four ox-cart loads of dry muck, chip dirt, &c., which I haul over two or three times a week with my manure hook. I bury their grain in it, and make them for a living, which gives them exercise in cold weather. In the spring, I have a fine heap of home made guano. If there is anything imported that is better to make our crops grow, I am mistaken."

A Valuable Table.—The State Superintendent of weights and Measures in New York, has compiled the following table, which may be of use to those who will take the trouble to preserve it.—The measurements are internal, and intended to be *even*:

A box 20 inches long, 22 2-5 inches wide, and 16 inches deep, will contain a barrel, 5 bushels.

A box 24 inches long, 16 inches wide, and 14 inches deep, will contain half a barrel 2½ bushels.

A box 21 inches long, 12 4-5 inches wide, and 8 inches deep; or 14 inches long, 12 4-5 inches wide and 12 inches deep, will contain a bushel.

A box 12 inches long 11 1-5 inches wide, and 8 inches deep, will contain half a bushel.

A box 12 4-5 inches long, and 6 inches deep; or 8 2-5 inches long, 8 inches wide, and 8 inches deep, will contain one peck.

A box 8 inches long, 8 inches wide, and 4 1-5 inches deep will contain one gallon.

A box 8 inches long, 4 1-5 inches wide, and 4 inches deep, will contain half a gallon.

A box 4 1-5 inches long, 4 inches wide, and 4 inches deep, will contain one quart.

Fort Wayne Sentinel.

SATURDAY, MAY 27, 1854.

☞ The Editor is absent this week.

Now is the time to Subscribe.

This is a time when every man ought to take a newspaper. Startling events are on the eve of taking place in Europe, and the news from that region will be sought with avidity. An important election takes place in this state in the fall.—a fierce struggle may be expected between the democracy and the odds and ends of all factions, which are to be allied together in opposition.

To place the Sentinel within the reach of all, we propose to make the following reductions to clubs:

Five copies, and one to the person getting up the club for $7.50; Ten copies, and one do. for $12,50.

Payment in all cases to be made in advance.

We design, during the summer, to enlarge the Sentinel, increasing our reading matter at least one-third, making it equal in size to any paper in the state, and no pains will be spared to render it worthy an extended patronage. We count upon the aid of our friends to sustain us in this reduction, and assist in extending our circulation.

Clinton Line Railroad.

Fort Wayne Lacon & Platte Valley Airline R.R.

In our last number we showed the connection of seven links of Railroad which form together a great trunk line leading directly West, from New York to Nebraska, through Fort Wayne.

From the reports of the Chief Engineers W. B. Brinsmade, Esq., of the Clinton Line, and Col. S. R. Curtis, of the Airline, we compile the entire distance by this great trunk as follows:

From New York to Hudson, Ohio,	504 miles
From Hudson to Fort Wayne,	196 "
From Fort Wayne to Council Bluffs,	580 "
Total distance from N. Y. to Council Bluffs,	1280 "

Council Bluffs City is situated in Iowa, nearly opposite the confluence of the Great Platte river and the Missouri. It has been for many years the rendez-vous of the Mormons and California emigrants, who, from this point, take their way up the Platte by Fort Laramie & Great Salt Lake Valley to the Pacific. Opposite to Council Bluffs City, the ground in Nebraska rises gently for about four miles, and the "Frontier Ranges" have already staked off their equipment so as to take full possession the moment the Omahos comply with their recent treaty, by vacating the region of the Missouri and the Platte.

The Platte River is the great river of Nebraska, and to that Valley, emigration will for years concentrate, not only to fill up the fertile country of Western Iowa and Nebraska, but for further extensions of settlements on the emigrant route to California. New York, Fort Wayne, Council Bluffs, Salt Lake City and San Francisco are (with due respect to our friends along the Line) the great points on this great national trunk line, when fully and finally developed.

But in making New York City the prominent head of this great trunk line, we do not desire to disparage other easy and direct connections which this line will have with other Atlantic Cities; and, first in position, we will therefor consider the connection with the City of Boston.

By the Clinton Line R. R. and Fort Wayne, Lacon and Platte Valley trunk line, the City of Boston may secure "the nearest and best route" to the far west. The links in the great Chain from Boston are as follows:

1 Boston to Albany!
2 N York & Albany & Susquehannah R. R.
3 Corning and Olean R.R.
4 Meadville R. R. of P. & E.
5 Clinton Line & Clinton Line Extension.
6 Tiffin & Fort Wayne.
7 Fort Wayne Lacon & Platte Valley Airline.

By these seven links the great Boston chain to Nebraska is complete; and important points on this route, and their distances, are thus stated:

Boston to Albany,	200 miles
Albany to Hudson,	490 "
Hudson to Fort Wayne,	196 "
Fort Wayne to Council Bluffs,	580 "
Total dist. from Boston to Nebraska	1466 "

The City of Boston therefor, as well as the City of New York, is certain to receive an addition to her supplies by this great trunk line now in progress of construction.

What has the great City of New-England to say for this great artery which is destined at no distant day to connect her, by a direct route, with the richest portion of Illinois, Iowa, and Nebraska? Has the press of Boston perceived the direct and intimate connection of this line with the emigrant route to the Platte Valley—the bestreally known for a great Pacific road. All New England should desire the early construction of this line, and others, which will develope the latent resources of the great prairies of the west, and secure to her railroads and cities a vast accession to their business and wealth. Your citizens are engaged in business everywhere, and your arms should extend to every part of this Republic to aid them in their return with their accumulated wealth.

Has Boston a road to Nebraska, and does New England desire to share the toil and advantages of this great national trunk, uniting the East and West? We send greeting, the voice of the West to "the Old Bay State."

Lands to aid the Construction of the Airline Railroad.—By a letter from our worthy Representative, Hon. E. M. Chamberlain, we are informed that there is every prospect of getting land to aid this great western extension.

The *Fort Wayne, Lacon, & Platte Valley* Railroad is organized in three, and is united in interest with several States. If Congress could give a little assistance, this work would soon be accomplished; and certainly there cannot be a more meritorious request made for national aid in railroad constructions. This claim is more deserving of Congressional favors, because it unites interests that are inside and outside of the unsold land districts, and thus seems to fairly distribute the advantages arising from the donation. We hope soon to hear further success in the progress of this appropriation of land.

THE GIBSON FAMILY.—This well known and popular Company of Vocalists will appear before a Fort Wayne audience, for the first time, on Monday evening next, at Colerick's Hall.

The simple announcement is sufficient to fill the house, for wherever they have been, they are universally liked. Give them a full house.

Omaha City.—We are informed, by the Western Bugle, that the new city in Nebraska, opposite Council Bluffs, is to be called "Omaho City," after the nation of Indians that have recently ceded the Platte River country to the whites. The Missouri is said to be about one thousand feet wide at this point, and the ground on the Nebraska side is exceedingly favorable for a town.

The city of Council Bluffs on the east, and Omaho city on the west bank of the Missouri, would then be opposite and in sight of each other. There is no better crossing within hundreds of miles, and a good steam ferry has already been established at this point. Our railroad projects unite our interests with the prosperity of these cities of the Far West, and we will rejoice in their future prosperity.

Brazilian Pebble Spectacles.—Mr. Semmons Jr., of the firm Semmons & Son, has been in town since last Monday, supplying our citizens with the above celebrated Spectacles.

The superiority of their glasses consists, as shown by certificates of David Dall Owen, Esq., U. S. Geologist, and some of the most prominent citizens in this State, in their being made from the well known stone "Brazilian Pebble." They are not liable to be scratched or broken, and are very cold to the eye, which has a tendency to strengthen vision.

There are many who sell glasses, but few who understand their effect on the eye, and as these gentlemen have been studying in the English Eye Infirmaries, and long practiced as opticians, they know what is suitable for sight and what is not. This (Saturday) is the last day of their remaining in this city, and we would recommend all those in want of these unrivalled glasses to call immediately at their rooms, in the Hedekin House.

We have been informed by YANKEE ROBINSON that he will represent this evening the great work of Mrs. Stowe, entitled Uncle Tom's Cabin, as played by his troupe over 75 nights, embracing the entire work, from Shelbys' plantation to the death of Uncle Tom.

There will be a select entertainment this P. M. for the express purpose of Every Ladies', Families and Children.

Ohio & Indiana and Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad Companies.

Some weeks since we took occasion to speak of the great importance of these connections of the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad, to Pittsburgh and Philadelphia, and to intimate that the advantages to be expected from them were likely to be snatched from use by the financial difficulties of those companies inducing them to enter into a close alliance with Cleveland and New York interests, which stand ready to advance the money to relieve their necessities on certain conditions inimical to our interests. At the same time we earnestly enforced upon the officers of our Eastern and Western roads the immense importance of preserving this direct line to Chicago in a condition to enable it to fulfil the object of its original conception. Since then, H. Haupt, Esq., Chief Engineer of the Pennsylvania Railroad, has officially visited Fort Wayne and Chicago, on behalf of his Company, and has made an elaborate report, setting forth the present condition of these companies, both as to finance, resources and construction, and their immense importance to Pittsburgh and Philadelphia, and concludes with the following recommendation:

"To secure these advantages, our action must be prompt, energetic, decisive. We have seen that New York is keenly alive to her interest, and stands ready to advance immediately the capital required to finish the whole line between Crestline and Chicago, on condition that the Companies owning these roads will connect their trains with those of the Lake Shore Road east of Cleveland. A million of dollars is necessary to complete these improvements, which can be secured by a loan of credit. We are asked to endorse the bonds of Companies that can scarcely fail to pay more than 15 per cent. dividends one year after the completion of their roads. The alternative is presented, either to render the assistance asked, or for ever part with the controlling influence in this line that is now offered us. *I believe that no other line of roads can compare in importance to Philadelphia with that which now solicits our aid,* and although assistance to western roads is in many cases of very doubtful expediency, I have no hesitation in recommending an endorsement of the bonds of the Ohio and Indiana and the Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad Companies, by the Ohio and Pennsylvania, and Pennsylvania Railroad Companies, on condition that a contract shall be entered into such a character as will effectually protect our interests."

We are glad to learn, that in accordance with this recommendation, the Directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad have agreed to recommend the assistance necessary to the favorable consideration of a meeting of the Stockholders to be held some day this month. A Committee of the Board of Directors passed through this city yesterday, on their way to examine more fully into the condition and importance of these roads, who will return in time to report before the meeting of the Stockholders.

We most heartily endorse the recommendation of Mr. Haupt, which we know has the approval of the whole Board of directors of the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad, and of Solomon W. Roberts, the Chief Engineer of that company, than whom there are few men so well prepared to judge in the premises and on whose opinion most confident reliance can be placed. The Pennsylvania, and the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroads, cannot do a wiser act than to endorse the bonds of the two companies which form a west link in the great line to Chicago, to the amount required to finish them, and to secure them to the interest of the Pennsylvania route.—*Pittsburgh Gazette.*

Circumstances alter Cases.—In Marion county where the Democracy are in the majority and can triumph if united our Whig friends are exceeding anxious to discard national politics and run a ticket on the Main law issue. Prohibition, in this and all other counties is to be the watchword.

In Wayne county, the Gibraltar of Whiggery in Indiana, the old party lines are to be drawn. The Temperance ticket, because it is not all Whig, is not go. There Whiggery and Anti-Nebraska is to be the issue. Temperance is a great moral question, and should not interfere with Whig politics. It may be used as a convenient and potent weapon to defeat the Democracy in Democratic counties. The Richmond Palladium edited by David P. Holloway, one of the great Sachems of the Temperance cause, contains a flaming call for a Whig Convention to be held at Centreville on the 20th inst. The call concludes as follows:

"At the next session of the Legislature, a Senator is to be elected. The present incumbent is in favor of the Nebraska bill. Old Wayne may defeat him and put in his place a man who will have some respect for the honor of his country and the will of his constituents. Then come up to the meeting on the 20th inst?"

Democrats, when whigs come honeying around you with their palaber about no party, remember this!—*Sentinel.*

☞ Speaking of the Nebraska bill, the Indiana Journal says:

It is true that the monster, like Virgil's, will have lost its *eye*, in the abandonment of Clayton's amendment.

The loss of an eye, or two won't incommode the "monster" much. On the last vote in the House he was shown to have a hundred and odd *ayes.*—*New Albany Ledger.*

SOUTH HANOVER, May 1854.

The citizens of Hanover and vicinity, have ingmet to express their sentiments in relation to the atrocious murder of P. of W. H. G. Butler and the sham and acquittal of Matt. F. Ward, the murderer, Hon. Judge Dunn was called to the chair, E. H. Rutherford appointed vice president, and A. W. Lathrope secretary.

The committee on resolutions, consisting of Prof. Thomson, Charles Lee, David Brown, Rev. T. S. Crowe, and Rev. John Finley Crowe, reported the following, which were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we have learned the result of the trial with profound astonishment, being satisfied, from the published evidence in the case, that murder was never committed under less provocation or circumstance more deeply aggravating the criminality of the act.

Resolved, That the principles on which Matt. F. Ward was acquitted are subversive of all proper ends of government, and, if carried out, would expose to indiscriminate butchery those who do not at all times go prepared to take the execution of the law into their own hands.

Resolved, That those who, in their efforts to the defence, procured said result, though long held by us in high estimation for honor and statesmanship, have justly forfeited that estimation, having lent their high powers and influence to the promulgation of principles the most corrupting in their tendency and totally subversive of the well being of society.

Resolved, That in the death of Prof. Butler we have lost one endeared to us from childhood by all those characteristics which make youth lovely and inspire admiration for worth and talent; and that, in view of his varied and extensive acquisitions in learning, we feel that what is our loss is no less the loss of the whole community and of futures generations.

Subsequently the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That we, a portion of the people of Jefferson county, are decidedly of the opinion that we can do without the services of Mr. J. J. Crittenden, of Ky., at our next county fair.

On motion the secretary was ordered to furnish the editors of the Madison Banner and Courier, Louisville Democrat and Courier, and New Albany Tribune, each with a copy of the proceedings of this meeting, with a request for publication.

Whereupon the meeting adjourned.

WILLIAMSON DUNN, Ch'n.

A. W. LATHROPE, Sec.

Airline Railroad.—Instructions at the R. R. office of this city, have just been received from the Chief Engineer, to proceed at once with the final survey from Lacon to the Central Railroad, and information to the effect that in a few days from the present time there will be a lettings for the grading, construction of culverts, bridges, &c., of said division; that the work is to be commenced in ten days thereafter, and made ready for the Cross and rail in threemonths from the commencement.

By further advices from Washington, we learn that the matter of a donation of lands in aid of the road was to be regarded as no longer a question—that it will be granted.—*Illinois Gaz.*

Neutrality.

On the 18th instant, the Speaker laid before the House of Representatives copies of correspondence which has passed between this Government and the maritime powers of Europe, upon the rights of neutrals, and the rights claimed by belligerants in the pending war.

The first document is a letter from the British Minister, expressing the hope that the resolution agreed on by England and France not to authorise letters of marque will be received with satisfaction by the United States Government; and that it will, in the spirit of reciprocity, give orders that no privateer in Russian colonies shall be equipped, or victualled, or admitted with its prizes into the ports of the United States, and also, that the citizens of the United States shall rigorously abstain from taking any part in armaments of this nature, or in any other measure opposed to the duties of a strict neutrality.

Mr. Marcy's reply expresses the gratification of his government at even the qualified sanction by the two powers of the free ships make free goods, and hopes it will henceforth become an established feature of international law. He proposes to unite with the other maritime powers in a declaration to that effect, and assures the British Minister that will observing the strictest neutrality, his government will claim the full enjoyment of its rights.

Among the budget are letters to Mr. Marcy from the representatives of Denmark and Sweden, assuring him of the friendly dispositions of those powers.

The concluding paper of the series is a letter from Secretary Marcy to Mr. Seymour, our Minister to Russia, in which he states the determination of this government to pursue such a course during the present war, as will give no cause of complaint to either of the belligerents, and hopes they will give us no reason for dissatisfaction.—Mr. Marcy further expresses his belief that England and France are desirous to pursue a fair and liberal policy towards the United States; and suggests a convention between those powers, Russia and the United States, recognizing the rule that free ships make free goods, except contraband of war.

BUFFALO, May 19.

A severe gale has been blowing all the afternoon and fears are entertained for vessels that have left this port light. Several vessels are at anchor in the bay and quite a number have come in during the afternoon. About three o'clock a sail boat with two men and three boys was capsized in the bay about a mile from the beach. The accident was witnessed by several parties on the deck who were watching the vessels coming in and they immediately applied to Capt. Bager to go to the rescue with his steam tug. He forthwith started taking along a life boat and crew, and in a short time reached near the spot where the wreck floated. The men were clinging to the mast and every wave completely submerged them. It was with difficulty the tug reached the wreck as she rolled and pitched losing nearly all her fuel and everything she had on deck. The life boat was finally lanched and five men started, twice they were driven past the wreck and near to the beach, at the third attempt they were successful in getting them off, boys and all.

CHARLESTON, (S. C.) May 13.—Advices have been received from Havana to the 8th instant, to the effect that the captain-general, Pezuela, has been advised from Spain that his conduct has been approved by the home government. The reported contract with England by Spain, by which the latter was to emancipate her slaves, is denied.

HARTFORD, (Ct.) May 13.—The Connecticut legislature have a proposition before them for consideration to so amend the constitution as to allow negroes the right of suffrage.

NOTICE.—The wife or children of Lewis C. Dennison a hatter by trade, and who died in Red River county, Texas, sometime in 1837 will hear of something to their advantage by informing me where they can be found. FRANK H. CLARK, Jefferson, Texas.

The Martha Washington Case.—The testimony for the prosecution of this case closed after the admission of the statement of young Filley and the Kissano letter, and the examination of two new witnesses, one testifying that boxes were found on the wreck, which, then opened, contained only straw and rubbish. The testimony for the defence was being given at our latest dates from Helena. The indications are that some of the prisoners, at least will be held for trial.—*Cleve. Herald.*

The Ericsson Raised.—This vessel was raised on Thursday last week, and was towed to the Naval Dock at Brooklyn, for repairs. The damage sustained, it is said, will amount to about $50,000. The accounts of the daily papers of this City, respecting her late and unfortunate trial trip are not to be trusted in any one particular—excepting that relating to her being capsized.

The Nebraska Bill Passed.

From the following telegraphic report of the proceedings of the House of Representatives—for which we are under obligations to the House Enquirer—it will be seen that the Nebraska-Kanzas bill was brought to a final test last night, and passed by a pretty close vote—113 to 100. The bill as passed, we believe, identical with the Senate bill, with the exception of the Clayton amendment to the latter. The bill must, therefore return to the Senate for concurrence in its new shape, and there is a possibility of disagreement, as the clause in question was deemed essential by some of the Southern Senators. It is probable, however, that the alteration will be promptly concurred in, as the proposition to strike out came from Mr Richardson, the leader in the House of the friends of the bill, who was, doubtless at the time aware of the precise strength the amendment would command in the Senate.—*Toledo Republican.*

WASHINGTON, May 22—*Midnight.*

HOUSE.—Various motions to adjourn were made and rejected by the yeas nays.

Mr. Walsh raised a point of order that the rules of the House were for the purpose of facilitating and retarding public business; that the majority had acted with great forbearance and liberality, and that any further extension of it would establish a precedent enabling a captious minority to control the legislation of the country.

Mr. Campbell objected to all arguments, and Mr. Walsh withdrew his point.

Mr. Wickham, of Mo., moved to lay the bill on the table. Negatived yeas 92, nays 112.

The question recurring on seconding the demand for the previous question, another motion to adjourn was made and lost, amidst loud cries of "question! question!"

Mr. Campbell appealed to Mr. Richardson to withdraw his motion till he could make a suggestion. Mr. Richardson declined.

The demand for the previous question was seconded, and the main question ordered to be put yeas 117, nays 91.

At 8 o'clock another motion to adjourn failed.

The question was taken on agreeing to the report from the committee striking out the enacting clause, and it was negatived, yeas 97, nays 117.

At 8½ o'clock, Mr. Richardson moved his substitute for the bill, being the same as the Senate's with the exception of Mr Clayton's amendment, and moved the previous question. Vociferous cries of "question, question!"

Mr. Dean moved for the reading of the substitute. The reading occupied an hour.

Mr. Edgerton raised a point of order, that as the substitute contained appropriations for salaries of Governor, &c., it must be first discussed in committee of the whole. The Speaker overruled it as a point, on the ground that the original bill had been discussed. The main question was ordered to be put—yeas 116, nays 90.

One o'clock A. M.—Mr. Richardson's substitute was taken up and agreed to, yeas 111, nays 95.

The question was stated to be on ordering the bill to be engrossed for a third reading, when Mr. Wilson moved to lay the bill on the table—negatived, yeas 100, nays 114.

At half past 10, Mr. Matteson made an unsuccessful motion to adjourn.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading—yeas 112, nays 99.

While this vote was being taken, Lord Elgin was holding a reception in the lobby, many members being introduced to him.

The bill was then read a third time.

At 11 o'clock the bill was passed by a vote of yeas 113, nays 100. Applause in the galleries and on the floor, accompanied by hissing, followed the announcement. The Speaker appealed for order.

Mr. Richardson hoped order would be preserved, and moved to reconsider the vote by which the bill was passed, and to lay that motion on the table.

Mr. Letcher moved that when the house adjourn to Wednesday next.

The Speaker decided the motion out of order. Mr. Letcher appealed. The Chair was sustained, yeas 99, nays 80.

Mr Richardson's motion to reconsider, and to lay that motion on the table, was agreed to, and at half past 11 o'clok the House adjourned.

CONGRESSIONAL.

WASHINGTON, May 16.

SENATE.—Bills were introduced, considered, and passed, to ascertain and adjust the titles to certain land in the State of Indiana, and for the relief of Sylvester T. Jerauld.

Mr Mallory submitted a resolution in relation to the policy of Spain with regard to the island of Cuba; which lies over.

The Senate resumed the consideration of the bill making grants of public lands to the several States of the Union for the benefit of indigent insane persons; and Mr. Butler spoke for upwards of an hour in support of the President's veto, and in reply to the former remarks of Mr. Badger.

Mr. Brown obtained the floor; but a motion was made to postpone the further consideration of the bill for the purpose of taking up the Indian appropriation bill; pending which, there being no quorum present, the Senate adjourned.

Mr. Mallory offered a resolution declaring the course pursued by Spain, in reference to Cuba and the Black Warrior difficulty, grievous and affording just reasons to apprehend that her design is to carry out a policy calculated to renew and have reenacted the terrible scenes at St. Domingo.—Also, that it is detrimental to the interest and policy of the United States government.

The resolution lies over for future consideration.

Mr. Mallory also made an explanation, denying that the newspaper called the Shepherd of the Valley, from which Mr. Badger quoted yesterday was a Catholic Journal or organ. On the contrary the Bishop of St. Louis had publicly repudiated it.

HOUSE.—After reading the journal of yesterday.

The Speaker stated that the first business in order was Bennett's Land Bill.

The House, however, without further ceremony went into Committee of the Whole on the Nebraska bill.

Mr. Hunt stated that the statement in the Daily Globe newspaper, regarding the difficulty in the House yesterday, between himself and Mr. Craig, was untrue—that the other papers had represented it correctly.

Mr. Craig said his remarks were reported substantialy correct in the Globe, and by it he was willing to stand. At this juncture there were loud cries of order, amid some confusion.

Mr. Hunt then branded the statement made by Mr. Craig yesterday as a falsehood. He still pronounced it so. Cries again of order.

Mr. Craig said the gentleman has strutted into a scrape, and now tried to sneak out of it. There is much confusion and disorder.—The difficulty still pending. Mr. Maxwell has the floor to speak in favor of the Nebraska Bill.

WASHINGTON, May 19.

SENATE.—Mr. Slidell offered a resolution of enquire in regard to the expediency of measures expressive of the appreciation by Congress of the conduct of Capt. Fitch and officers of the Steamer Washington, who rescued the passengers and crew, 6000, of the ship Winchester, which was wrecked recently. Also, enquiring into the expediency of a general law providing for the compensation in such cases; which was passed.

The private calender was then taken up and is now under consideration.

HOUSE.—The journal of yesterday was read.

On motion of Mr. Dawson the Secretary of the Treasury was requested to inquire into the propriety of establishing at Philadelphia a mint department to strike medals commemorative of Patriotic services.

The House then went into Committee of the whole on the Nebraska bill.

Mr. Clotchwell has made a speech in its favor.

Mr. Dean is making a speech against the bill.

WASHINGTON, May 23.

SENATE.—Assembled at 12. After the transaction of some preliminary business, Senator Toucey, of Conn., arose to make an explanation with reference to the debate yesterday between his colleague, Smith, and Senator Cass. He said his colleague labored under a mistake when he stated that the resolutions he presented were in opposition to the Nebraska bill and expressed the sentiments of the mass of the Democrats of that State, and in proof he mentioned that the resolution were voted against by over two thirds of the Democrats in the Legislature. He wished to give no offence to his colleague, but merely to state the facts as they existed.

Mr. Mason, of Va., introduced a resolution calling on the President to transmit to the Senate copies of correspondence in relation to the African slave trade in Cuba.

The Nebraska bill was received from the House and read once. Mr. Sumner objected to second reading.

There are some doubts that the vessel alluded to by the English papers, is the *Grape Shot.* It is stated that Capt. James Wheeler, who arrived at New York from New Orleans on Saturday morning, reports seeing the Grapeshot riding at anchor off the Balize.

Mr. Douglass submitted a resolution of inquiry as to the expediency of recognizing the independence of Domingo, and the opening with that republic of diplomatic relations. Laid over.

The Indiana appropriation bill was then taken up.

HOUSE.—The journal of proceedings of yesterday having been read. Mr. Morris of New York arose to make a personal explanation. He said it was with regret that he announced his inability to be present yesterday, as he was confined to his room by illness. He further stated, that he should, had he been present, opposed the bill, and voted for its rejection. As it was, he asked consent to have his name registered among the Nays. Objected.

Mr. Giddings asked permission to introduce a motion to print 50,000 copies of the Nebraska bill. He said it was important that their proceedings should be sent as early as possible throughout the country, and it was desirable, therefore that the printing be immediately ordered. Refused. A motion to adjourn to Friday was lost, and the House went into Committee of the Whole, and took up the amendments adopted by the Senate to the Deficiency bill.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Arrival of the Europa.

The combined fleets are reported to have bombarded the fort at the mouth of the Danube. *Report not fully credited.*

Prince Napoleon has arrived at Fegra.

France has called into action on land and sea, 80,000 men.

The loss of the allies at the bombardment of Odessa was only 6.

Russia has proposed to Prussia a very liberal commercial treaty.

The Turks have captured Peta, the principal point in the Greek insurrection. The insurgents had 150 killed.

The Russians had been defeated in an encounter at Silistria.

The Turks had also made a gallant attack upon Krajova, but were compelled to retreat, owing to the overpowering strength of the Russians.

The bombardment of Odessa has been officially announced in Parliament.

It is stated that Omar Pacha had advanced 170,000 men toward the Dobrudscha on the 17th and 18th of April, and a battle took place between Silestria and Rasova.

No fighting on the Baltic. Fleets closing and blockading all the Russian ports.

A debate took place in the House of Commons on the 4th, relating Cuban Slavery. Mr. Russell stated that recent action of the Spanish government as to existing treaties on the subject, was satisfactory.

Some excitement was occasioned on Monday, by a statement of a sailor, representing himself as the 2nd mate of the French brig Fille de Marseilles, who called on Lloyd's agent at Stiets, Cornwall, with the report that he had swam ashore from a Russian frigate, which had captured his vessel. He stated that the capture took place 20 leagues from Cardiff. That the frigate first hoisted English and then French colors—that the Captain and three of the crew were killed. The frigate he reported to have gone up the Channel.

The Admiralty then sent two steamers in search of the alleged frigate on the 5th.

Excitement was increased by the publication in London of the following paragraph:

"News has reached the Admiralty that an American clipper-ship, the Grape-Shot, had captured a French Merchantman of Lands End."

The Grapeshot cleared from New York on the 22d of March for St. Thomas, with 1,500 packages on board, professedly hardware, but really containing muskets, supposed to be bound to Fed Island, and filling debarkation, then the Mediterranean.

This will explain the story of a Russian frigate in the Channel.

GREEK INSURRECTION.—With the exception of the Piraeus, all the ports of Greece are rigidly watched by French and English ships of war.

Pirates are swarming in the Archipelago. An English brig had drifted ashore on the island of Andros, with no one on board. The cabins were drenched with blood.

On the 12th a fight occured between the Turks and Montenegrins at Mielreck. The latter were commanded by their Dowode, George Petrovitch, Hostilities had fairly commenced.

It was reported that the Austrians would occupy the provinces.

Among the Europa's passengers were Lord Elgin, Gov. General of Canada, and Mr. Hincks Inspector General of Canada.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.—Breadstuffs—good demand for wheat and flour with very large imports, Corn—arrivals in excess and sales slow. The decline on flour is called by broker's heard 6d, and by Denniston &Co, 1s per bbl. Wheat unchanged Corn 2s lower. Market for all articles closing steady. Denniston quotes Western Canal 36 a 36s 6d; Baltimore and Philadelphia 36s 9d a37s; Ohio 37 a 38s; sour 30 a 33s. White U. S. wheat 11s 6d a 12s 6d. Red and mixed 10s 6d a 11s 6d. White corn 36 a 38s; yellow 37 a 39s. Richardson & Brothers quoted Ohio flour 38 a 38s 6d; Philadelphia and Baltimore 37 a 37 3d; extra 37s 6d; western and Canadian 36 a 35s 6d a 37s; sour 33 a 35s. Corn 38s. Holders refuse lower terms.

Gardner & Co., quote Beef fair business, prices steady. More inquire for Pork, business not extensive. Arrivals of Bacon large, prices 1 a 2s lower. Shoulders in fair demand. Lard again heavy; holders not pressing; 2000 tons sold 21s 6d.

PARIS, Saturday.—Napier is quietly anchored 3 miles from Stockholm. The ice was breaking up and it was expected Cronstadt would be open by end of April.

Further News by the Europa.

The Paris Patrie has received accounts that the Russian army in the Dobrudscha had suspended its march in obedience to Prince Paskiewitch. It appears the orders given by the Emperor were that the army should advance on Shumla before the allies could come up. It had not been anticipated that the Turks could arrest their progress.

The Swedes are decidedly in favor of England. One line of battle ship and four frigates were in commission at Copenhagen. The Swedish government intended putting several vessels in commission.

The London Morning Herald thus speaks of the reported defeat of the Russians near Silistria by Omar Pacha:

"We believe in the first place that the news was in itself far too good to be true, and when we consider the suspicious circumstance of its coming out so singularly appropriate to support the money market against the depression produced by the Signal failure of the Chancellor of the Exchequer, we cannot but apprehend that it was published for that purpose and for that alone."

Unpleasant rumors have been in circulation as to the state of relations between the French minister at Constantinople and the Cabinet. It is said matters have reached such a point that the General has menaced the Turkish Minister of Foreign Affairs with a suspension of his relations.

It is again positively asserted that the French army of the East will be augmented. The formation of a camp of 60,000 men at Boulogne, with a view to an expedition to the Baltic, is also mentioned.

Franklin's News.

NEW YORK, May 22.

Marshal Paskiewitch declares that Little Wallachia was evacuated solely for reasons of strategy, and that the Russians will soon return to Krajova and subject to martial law all who may assist the Turks, and he also declares that Greater Wallachia will not be evacuated.

The steamer City of Glasgow has been heard from. She was spoken April 21st, in latitude 45:30 south—a bark along side—steering toward the Azores. The masts and other portions of her rigging were taken for firewood. The above is a telegraphic dispatch to Richardson & Brothers; but as the ship spoken had yellow paddle-boxes there is some mistake of course.

Prince Napoleon arrived at Gallipoli on the 30th April. Lord Raglan arrived at Constantinople on the same date.

The difficulty between the French embassador and the Porte has been satisfactorily arranged.

Advices from Calcutta to the 6th of April have been received. Birmah still continued in a disturbed state.

The Franklin brings 112 passengers, among them DeCreits, minister from Spain to the U. S. and Mr. Winslow, special bearer of dispatches from Spain.

It was understood that Lord Elgin was the bearer of a special communication from the English government to the President of the U. S.

No news of interest from the seat of war, the Black Sea, or the Danube. The Russians have evacuated Trajova.

LIVERPOOL, May 9.—Breadstuffs—Richardson & Brothers quote an extensive demand, notwithstand large importations. Flour advanced 1s, and Corn 1s.

NEW YORK, May 19.

The steamship Crescent City from New Orleans 11th and Havana 14th, arrived here this morning. She brings 190 passengers.

A British brig of war arrived at Havana from Kingston.

The French squadron, consisting of one frigate, two sloops of war, one brig, 2 transports and a steamer, it was understood, were bound to Havana.

As the Crescent City left, a French steamer and frigate, a Portion of the squadron, was seen going in.

Young Man's Literary Association

OF FORT WAYNE

Reading room open every Saturday evening, from 6 to 9½ o'clock.

Weekly meetings every Monday evening, at 7½ o'clock.

TERMS: Admission fee $3 00 per year; Weekly dues, five cents. Applications for membership may be made through any of the members.

H. C. GREY, Cor. Sec.

Strange Developement.

Scientific Men are daily bringing to light new inventions, and the march of Progress is onward; persons Bald, or becoming so, will be pleased to learn that science and long research combined have brought before the Public the greatest Wonder of the Age, in the Article EMERSON'S AMERICAN HAIR RESTORATIVE, a sure cure for Baldness, and to Hair from Falling. See Circulars to be had of the Agents. Price $1 00 in large Bottles.

Sold by H. B. REED, Agent.

C. E. FISHER & Co., Proprietors,
No 37 Superior st, Cleveland, Ohio.

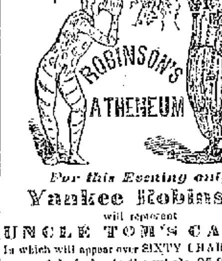
MARRIED,—On the 21st inst., by Rev. A.W. Freeman, AUGUSTUS C. BEAVER and CAROLINE SNYDER, both of this city.

COMMERCIAL.

Fort Wayne, Saturday, May 27.

Prices are looking up. Wheat, red, $1 75; white, $1 80. Flour, retail, $9 00.

Corn 41; Oats 37½; Barley 62; Rye $1 00; Beans 1 00; Potatoes 75; Onions 75; Cranberries 2 50; Butter 10; Eggs 8; Salt 2 25; Bacon 6 a 8; Lard 8; Beef 5 a 5½; Flaxseed 1 00; Clover Seed 4 00; Timothy 75 a 1 50, Wool 25 a 30.



For this Evening only

Yankee Robinson

will represent

UNCLE TOM'S CABIN,

In which will appear over SIXTY CHARACTERS.

Admission to the whole, 25 Cts.

J. D. WERDEN & Co.,

City Drug Store,

CALHOUN STREET, FORT WAYNE, IND.,

HAVE just received a large and beautifully selected assortment of

LUBIN'S

MUCH ADMIRED FRENCH EXTRACTS,

for the Handkerchief and Toilet, surpassing all other for elegance and durability of perfume.

Jules Haule's and Roussel's

Extensive Preparations for the Hair and Toilet.

Fine Oil and A variety CARICATURES and FANCY TOILET, and SHAVING SOAPS in endless variety.

An extensive assortment of

HAIR BRUSHES

of a quality to suit the most fastidious.

Tooth, Nail, and Clothes Brushes,

The celebrated

INDIAN RUBBER DRESSING COMBS,

Under the Patent of Goodyear & Co.

BUFFALO AND ENGLISH HORN COMBS, &c., &c., &c.

Choice Cigars. 47

Every Family should use the

EXCELSIOR STARCH POLISH for giving a splendid finish to the Linen and Cotton Goods.

DURKEE'S CELEBRATED BAKING POWDERS an efficient substitute for yeasts in Baking.

The approved Flavouring EXTRACTS of Vanilla, Lemons, Celery, &c., &c., for Ice Creams, Calces, Custards, &c. For sale by

J. D. WERDEN & Co.,

May 25th. Calhoun Street.

Elegant Confections.

PRESERVED GINGER, Candies, Flag Root, Gum Drops, for sale by J. D. WERDEN & Co.

CHOICE HAVANA CIGARS always on hand at the City Drug Store. J. D. W. & Co.

Late of Mitchell & Bro. Late of W. C. Davis & Co.

CHAMBERLAIN & Co.,

Successors to W. C. Davis & Co.

MANUFACTURERS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

STOVES AND HOLLOW WARE,

Importers and Dealers in

STEEL, IRON & NAILS OF ALL SIZES,

AND OF A WARRANTED QUALITY.

CINCINNATI.

Sale and Sample Rooms Corner of Main & Ninth St., Foundry and Office on Hamilton, East of Railway.

WE flatter ourselves that we are prepared to offer as great inducements to western dealers as any other establishment, having, as we believe, as great a variety of

COOKING, PARLOR, BOX & HEATING STOVES (for wood or coal)

as any other manufacturing establishment, either East or West; all adapted to the western trade, and made from the best brands of Hanging Rock Metal; therefore less liable to crack from heat or to be broken in shipping than eastern stoves made of foreign metal. 1y36

Madison, Indianapolis & Peru Railroad.

THIS Road is now in full operation for the transportation of Freight and Passengers.

Passenger Express Train leaves Peru daily, at 5:30 A. M., arrives at Indianapolis at 11 A. M., Madison, 5 P. M., where passengers take the Lightning Line of Steamers for Cincinnati, reaching the city at 5 A. M., in twenty-four hours from Peru.

Returning leaves Cincinnati at 7 P. M., arrive at Peru at 7 next evening.

No charge for meal or lodging on the boats.

FARE, from Peru to Indianapolis, $2 00
do Peru to Cincinnati, $4 50

E. W. H. ELLIS, President.

Indianapolis, May 24. 47

Notice

IS hereby given that I will apply to the Clerk of the Wabash & Erie Canal Land Office, held at Logansport, on the 20th day of July ensuing, for New Certificate of Entry for the east half of the north-east quarter of section 21 township 30, north of range 13 east, issued to John Carter, Nov. 4th, 1833. The same sold by assignment from John Carter to Francis LaSelle, and by him assigned to Samuel Hutson, who assigned the same, by sale, to me.

DANIEL BACHALIER.

May 25th, 1854 3w47

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Fi Fa to me directed from the Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, I will expose for sale on the 24th day of June, 1854, at the Court House door in Fort Wayne, within the hours prescribed by law, the rents and profits for seven years of the following real estate, to-wit: the north-west quarter of the south-east quarter and the north half of the south west quarter of of section number three (3), in township thirty-one (31) north of range numbered thirteen (13) east; and on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose the fee simple of said real estate.—Taken as the property of Jacob Lapps, at the suit of the Ohio & Indiana Railroad Company.

W. H. McDONALD, Sh'ff A. C.

May 26th, 1854 ($3 50) 3w47

Book Bindery!

C. L. HILL would respectfully inform the public that he has established a BOOK BINDERY in the third story of his Book Store, where he is prepared to do every description of work in the above branch of business, in the best style. His machinery is all new and of the most approved kind.

He is prepared to furnish BLANK BOOKS for county offices, of any pattern. Also BLANKS of all kind he will furnish as low as any establishment in the State.

Persons having Magazines, &c., can have them bound to any pattern, and are requested to bring them soon.

6,000 GIFTS!

MAMMOTH GIFT ENTERPRISE.

Of the Cincinnati

SUNDAY MERCURY!

6,000 *Gifts for the People!*

Including the Costly, the Elegant & the Useful!

The Proprietor of the Cincinnati SUNDAY MERCURY respectfully announces to the public that he will present Six Thousand costly and valuable Gifts to Six Thousand yearly Subscribers—making

A GIFT FOR EVERY SUBSCRIBER!

The terms of subscription to the SUNDAY MERCURY are (INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE)

To subscribers in Cincinnati, Fulton, Covington, and Newport, who will be served regularly every Sunday morning, by faithful carriers, paid by the Proprietor of the MERCURY, (and not, as is usual, by the subscribers), $2 00

☞ Subscribers in the above places who desire to avail themselves of the benefit of the Gifts, must pay their subscription at the Office of Publication, No. 6 Fifth street, north side, 2d door west of Main. If they pay the carriers, it will be at their own risk.

To all Subscribers, any where in the United States,

All that persons in the country have to do is to enclose Two Dollars in a letter, (post-paid,) to

A. J. BENTLEY
Proprietor Sunday Mercury,
Cincinnati, O.

☞ Each subscriber will receive a Certificate of subscription, with a number upon it in corresponding number to be entered with his name in the books, to prevent fraud or mistake) for the guidance of the committee of Distribution, who will be elected at a meeting of the subscribers to the Mercury, which will be held in Cincinnati, it is expected, on the 2d Tuesday of July at the present year, or as soon as 5000 of the 6000 subscriptions shall have been received. Due notice will be given of the time and place in the Mercury.

☞ It is hoped that those who desire to subscribe, and participate in the Gift enterprise, will forward their names and address at as early a day as practicable, in order that the Distribution may not be unreasonably delayed.

DESCRIPTION OF GIFTS,

To be delivered to the yearly Subscribers of the Sunday Mercury.

1	Fine Building Lot in Covington,	$800
1	Elegant Piano Forte (fine tone),	300
4	Gold Watches, (gents') at $35,	140
4	Gold Watches, (ladies') at $35,	140
2	Gold Chains, worth $15 each,	30
3	Arc ? , worth $5 each,	15
10	Silver coats, worth $10 each, to be had to be had of any respectable merchant tailor in Cincinnati selected by the ten lucky subscribers,	100
6	Gold Bracelets, at $10,	60
2	Pieces of Dress Silk, at $25,	50
2	Elegant Shawls, at $10,	20
100	Silver Thimbles, at 50 cts.,	50
5	Gold breast-pins, (ladies) at $4	20
5	Gold breast-pins, (gents) at $3	15
5	Pair Gold Ear rings, at $5,	25
5	Gold Finger rings (Gents) at $3	15
5	Gold Finger rings (Ladies) at $3,	15
60	Gold Finger rings at $2 each	120
900	Gold Pens, at $1 25,	1125
880	Engravings, at 25 cts.,	220
2000	Books, at 50 cts.,	1000
2000	Books, at 25 cts.,	500
6000	GIFTS, VALUED AT	$4770

☞ The above Gifts will be handed over to the Committee of Distribution, immediately after that body shall have been elected; and they will be distributed by lot, or otherwise, under the sole control of said Committee, subject only to the Subscribers of the Mercury, who shall have elected them.

☞ Subscribers from abroad may depend upon their Gifts being forwarded faithfully, according to directions. They shall all be notified of the Gift to which the numbers of their certificates entitle them to, immediately after the result is known.

LET IT BE UNDERSTOOD,

That every subscriber to the MERCURY, who pays $2 00 in advance, will receive the paper for *one year,* and also any one of the above Gifts which the number of his certificate of subscription shall entitle him to; which will be publicly made known by a committee selected by, and in presence of, the subscribers themselves.

TO POSTMASTERS.

We have no special Agents; but Postmasters who choose to act as voluntary agents, may retain *ten per cent* on all Clubs of ten subscribers, or more, where they may get up, remiting us the other *nine tenths* of the money collected.

☞ Specimen copies of the Cincinati SUNDAY MERCURY, containing full particulars of the above magnificent and liberal offer, will be sent to those who write (post-paid) for them.

☞ All who subscribe for one year, and pay two dollars in advance, will receive the Sunday Mercury for that term, and also be entitled to one of the above Gifts. Those who subscribe for a less term, will receive the Mercury alone.

Address all letters, post-paid, to A. J. BENTLEY, Proprietor of Sunday Mercury, Cincinnati, O.

CRAPE SHAWLS.—White Crape Shawls can be bought at 57 Columbia street, 25 per cent cheaper than at any store in the State.

May 10, 1854. WM. T. ABBOTT.

Leeches, Leeches, Leeches!

A CONSTANT supply of fine *Swedish Leeches* always on hand, or applied by R C NEWMAN, at the establishment of
J. D WERDEN & Co.,
Apothecaries & Chemists, Calhoun street

R. R. R. REMEDIES

☞R. R. R.—What do the Sick Require?

To those who think.—If sick, if suffering the tortures of pain, or afflicted with long illness, the invalids constant hope and most fervent desire is to be relieved and cured of the distressing ailment, that renders the existence so miserable, in the quickest possible time. On this principle the R. R. R. REMEDIES are founded. Instant Relief from Pain, Quick Cure of Disease, Speedy Restoration to health, is the great platform on which the R. R. R Theory is predicated.

The R. R. R. REMEDIES are worthy of the age. They instantly relieve the bed ridden from the most excruciating pains and quickly free the afflicted from the most obstinate and serious maladies, infusing new life and vigor in the shattered and fatigued body, and renew each member and organ of the human system with strength and power.

The R. R. R. REMEDIES consist of RADWAY'S READY RELIEF, RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT, and RADWAY'S REGULATORS.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF is for the instant relief of the sufferer from pain, and to check and arrest the progress of diseases, to disinfect noxual, malarious, and infectious poisons, thus protecting whoever uses it against all poisonous infection from contagion, and from sudden attacks of Cholera, Pleumonia, Ship Fever, Fever and Ague, &c. Likewise for the effectual and radical removal of all pains and diseases of the Joints, Limbs, Nerves, &c.

Its first action is to remove the pain, (hence its usefulness in Neuralgic cases;) its second, to repair and heal, be it the effect of a cut, or wound. If the Relief be applied after the first little smarting is over, the pain is extinguished, and the work of reparation now commences. But if the Relief is not applied, there are many chances to one that the pain will continue and an inflammation be set up and instead of a slight incised wound we have inflammation—a dearer to contend with. Besides its direct power over pain, the Ready Relief is the most effectual and convenient "counter irritant" that is known to the medical world.

If there be a congestion or heaping up of the blood in any particular part, occasioning pain and threatening inflammation or disease, as Sore Throat, Lumbago or pains in the loins, Pleuratic congestion, &c., the Relief will be found the most invaluable curative. By applying it over the adjacent parts, the blood is drawn away from the affected parts, the congestion dissipated, and the pain removed at once. Let any who may doubt this but make the trial—Now, these two properties, its power over pain and its "counter irritant," render it the most valuable remedy for Diarrhea; and although not an astringent as the popular meaning of the term, well it stops the pain and arrests the discharge of the most frightful Diarrea and Cholera in short time.

DISINFECTANT.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF is the most safe and powerful disinfectant in the world—as such, it is a most effectual cure and positive preventative of

FEVER AND AGUE.

So with other fevers and other malarious diseases. Ten or twenty drops taken internally, in a little water, will protect the system against any attacks from infectious and malignant poisons.

PNEUMONIA,

whether Typhoid or Bilious, RADWAY'S READY RELIEF given internally and applied over the surface of the body, and the bowels regulated and kept soluble with RADWAY'S REGULATOR, the patient will soon be out of danger, and speedily restored to health. If the R. R. R. Remedies are given, they will save the life of the patient.

RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT

Is the second of the R. R. R. Remedies. It is for the cure of Chronic diseases that have been lingering in the system for years.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO ALL AFFLICTED WITH CHRONIC DISEASES.

For the present, then, let us pass to the consideration of the RESOLVENT, the second of the three R. R. R. Medicines.

RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT is for the cure of Chronic Diseases, or inflammation that is kept alight on fire by some sustaining cause; for the chronic fail on that inflammation is a slow consorted combustion and this cause is a deposit resulting from the inflammation which is in an active or acute condition, for all disease is at one time acute before it becomes chronic. If a person has Chronic Rheumatism, it is the result of a deposit in the fibrous tissue surrounding joints; if a person is Scrofulous, these deposits often show themselves in small lumps under the chin and along the neck; if he has a Consumption or Chronic Cough, there is tuberculous matter deposited in the lungs; if Bronchitis, it takes place in the bronchial tubes; if Syphilis, it occurs in every tissue and organ of the system, for that disease spares nothing. Now, in cases these diseases, these chronic inflammations, (for it is this in every case,) it is manifest that the diseased deposits must be first removed, the sustaining cause be taken away, and that the impure blood be altered in its condition and rendered pure and healthy.

It becomes necessary, then, that the absorbents be active and the blood be purified. We therefore want a medicine that will act on the absorbents and stimulate them into action, and at the same time purify the blood. Medicines that depend merely on purifying the blood alone will scarcely ever cure chronic diseases; to ensure success they must at first have the power to stimulate the absorbents, and remove the diseased deposits. The action of the RESOLVENT is directed first to the absorbents, stimulating them into action and second to the blood which it depurates by its action over the glands, the liver, pancreas, kidneys, &c., which are the sewers that nature has established for purifying the blood. You will after this description, we hope, appreciate the name we have given to the second of the R. R. R. REMEDIES, OF RENOVATING RESOLVENT. It resolves any diseased deposit; it purifies the blood and it renovates the system. Tumors are removed and dissolved by its operation; Chronic Swellings are dissipated. Nodes are softened and melted away. The most loathsome Skin diseases disappear under its action. Scrofulous constitutions are soon amended, and the disease checked wherever it has attacked the system. Syphilis, with all its horrible train of consumption, has often times fails its contest—Consumption, that prevalent and lamentable disease of the lungs, that is so well known to you all, from its fatal and almost helpless character, and the havoc it produces among the young, the most gifted and the most beautiful of the human race, sweeping over our vitals with unsoldiers yet awful certainly, and consigning to an early and premature grave its yearly hecatombs of victims. Tubercular Consumption is often regarded as a specific disease of the lungs alone. This is a mistake. It is but one of the forms of Scrofula—it is a Scrofulous deposit an inflammation of the lung structure and could be as readily cured as any other scrofulous disease—such as Kirkett, Hip Complaint or White Swelling—in which it takes place.

The lungs expand and contract during every respiration; and from the moment the first breath of life is drawn, until the last guttural sigh passes from the dying invalid a never ceasing action is kept upon their part. It will readily conceived then how difficult it must be for an Ulcer of the lungs to heal where it is continually kept irritated by the act of breathing.

Understand, then we do not offer you the RESOLVENT as an certain a cure for Consumption as Scrofula of the lungs as it is for other Chronic diseases. We believe that it will cure Scrofula in any other part of the body but from the very nature of the case, the complaint—except in its first stages—is of times incurable; but we can recommend it as the most certain remedy [when taken as directed in our pamphlets] that we present to arrest its progress, and can point to a large number of cases of Lung Diseases that it has cured.

Such then, is the RENOVATING RESOLVENT. What the Relief is to Acute disease the RESOLVENT is to Chronic; it resolves away the foreign and diseased deposit, it purifies the blood and it renovates the system.

NO. 3.

We now request the reader's attention to third of the R. R. R. REMEDIES,

RADWAY'S REGULATORS.

Every pill taker should examine the theory on which the REGULATORS are founded. Every one "who takes pill," will find RADWAY'S REGULATORS the most pleasant and safe Regulator of the Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, and other organs of the system man.

We have hitherto been treating of disease or inflammation in its acute or chronic state and its remedies; the RELIEF on one hand and the RESOLVENT on the other. We now pass to the consideration of that state of the system immediately preceding disease or inflammation, viz: Its Factors. To allay irritation of the nervous system, and remove it effects wherever it exists, and to aid the RELIEF or RESOLVENT in treatment of inflammation, are the chief purposes of the REGULATORS.

But how is her substitution the cause to disease? Because the glands of the system are controlled by the brain and nervous centers, and what enervates the brain causes irregularities of the glands, and when the glands to fail to do their work, the foreign matter which it is their duty to remove, is left in the blood, and increases the already existing irritation. The glands are scavengers of the system and are composed chiefly of the Liver the Kidneys the Pancreas, the Salivary Glands and those of the skin and intestinal canal. Now, a regular and honest action of these organs are indispensable to keeping the blood in a pure and natural state. If we give you poor food instead of food to eat you can easily understand and that the blood will be corrupted by it, and diseased action will follow, and it will be just as surely corrupted if the glands do not abstract the worn out materials from it.

Again if the Kidneys be interfered with in their action, from any irritation whatever, why then we have the salts of the urine the poisonous fluid circulating in the blood, producing headaches, drowsiness, &c.

And, last and most important of all, if any irritating cause interfere with the operation of that great liver the Liver, behold the disastrous effect! The bile, instead of passing into the intestines and there to aid in their movements. [For the bile is Nature's purgative] is left to circulate in the blood, the bowels, therefore become inactive and the malignant bile [for carbon or charcoal is the chief component of bile] circulating in the blood is the cause of the fevers of the system. The superabundance of carbon in the blood meeting with the oxygen as it passes through the lungs is slowly consumed, and gives out a superabundance of heat, and this is fever.

RADWAY'S REGULATORS induce a healthy regularity of glandular action. No Costiveness, or Dyspepsia or Indigestion, or Pains in the Side or Liver Complaint or Pains in the Kidneys will trouble you if RADWAY'S REGULATORS are taken, and we positively assure all who are affected with these distressing complaints that RADWAY'S REGULATORS will cure them.

R. R. R. REMEDIES are suited to the treatment and, unfilled, will cure most of "the ills that flesh is heir to." The sanguinary practice of the lance, the cupping glass, and leeches, they entirely dispense with, and banish forever the pernicious use of Calomel and drug, of Calomel.

When sick, we advise you to resort once to the R. R. R. REMEDIES, as the most prompt in their action, the most safe and effectual of remedies.

Of instances of diseases prevented, of rapid cures, and almost miraculous recoveries we can furnish you the certificates and affidavits without number.

But these may be obtained without merit as well as with it, and without knowing the circumstances, prove nothing to your mind.

The R. R. R. REMEDIES are for sale by druggists everywhere. Persons desirous of learning more of our REMEDIES are referred to our FAMILY FRIEND and monthly paper. A copy will be sent free of charge, to all who will send in their names and address.

RADWAY & Co. 162 Fulton Street.

Oct. 9. 1y. y14

Dissolution.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between Reid and Thatcher is hereby dissolved by mutual consent.
A. D. REID.
WM. THATCHER.
Fort Wayne, May 19th, 1854.

A. D. REID is authorized to collect all claims due said firm. He will continue the business, and solicit a continuance of public patronage. 3w46

Thieme's Clothing Store.

3 Phœnix Block, Calhoun Street.

MY new stock has at length arrived, and it is larger and better assorted than ever before. It includes all fashionable styles and colors of

Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Tweeds, &c.

French and English Broadcloths from $2 00 to $7 00. Cassimeres and Doe Skins black and colored, all varieties, from $1 00 to $5 00.

VESTINGS, every variety.

I will make the above to measure in the first style and most reasonable prices.

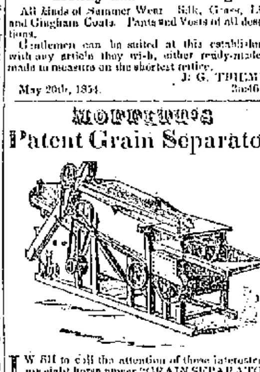
SHIRTS of the best quality; Undershirts and Drawers; Collars; Cravats; fine SILK HATS, Straw, Leghorn and Palm Leaf Hats.

Ready-Made Clothing.

All kinds of Summer Wear. Silk, Grass, Linen and Gingham Coats. Pants and Vests of all descriptions.

Gentlemen can be suited at this establishment with any article they wish, either ready-made, or made to measure on the shortest notice.
J. G. THIEME.
May 20th, 1854. 3w46

MOFFITT'S Patent Grain Separator.



I WILL to call the attention of those interested to my eight horse power "GRAIN SEPARATOR," which, after having been for the past two years in successful operation, has proven itself to be greatly superior, in every particular, to all other now in use.

The first premium was awarded to this machine at the Ohio State Fair, held in Dayton—also, at the World's Exhibition in New York, in 1853—the only places at which it has been exhibited in this country.

At a practical test of this Separator in competition with the best of those made in England, last season, it received the highest commendations of the press, and of all the leading Agriculturists in that country.

I will have a large number ready for the coming crop, made of the best material, and warranted to do good work.

I am also making a number of my small Separators for the convenience of those who wish to have their own machines. They are driven by two horses on an endless chain, or by four in a lever power. They thresh and clean the grain perfectly, and deliver it in bags: its weight is 750 pounds.

N. B. References in abundance can be given if desired.

I will have fifty of Crawford's Patent Clover Hullers ready for the Clover Crop. This Huller is undoubtedly the best now in use.
JOHN R. MOFFITT.
Piqua, Miami Co., Ohio, May, 1854. 46

State of Indiana, } Allen Circuit Court,
Allen County, ss. } September Term, A. D. 1854.

Motion for Execution on Judgment upon Forfeited Recognizance.

State of Indiana against John G. Grover.

IT having been made satisfactorily to appear in this behalf, by an affidavit on file in this office, that John G. Grover, the above named defendant, is not a resident of the State of Indiana, the said John G. Grover is therefore hereby notified that, at the next term of the Allen Circuit Court, to be holden at the Court House in the city of Fort Wayne, on the 1st Monday (being the 4th day) of September, A D 1854, and on the first juridical day of said term, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, a motion will be made in said Court that an execution be issued against him, the said John G Grover, on a certain judgment heretofore rendered in said Court against him, the said defendant, on a recognizance forfeited, which judgment was rendered on the 7th day of May, 1853. At which said next term of the said Allen Circuit Court, to be held as aforesaid, the said John G Grover may show cause, if any he hath or can, why the said State of Indiana ought not to have her execution against him, to make the amount of said judgment, together with the interest and costs which have accrued, accruing or to accrue thereon.

Witness Joseph Sinclear, Clerk of said Allen Circuit Court, and the seal thereof, this 15th day of May, A D. 1854.
JOSEPH SINCLEAR, Clerk.
James W. Borden, Att'y. ($3 45) 3w46

State of Indiana, } ss. { Allen Circuit Court,
Allen County. } { September term, A D. 1854.

Motion for Execution on a Judgment.

State of Indiana against John C. Blackwood and Henry Work (bail)

IT appearing satisfactory by affidavit in this behalf now on file in this office, that the above named John C. Blackwood is not a resident of the State of Indiana, the said John C. Blackwood is therefore hereby notified that at the next term of the Allen Circuit Court, to be holden at the Court House in the city of Fort Wayne, on the first Monday (being the 4th day) of September next, and on the first juridical day of said term, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, a motion will be made in said Court that an execution be issued on a judgment heretofore rendered in said Court, in the above entitled case, on the 17th day of March, 1835. At which said next term of said Court the said John C. Blackwood may show cause, if any he hath or can, why the said State of Indiana ought not to have her execution to make the amount of said judgment, together with the interest and costs, which have accrued, accruing or to accrue thereon.

Witness Joseph Sinclear, Clerk of the Allen Circuit Court, and the seal thereof, this 15th day of May, A D. 1854.
JOSEPH SINCLEAR, Clerk.
James W. Borden, Att'y. ($3 15) 3w46

Notice of Distribution to Creditors.

NOTICE is hereby given that at the April term, 1854, of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen County, Indiana, after final settlement of the estate of Malachi L. Guinn, deceased, about thirty-one dollars and eighty-four cents was found remaining for distribution amongst the creditors. Said creditors are therefore notified to appear at the next term of said Court, and receive their distributive shares. JOSEPH SINCLEAR, C. C. C. P. Allen Co.
May 19th, 1854. ($1 50) 3w46

Notice of Distribution to Heirs.

NOTICE is hereby given that at the April term, 1854, of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen County, Indiana, after final settlement of the estate of Susannah Crist, deceased, about seven hundred eighty-one dollars and sixty-two cents were found remaining for distribution amongst the heirs. Said heirs are therefore notified to appear at the next term of the said Court and receive their distributive share.
JOSEPH SINCLEAR, C. C. C. P. Allen Co.
May 12th, 1854. ($1 50) 3w43

Notice of Distribution to Heirs.

NOTICE is hereby given that at the April term, 1854, of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen County, Indiana, after final settlement of the estate of John Williams, deceased, about the sum of four hundred and six dollars and ninety-seven cents was found remaining for distribution amongst the heirs. Said heirs are therefore notified to appear at the next term of said Court, and receive their distributive share.
JOSEPH SINCLEAR, C. C. C. P. Allen Co.
May 19th, 1854. ($1 50) 3w46

Final Settlement Notice.

In the matter of the Estate of William A. Henderson, deceased.

THE Administrator of said estate having filed his final account current and vouchers; Notice is hereby given that at the next term of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen County, Indiana, the said account current and vouchers will be presented and examined for a final settlement of said estate.
JOSEPH SINCLEAR, C. C. C. P. Allen Co.
May 19th, 1854. ($1 50) 3w46

Final Settlement Notice.

In the matter of the Estate of Jacob Hatch, deceased.

THE administrator of said estate having filed his final account current and vouchers; Notice is hereby given that at the next term of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen County, Indiana, the said account current and vouchers will be presented and examined for a final settlement of said estate.
JOSEPH SINCLEAR, C. C. C. P. Allen Co.
May 19th, 1854. ($1 50) 3w46

Final Settlement Notice.

In the matter of the Estate of La Blonde Richardville, deceased.

THE administrator of said estate having filed his final account current and vouchers; Notice is hereby given that at the next term of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen County, Indiana, the said account current and vouchers will be presented and examined for a final settlement of said estate.
JOSEPH SINCLEAR, C. C. C. P. Allen Co.
May 19th, 1854. ($1 50) 3w46

Final Settlement Notice.

In the matter of the Estate of Thomas Daniels, deceased.

THE administrator of said estate having filed his final account current and vouchers; Notice is hereby given that at the next term of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen County, Indiana, the said account current and vouchers will be presented and examined for a final settlement of said estate.
JOSEPH SINCLEAR, C. C. C. P. Allen Co.
May 12th, 1854. ($1 50) 3w45

Final Settlement Notice.

In the matter of the Estate of John Nuttle, deceased.

THE administrator of said estate having filed his final account current and vouchers; Notice is hereby given that at the next term of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen County, Indiana, the said account current and vouchers will be presented and examined for a final settlement of said estate.
JOSEPH SINCLEAR, C. C. C. P. Allen Co.
May 18th, 1854. ($1 50) 3w46

Final Settlement Notice.

In the matter of the Estate of James A. F. Nichols, deceased.

THE administrator of said estate having filed his final account current and vouchers; Notice is hereby given that at the next term of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen County, Indiana, the said account current and vouchers will be presented and examined for a final settlement of said estate.
JOSEPH SINCLEAR, C. C. C. P. Allen Co.
May 12th, 1854. ($1 50) 3w46

GRASS CLOTH HANDKERCHIEFS.—Ladies' Grass Cloth Handkerchiefs from 37½cts to $1 25 each, at 57 Columbia street. WM. T. ABBOTT.

BLACK SILK SHAWLS of the best quality for sale at low prices at the Boston Dry Goods Store, by WM. T. ABBOTT.

PLAIN BERAGES—white, pink, light blue, dark blue, steel color, fan drab, purple, and drab, just arrived, in season for the hot weather, at the Boston Dry Goods Store, 57 Columbia street.
May 10, 1854.

BLK. SILKS wrp CASHMERETTE—Just the article for handsome Summer Coats, this day received and for sale by WM. T. ABBOTT.
May 10, 1854.

FANS! FANS!—A great variety just received, of all prices, making the most complete assortment ever offered in town, for sale by
WM. T. ABBOTT.

WHITE Silk warp FLANNELS constantly on hand and for sale at 57 Columbia street, by
WM. T. ABBOTT.

LINEN SHEETINGS—10-4 and 12-4 Linen Sheeting; also Pillow Case Linen, just received and for sale by WM. T. ABBOTT.

LINEN DAMASK TABLE CLOTHS—25 dozen, Snow Drop and other patterns, at 57 Columbia street.

NAPKINS & DOILIES—50 doz. Napkins and Doylies warranted all Linen, Greatest bargains by WM. T. ABBOTT.

CARPETS, Floor Oil Cloth, and Straw Mattings, at old No. 3. J. & C. ORFF.

New Merchant Tailoring

AND

GENTLEMENS' FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT,

No. 77 Columbia street, one door east of Messrs. French & Oakley's Hardware Store

D. C. WILLIAMS would respectfully announce to the citizens of Fort Wayne that he has leased the above stand, where he is now opening one of the richest stocks of

Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings,

and Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods ever offered to the citizens of the Summit City. His Goods have been selected with great care, and with a view of combining beauty, durability, and economy, which cannot be excelled for style and quality in this market.

Having secured the services of the best of workmen, he is prepared to get up Garments to order in a stylish elegance and fit that cannot be excelled this side of New York.

He has also a well selected stock of first rate

READY-MADE CLOTHING

and Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, such as Shirts Collars, Cravats, Undergarments, Hosiery, Suspenders, Gloves, &c., &c. D. C. WILLIAMS.
Fort Wayne, May 9th, 1854. 6m45

GROCERIES.

30 Hogsheads SUGAR, by the hogshead, bbl. or pound,
20 bbls. Molasses,
100 kegs Nails,
50 boxes 8x10, 10x12, and 12x14 Glass,
5 tierces Rice,
and a general assortment of Family Groceries.
J. & C. ORFF.

STONEWARE—10,000 Gallons, all sizes.
J. & C. ORFF.

Books and Stationery.

C. L. HILL has received his Spring and Summer supply of Books and Stationery, and has now on hand the best stock ever offered for sale in this market. It consists of

SCHOOL BOOKS

of every description used in this vicinity, and offers them at Wholesale or Retail. Country merchants will do as well to buy of him as to go East.

LAW BOOKS.—He keeps a general assortment of Standard Law Books, and has facilities for ordering anything in this line that may be wanted.

MEDICAL BOOKS.—Every thing in the medical line of a standard character can be had at Hill's Book Store.

MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS.—A full supply of all standard works, together with all the standard poets, are kept constantly on hand, and new miscellaneous books are received as soon as published.

PAPER

French, English and American Cap and Letter Paper, worth from one dollar and fifty cents to five dollars per ream. Bill paper, Wrapping paper, Printing and Hardware Paper, he has always for sale.

Fancy Articles.

He has also just received a large lot of fancy articles, such as fine Rosewood and Mahogany writing desks, Portfolios, Card Cases, Ladies' Portmonaies and Gent's Traveling Cases, together with the most beautiful articles of all, which the Ladies are requested to take particular notice of, viz:—a splendid lot of Ladies' Cabas of the latest and most fashionable style.

PAPER HANGINGS.

He keeps the best stock of Paper Hangings, Window Shades and Fire Board prints in the place.
May 12th.

State of Indiana, } Court of Common Pleas of Allen
Allen County, ss } County, July term, 1854.

PETITION FOR DEED.

Nicholas Huber of Charles G. E Prussing, Caroline H. Prussing, Lewis J. Hitz Louis Butcher, and John Butcher, heirs at law of Xavier alias John Butcher, deceased.

IT having been made to appear to the satisfaction of the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Allen County, that the above defendants are non-residents of the State of Indiana; Notice is therefore hereby given said non-residents of the filing and pendency of said petition, and that unless they appear on or before the first day of the next term of said Court, to be holden on the first Monday of July next, and answer or demur to said petition, the same will be heard in their absence, and a decree had thereon accordingly.
JOSEPH SINCLEAR, Clerk
C. C. P., Allen County.
May 12th, 1854. ($2 25) 3w45

SPRING FASHIONS.

MRS DYKES, having now received the greater part of her Spring Stock, invites the Ladies to call and make their selections. All the richest and newest styles of

DRESS GOODS

Such as Lawns, Tissues, Berages, Crapes, Silks, &c., in short every thing in that line now worn in the eastern cities, and at eastern prices.

SHAWLS,

A large and splendid assortment, including all the newest styles.

Ribbons, Laces, Fringes, Artificials and Trimmings;

of every imaginable style, color, fabric, and quality.

MILLINERY.

A most beautiful assortment of Bonnets of every variety now in vogue. The neatest, richest, and most fashionable stock ever seen in the West. Having experienced Milliners constantly employed, she will make up and trim to order any style of bonnet required.

Needlework and Embroideries

in abundance. Caps, Collars, Chemisettes, Undersleeves, &c., &c. May 6th.

DRIED APPLES 200 bushels just received at G. WILSON.

BONNETS.—Rutland, French Lace, Florence Braid, Pearl Straw, Cobourgh Braid &c. Palm Leaf, Straw, and Leghorn HATS.
J. & C. ORFF.

EMBROIDERED Undersleeves, Collars & Handkerchiefs. J. & C. ORFF.

BERAGES, Berage De Laines, Ginghams, Gingham Lawns, and Lawns, latest styles!
J. & C. ORFF.

CARPET BAGS and SATCHELS, all qualities and prices. J. & C. ORFF.

T. THE BEST YOUNG HYSON in the country.
J. & C. ORFF.

Ahead of the Express!

C. A. GREY, No. 81 Columbia street,

INVITES those who want a first rate, serviceable, and fashionable article, to call and examine his new stock of

DRY GOODS,

Which he has brought through ahead of the humbug Express Lines, and is prepared to sale at about the same rates as most dealers purchase for in New York. Buyers will therefore save money by giving him a call.
A full supply of

DRESS GOODS,

Such as Lawns, Ginghams, De Laines, Alpaccas, & Calicoes; De Barge, Denims, Poplins, Coromandels, German Linens, and other SUMMER GOODS.—Ribbons, Fringes, Artificials, Summer Cravats, and other Fancy articles; SHAWLS in great variety.

Leghorn, Straw, & Palm Leaf Hats.

Groceries, Hardware, & Queensware,

A large stock, of the first qualities, daily expected.
May 6th. 3m41

NEW GOODS,

G. WILSON is now receiving and opening, at the old stand, corner of Columbia and Calhoun streets a splendid assortment of

Spring & Summer Goods;

Consisting in part of Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Jeans, Summer stuffs, Linens, Silks, Beragos, De Laines, Lawns, Ginghams, Ladies' Collars, Edgings, Embroideries, Bonnets, Ribbons, Gloves, Hosiery, &c., with a general assortment of

FANCY GOODS, NOTIONS, &c.,

which are offered at the very lowest prices. Don't miss the place, for it is *the place for Bargains*.
May 5th, 1854. G. WILSON

Cloths and Cassimeres;

BLACK, Blue, Purple, and Olive Green Broadcloths, Black and Fancy Cassimeres. A splendid assortment just opened, and offered very low by
May 5th. G. WILSON.

HATS and BONNETS. A new assortment just received by G. WILSON.

Drake's City Express.

WILL deliver all Goods bought at the Emporium to any part of the City, FREE OF CHARGE.

Come at Last!

W. H. WITHERS & CO.'S

19 Columbia Street,

INVITES attention to his new stock of Goods, which after long detention on the road have at length arrived.

DRY GOODS.

A splendid assortment of the newest styles, at extraordinary low prices. Berages, Barege De Laines, Lawns, Ginghams, and all other descriptions of seasonable Dress Goods. Silks, Ribbons, Trimmings, Bonnets in great variety, and a full stock of Staple Articles. Leghorn, Straw, Panama, Fur and Silk Hats.

Groceries.

A choice stock. Teas, Coffee, Sugar, Stuart's Golden Syrup, Spices, Tobacco, &c.

Hardware, Queensware, Glassware, and Stoneware.

A full assortment. Shovels, Rakes, Hoes, Scythes Cradles, Pitchforks, and other

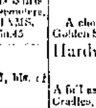
Farming Implements.

No more room for particulars. Call in, and you will find any thing and every thing you want, and so low, that you can't ask any reduction in price.
All kinds of Produce wanted in exchange for goods.
Fort Wayne, May 5th, 1854.

New Books! New Books!

C. L. HILL his receiving his Spring Stock of BOOKS and STATIONERY; it comprises every thing in the line. For particulars, the public are invited to call and examine for themselves.
April 5th, 1854.

Fashionable Millinery.



MRS. SULLEY takes this opportunity to inform the Ladies of Fort Wayne, that she has just returned from the East with a well assorted stock of

MILLINERY;

and she takes leave to say that, for style and quality, it has never been equalled in this place. She therefore requests the favor of a call before purchasing elsewhere.

N. B. A large assortment of EMBROIDERIES, LACES, &c.
April 29. 4w43

Lake Erie, Wabash & St Louis Railroad Company

NOTICE is hereby given that an installment of *ten per cent* on the capital stock of the Lake Erie, Wabash, and St. Louis Railroad Company (making 25 per cent.) has been made payable at the office of the Company, in the city of Lafayette, on the first day of June, 1854.

Stockholders residing in Allen County and vicinity can, at their election, pay installments to Messrs. Allen Hamilton & Co., Fort Wayne.
JOHN N. DRUMMOND, Sec'y.
Lafayette May 1st, 1854. 8w41

Old Lucky No. 3.

J. & C. ORFF

Are now receiving their Spring Stock of

DRY GOODS,

Groceries, Hardware,

Crockery, Hats, Caps & Bonnets,

NAILS & GLASS,

Which will be sold at their usual rates—that is AT THE VERY LOWEST PRICES.

The stock is complete, all articles of the best quality, and newest styles, and as is always the case at No. 3 *Great Bargains will be given!*

Call at once and examine, and you will find it to your advantage to purchase.

All kinds of produce taken in exchange for goods, at the highest Market Price.
Fort Wayne, April 22, 1854.

BOSTICK & BOLMAN'S Cheap Clothing Store;

89 Columbia street, Fort Wayne.

WE have on hand a full assortment of Ready-Made

Summer Clothing;

CONSISTING OF

COATS, Linen,	PANTS, Linen,	
Tweeds,		Cotton, all Kinds
Jeans,		Cashmere,
Cassimere,		Tweeds,
Cloth,		Jeans,
Blk Italian Cloth,		Sattinet,
Alpacca,	VESTS, Black Satin, Linen	
Lustre,		Fancy Silk, Buff &
Check,		white Marseilles.

Hats, Caps, Shirts, Collars, Cravats, Trunks, Carpet Bags, &c.

We have also a general assortment of *Piece Goods* of all descriptions, and will *Make Clothing to Measure* in the most fashionable style.

Calicoes, Ginghams, De Laines, Lawns, Alpaccas, Muslins, Cottonades, &c.

☞ Prices as low or lower than at any other establishment in the country.
BOSTICK & BOLMAN.
Fort Wayne, April 27, 1854.

20 doz. WOODEN PAILS, at ORFFS
Feb. 16, 1854. No. 3 Jones' Block.

Silks. Silks!

PLAIN and fig'd Black Silks; striped, plaid changeable and fig'd Colored Silks, just received and for sale, lower than ever before offered by
May 5th, 1854 G. WILSON.

DRESS GOODS.—De Laines, Berage De Laines Ginghams, Lawns, &c., a fine assortment by
May 5th, 1854. G. WILSON.

German Clerk Wanted.

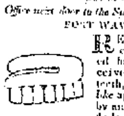
WANTED by the undersigned, a German Boy, from 16 to 18 years of age, who can make himself generally useful in and about the Store.
WILLIAMS & BEE-TT,
No. 85 Columbia street, Fort Wayne.
March 24th, 1854.

DENTAL SURGERY.

DR. VON BONNHORST,

RESIDENT DENTIST.

Office next door to the Spencer House, Calhoun street,
FORT WAYNE, INDIANA,



RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens that he has returned to his office, and has just received a beautiful assortment of teeth, which for *durability and life-like* appearance, are unsurpassed by any manufactured. Persons desirous of having any operation in Dentistry well performed, either *Surgical or Mechanical*, would do well to give him a call. Three years residence here, and the fact of having taken the FIRST PREMIUM at the STATE FAIR, and also at the COUNTY FAIR, is sufficient guarantee that the work shall be done well.

N. B. Teeth extracted for the poor gratuitously, *and no charge made for advice.* 35

New Goods for Spring:

Plaids, De Laines, and Chalies

JUST received at the Boston Dry Goods Store, new style De Laines and Chalies, which are very handsome and just the thing for the approaching season, for sale very low by WM. T. ABBOTT.
Feb. 23d, 1854.

Fresh Arrival of NEW GOODS

By Railroad.

WE have, during the past week, received a large and splendid assortment of DRESS GOODS, black and colored Silks, Grass Cloth, Robes, Lawns, Berages, De Laines, Calicoes, Bonnets, Shawls, Mantillas, Ribbons, Embroidery, Cambrics, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, silk, worsted and cotton Hosiery, Hats, Caps, &c., &c.

A call is solicited from all who want good cheap.

Country Merchants and Pedlars

will do well to give us a call, as we are determined to sell at WHOLESALE, as well as RETAIL, at a very small profit.
April 15, 1854. J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.

CARPETS.

20 Pieces CARPETS from 2 lots to 9 per yard
20 do plain and figured matting,
5 do Rag oil cloth, for sale by
April 15 J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.

80 Barrels New Orleans SUGAR
22 do do Molasses.
10 do Tanners Oil,
74 Bags Coffee,
20 Chests Tea,
25 Boxes Tobacco, for sale by
April 15. J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.

250 Bushels DRIED APPLES for sale by
J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Iron, Nails and Glass.

First arrival of the season at the

GRANITE STOR

50 TONS IRON, which makes our assortment unusually large,
150 Kegs NAILS of all sizes, of the best brands.
100 Boxes GLASS, all sizes.

HOES AND FORKS.

150 Dozen Grubbing Tuttle Steel Hoes
50 " AMS and other SHOVELS
A large assortment of general Hardware is expected daily.

OAKLEY & FRENCH'S is the place for country Merchants to assort up their Stocks, and no mistake.
April 8th, 1854

Books Received.

UPHAM'S Mental Philosophy; Fulton and Eastman's Book Keeping; Gillespie's Speeches; Kames' Elements; Alexander's Moral Science; Homer's Iliad; Remington on Conveyancing; Christian Minstrel; Sacred Melodeon, &c., &c., just received and for sale by
N. P. STOCKBRIDGE
Fort Wayne, April 15th, 1854.

BOOKS! BOOKS!

THE subscriber having purchased of H. W. Borroughs his large stock of Books, Stationery and Fancy Articles, is prepared to offer superior inducements to all who may wish to provide themselves with any thing in his class of goods.

Especial effort will be made to have constantly for sale a full supply of standard Books of every description, and to receive all the popular Monthlies and Cheap Publications, &c., as early as possible.
N. P. STOCKBRIDGE.
Fort Wayne, April 1st, 1854 39

SCHOOL BOOKS.

THE latest and most approved, for sale by
N. P. STOCKBRIDGE.

GREEK AND LATIN BOOKS.

A FULL supply for sale by
N. P. STOCKBRIDGE

GOLD PENS.

A TIP-TOP Article for sale by
N. P. STOCKBRIDGE.

PORTFOLIOS.

THE nicest thing out for sale by
N. P. STOCKBRIDGE

THAT SAME OLD PLACE

To Get your Money Back

IS STILL FOUND AT

W. JACOBS'

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

BOOT & SHOE STORE,

IN FORT WAYNE.

MY Stock is much more general and extensive this Spring than heretofore. To enumerate all the vast *varieties* and *qualities* now on hand would be impossible—suffice to say that nothing is wanting in this establishment for the embellishment of the *understandings*, from the prattling *Baby* up to the *old Lady and Gentleman* of three score years and ten—and, as usual, at prices far below any thing in this market.—When you hear the cry of leather being so high in price, don't be alarmed, but come right along to

No. 2 Phœnix Block on Calhoun street;

where you will find such an amount of

Boots and Shoes,

and such VERY LOW PRICES, as will truly induce you that there is no use in going to California to dig Gold.

GOOD WORKMEN constantly on hand, and will make anything to order on the shortest notice and most reasonable terms. WM. JACOBS.
May 10th, 1853

Woollen Manufactory.

H. RUDISELL & H. J. RUDISILL,

HAVING formed a copartnership under the firm of Rudisill & Son, will continue to manufacture Woollen Goods of every description, at the old establishment of Rudisill and Walke.

Merchants are respectfully invited to examine our stock of Woollen Goods, consisting in part of

Cassimeres, Cloths, Tweeds, Jeans,

Linseys, Sattinetts, Blankets, Flannels & Stocking Yarn,

Which we offer at wholesale, or in exchange for wool.

Our Goods are made to wear, and will compare favorably in *quality* and *prices* with those offered in eastern markets.

Particular attention will be paid to *Custom Carding, Spinning, Cloth Dressing, & Manufacturing on the Shares*

Good Work will always be warranted when the wool is brought in *good condition.*

The highest rates will be paid for WOOL, LARD, and SOAP.
H. RUDISILL,
March 17, 1853. H. J. RUDISILL.

WINDOW DRAPERY, embroidered, for sale low, J. & C ORFF.

New Spring Goods

At the Boston Dry Goods Store,

57 Columbia Street.

WE are now daily receiving large supplies of new and desirable Spring Goods, among which may be found a splendid assortment of Black and Fancy Dress Silks; Crape, Cashmere, Silk and all Wool Summer Shawls; Parasols; Bonnet Ribbons; Prints; Ginghams; Berage de Laines; Hosiery, &c. The attention of purchasers is respectfully invited, and we will endeavor to give all *Great Bargains.*
April 22d, 1854. WM. T. ABBOTT.

SPRING GOODS.

JUST received an assortment of Lawns, Ginghams, Berages, Berage De Laines, Tissues, Crape de Paris, fig'd and plain, and other fashionable

DRESS GOODS,

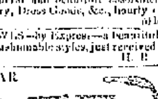
Crape, Brocha, Silk and Cashmere Shawls;

NEEDLEWORK—Flouncings, Edgings, Sleeves, Collars, &c. Dress and Bonnet Trimmings, &c. &c.

A general and beautiful assortment of Bonnets, Millinery, Dress Goods, &c., hourly expected.
MRS. DYKES.

SHAWLS—by Express—a beautiful assortment of all fashionable styles, just received at the Farmer's Depot H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

CLEAR THE
THE Bulgine's
Track, Coming!



Boston Shoe Store.

F. S. AVALINE;

No. 125 Columbia Street, (over R. W. Taylor's Store), east of Hill & Gleeson's, Fort Wayne,

RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he has bought out Messrs. Anderson & Co., and is now receiving a large and new assortment of

BOOTS AND SHOES

including all sorts, sizes, and qualities; warranted to be of the best workmanship, and got up in the latest and neatest styles.

THE LADIES will find every variety of Polkas, Gaiters, Buskins, Excelsiors, Jenny Linds, Ties, Slips, &c., &c. Also, MISSES' and CHILDREN'S WEAR in great variety.

FOR GENTLEMEN, besides Eastern work, he has a large assortment of Home-Made Calf and Kip Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Brogans, Brogans, &c. In short the stock is complete in every respect, and will be sold CHEAPER than ever before in Fort Wayne!

This is no idle boast, but the plain fact, as will be demonstrated to the satisfaction of all who will favor him with a call. The way this can be done is simply, that they have been bought for Cash, and will be sold for the same exclusively, whereby the risk and loss of a credit business being obviated, buyers will only have to pay for their own Shoes, and not be taxed in addition a heavy per centage to shoe their neighbors.

Leather, Bindings, Findings, &c

A heavy stock of Sole and Upper Leather, Calf and Kip Skins, Linings, Bindings, Findings, &c., are also offered for sale low for cash.
CASH PAID FOR HIDES.
Fort Wayne, March 4, 1854. v34

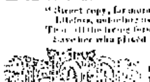
NEW PUBLICATIONS.

C. L. HILL has received the March numbers of Harper's Household Words, Godey's Ladies' Book, Graham's Magazine, Also Blackwood's Magazine for February, and The North British Review for January.

N. B. Any quantity of the Old Brewery and New Mission House can be had at
March 3, 1854. HILL'S Book Store.

REAL PREMIUM DAGUERREOTYPES

"Secure copy, far more dear to me,
Lifeless, unconscious as thou art,
Than all the living forms could be,
Save her who placed thee next my heart."



Mr. A. McDONALD returns his sincere thanks to the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity for their liberal patronage, and respectfully invites them to call, examine specimens of his pictures, and see the perfection to which the Daguerrean art has arrived.

His Pictures exhibited at the late State Fair, at Lafayette, were universally admitted to be far superior to any collection of pictures there, for which he was awarded a Premium and Diploma.

Those who want perfect copies of themselves or friends are respectfully invited to call and see the

Real Premium Pictures

(not those styled so only by the advertiser) at Mr. McDonald's Rooms, No. 3 Phœnix Block, Calhoun street.

Instructions given in the Art, and Apparatus and Materials furnished on the lowest terms.

We, the undersigned, who attended the late State Fair at La Fayette, take pleasure in certifying that Mr. A. McDonald's Daguerreotypes were universally admitted (so far as we heard any expression) to be far superior to any exhibited at the Fair.

Miss Samuel Edsall,	Wm. Rockhill,
Mrs. T. N. Hood,	P. C. Nelson,
Miss Louisa Hamilton,	A. J. Avery,
Miss Dox Edsall,	Joshua Holmes,
Dr. E. Pierce,	G. W. Nuttlehorst,
T. N. Hood,	James Story,
Mrs Mary Roop,	F. P. Randall,
John Stapleford,	Chancey Oakley,
James Vandegriff,	Wm. Hamilton.

NAILS & GLASS.—50 boxes Glass, assorted sizes, 100 kegs Juniata Nails.
H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

BUTTER WANTED.

THE highest Market Price will be paid at the Farmers' Depot for good fresh butter.

Firkins supplied to those farmers who wish to pack their butter ready for market.
H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

CITY SHOE STORE,

Corner of Main and Calhoun Streets.

F. S. Avaline

HAS opened the above Store (formerly the Post Office) for the accommodation of his retail customers, where he is now opening a full and complete assortment of

EASTERN BOOTS & SHOES,

carefully selected from the best manufacturers, and including all the newest styles of Ladies' and Misses' Gaiters, Buskins, Slippers, &c. Children's Wear in great variety. Gent's and Youth's Morocco, Calf, and Kip Boots, Gaiters, Shoes, Brogans, &c.

Having the best of workmen in his employ, he will also make Boots and Shoes to measure, in the best style, and his determined not to be undersold by any dealer in the western country.

A general invitation is given to all to call and examine his Stock!
April 29

Dress Making.

MISS CAROLINE STEVENS respectfully announces to the Ladies of Fort Wayne and vicinity that she has commenced the above business, and hopes by unremitting attention, good workmanship, and care in fitting, to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

The LATEST FASHIONS will be regularly received, and every effort made to give entire satisfaction to those who may favor her with a call.

Residence at Mr. P. Stevens', north west corner of Berry and Clay streets.
April 21, 1854. tf—42

Richard's Himself Again!

$20,000

Of Ready Made Clothing

AT WHOLESALE OR RETAIL,

OF our own manufacture, warranted well made and of good material; Cheap for Cash

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES & VESTINGS

to make to order on short notice and in the latest styles.

FURNISHING GOODS.

Such as Stocks, Cravats, Gloves, Shirt Collars, Shirts of all descriptions, from a plain white to ring-streaked and speckled; Silk Undergarments of all sorts.

BEEBE'S HATS AND CAPS.

Young men who are about emerging from the state of single blessedness into the rough and tumble of matrimony, should be neatly and dressed. The lucky place to get the fixens is at the

Oak Hall Emporium of Fashion.

Those who have heretofore obtained their suits here are now rich, happy, and got lots of babies. *Old Bachelors repaired as good as new on reasonable terms.*

FARMERS! this is the place to get good clothing also Cloths and Sattinetts cheap, by the yard or piece cutting and thanks thrown in. Don't forget the place, Sims Front, opposite Jerusalem, in Ancient Row; *OAK HALL Emporium.*
W. C. SHOAFF, Proprietor
April 20. 6m43

Fresh Garden Seeds.

R. McMULLEN has on hand and for sale a large and general assortment of Fresh Garden Seeds.
March 23, 1854.

THE OLD BREWERY *and New Mission House at the Five Points*, by Ladies of the Mission.

C. L. HILL has just received a new lot of the above named book. Every body should read it.

MRS. MOWATT'S AUTOBIOGRAPHY, and FANNY FERN PORTFOLIO, can also be had at
March 21. C. L. HILL'S.

SHAWLS.—In great variety of style and price; selling very cheap by
March 25. J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.

MORE NEW GOODS

By the Lightning Line.

WE have, this week received the third lot of New Goods, by Railroad, direct from New York, bought of Importers, Manufacturers and Jobbers. They will be sold cheap. A call is solicited from Country Merchants, Pedlers and our Customers generally. J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.
Fort Wayne, March 25th, 1854.

BLUE, Black, Brown, Olive, and Green Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Tweeds, Kentucky Jeans, Worsted Plaids for children, Brown Linen, Drillings, &c. For sale by
March 25. J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.

EMBROIDERY, &c.,

100 pieces Swiss and Jaconet Edgings and Insertings. Muslin and Lace Collars, Under Sleeves, Under Handk'fs, Cambric Handk'fs, Curtain Muslins, Jaconet, Swiss, Mull and Cross barred Muslins, Bishop and Victoria Lawns, &c. &c.
For sale by J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.
March 25

SILKS,

6 pieces black Italian Silks, 10 pieces figured and plaid Silks, at very low prices and beautiful styles. 50 Black Silk MANTILLAS, very cheap.
For sale by J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.
March 25.

BONNETS.—A splendid assortment of all styles, selling from twelve cents to topmost figure, by
March 25 J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.

175 Pieces New Styles CALICOES beautiful patterns.
100 pieces Mousline de Laine Lawns, Lawn Robes, De Laine Robes, Ginghams, &c. &c.
For sale by J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.

J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.,

Wholesale and Retail dealers in

DRY GOODS,

Groceries, Crockery & Hardware,

Fort Wayne, March 18th, 1854.

Fresh Arrival of New Goods.

WE have this week received a large stock of Fancy and Staple Dry Goods suited to the wants of our customers. One of our firm, J. W. Townley, has been in New York the past six weeks, purchasing and will be sending us new Goods by Railroad, almost daily, for the next month.

On Monday, we are expecting THIRTY BOXES of Goods; among them are many desirable styles of Spring Dress Goods, Silks, Lawns, Bonnets, Gloves, Mitts, &c. &c. A call is solicited from all who are in want of desirable Spring Goods.
37 J. W. TOWNLEY & Co.

Provision Agency Store,

Next door East of No. 3, Jones Block.
FORT WAYNE, IND.

THE subscriber has established himself in the above business, and is prepared to furnish, at Wholesale or Retail

White Fish, Trout,

Pickerell, Bass, Bay Fish, Cat Fish,

AND SHADE,

At the same or less than Toledo prices.

Western Reserve Cheese, Salt, Flour, Pork, Lard &c. agent for Smith Superior Rectified Whiskey, and prepared to receive and sell on commission all kinds of provisions.

All business attended to with promptness and dispatch. MOSES DRAKE, Jr.
March 10, 1854. 36

Spring Goods.

A FEW pieces New Style Dress Goods just received. A full assortment daily expected, which ought to have been here long ago, but have been kept back by the negligence of swindling express agents.
H R SCHWEGMAN.

Groceries, Wholesale and Retail.

JUST received at the Farmers' Depot, and for sale, wholesale or retail, at the lowest rates:
20 hogsheads New Orleans Sugar,
2 " " " clarified,
15 bbl. Molasses,
10 half bbl. "
15 bbl. Vinegar,
54 bags Coffee,
250 bushels Dried Apples,
and a full stock of Groceries generally.
April 21. H. R SCHWEGMAN

FURS, Deer Skins, Hides, Rags, Tallow and Lard wanted at the Farmers' Depot.
H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

COUNTY and City Orders taken in exchange for Goods. H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

Roots! Roots! Roots!

NOTICE TO ROOT DIGGERS.

THE following kind of Roots will be bought at the Farmers' Depot, for which the highest price will be paid. The Roots must be washed clean and well dried

Ginseng,	Sarsaparilla,
Seneca Snake Root,	Blood Root,
Golden Seal,	Solomon Seal Root (large white),
Canada Snake,	
Unicorn,	Ladies Slipper,
Beth Root,	Blue Flag without fibre,
Black Root,	Sweet Cicely.
Elm Bark (bright & white)	

H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

The Ohio Harmonist.

A FULL supply for sale by
April 22d, 1854 N. P. STOCKBRIDGE

I HAVE just received and offer for sale a good assortment of Buggy and Seat Springs, at No. 123 and 125, Columbia st. R. W. TAYLOR.
Dec 12, 1853

2000 lbs. WESTERN RESERVE CHEESE just received and for sale at No. 123 & 125 Columbia street, by
Dec. 12. R. W. TAYLOR.

R. W. TAYLOR

HAS now received and offers for sale, at No. 123 & 125 west end Columbia street,
50 tons Juniata Iron.
10 " Sweeds "
American and English blister Steel,
Cast Steel, German Steel,
Steel Plow Slabs,
Steel and Iron Plow Slabs.
Dec 12, 1853

A LARGE LOT OF WINDOW GLASS is offered very low at No. 123 & 125, by
Dec. 12. R. W. TAYLOR.

HOE & Co. AND ROLLAND CAST Steel Mill Saws, at No 123 & 125 Columbia st.
Dec. 12. R. W. TAYLOR.

5 Bbls Crushed Sugar,
5 bbls Pulverized Sugar, for sale by
Dec. 12. R. W. TAYLOR.

30 BALES COTTON BATTING for sale by R. W. TAYLOR,
West end Columbia st., No. 125

20 doz. CHURNS, 25 doz. TUBS,
25 doz Buckets, 10 " Zinc Washboards
is offered for sale at No. 123 and 125 Columbia st.
R. W. TAYLOR.

10 BAGS PEPPER is offered for sale by R. W. TAYLOR,

10 Bales assorted Nos. COTTON YARN from the Cooper's factory, Dayton, by
R. W. TAYLOR.

100 SACKS BEST RIO COFFEE for sale by R. W. TAYLOR,
No. 125 Columbia st.

A General Assortment of Men' and Boys HATS and CAPS, for sale cheap by
R. W. TAYLOR,
Dec 12 No. 125, west end Columbia st.

500 KEGS JUNIATE NAILS for sale low, at No. 123 & 125 Columbia st., by R. W. TAYLOR.

10 Bbls TANNER'S OIL for sale by R W TAYLOR.

60 Bbls NEW ORLEANS SUGAR for sale by R W TAYLOR, No 125 west end Columbia st.

VINEGAR! VINEGAR!! VINEGAR!!!

A FEW Barrels Cider Vinegar can be had at No 85 Columbia street. WILLIAMS & HUESTIS.

Buckwheat Flour.

A Choice article, by the 100 lbs. or small quantity, can be had of Williams & Huestis, No. 85 Columbia street.

MOLASSES! MOLASSES!!

100 Bbls. extra New Orleans Molasses can be bought at a small advance above the Southern market at WILLIAMS & HUESTIS Wholesale Grocery Store, No. 85 Columbia street.

10000 Hides Wanted.

FOR which we will pay 4½ cents pr lb green, and 10 cents pr lb for prime dry flint hides. H. C. GREY & Co., 71 Columbia Street, under Telegraph office

2,000 Cords Bark Wanted

at $2 50 per cord, cash, delivered at our Tannery on the Feeder canal. H. C. GREY & Co.

Country Merchants & Grocers,

INSTEAD of going to Toledo or Cincinnati to purchase Groceries, you will find it much to your interest to purchase of Williams & Huestis, Wholesale Grocers, No. 85, Columbia street, Fort Wayne. By so doing you will save the expense of going further, and, in many cases, the entire cost of freight.

Williams & Huestis having made their purchases with direct reference to the country trade, are selling at a very small advance above the Eastern and Cincinnati prices.

☞ Don't forget the place No. 85 Columbia street.

NAILS! NAILS!! NAILS!!!

100 KEGS assorted sizes, Sneeberger and Belmont Premium Nails, at No. 85 Columbia street. WILLIAMS & HUESTIS.

300 Pieces PRINTS, 10 Bales Sheetings, at ORFFS Feb 16, 1851. No 3 Jones' Block.

White French Merino MAY be found at WM. T. ABBOTT. Nov 21.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST

'Dyspeptic Medicine' IN THE WORLD.

50 Pills for Twenty-Five Cents,

[illegible]

"O. HALSTED'S" Anti-Dyspeptic Pills,

WILL RELIEVE every "human being" who has any of the following symptoms:

Indigestion,	Headache,
Heartburn,	Extreme nervous agitation,
A sense of oppression at the stomach,	An incapacity for the slightest exertion,
Depression of Spirits,	Dizziness and Indistinctness of Vision,
Drowsiness,	Unpleasant taste in the Mouth, particularly when rising in the morning,
Cold Hands and Feet,	Dull heavy Pain, and sense of weight in the Head,
Numbness of the limbs and other parts,	A temporary loss of memory,
Vertigo, Nausea,	A want of Emptiness,
Difficulty of Respiration,	Pulse irregular & more feeble than usual,
Stupor,	Despondency,
Irritability,	Emaciation and Extreme Debility.
Drowsiness,	
Debility,	
Extreme languor and Exhaustion,	
Restlessness,	
Flatulency,	

Principal depot at **Barnet's**, *No. 11 East Fourth street, Cincinnati, Ohio.*

☞ For sale by Druggists everywhere.
☞ Price TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.
☞ Country Dealers supplied at proprietor's prices by any of the Cincinnati Druggists.

H. B. REED, Agent, Fort Wayne, Ind. 1y10

About Medicine.

SEEING the world is full of new Medicines, if any person would introduce still another, to the world of so fashion, what is to be done? There is nothing to be done, if the medicine is good, that we know of, only to write the truth about it, in plain language and let the article stand on its own merits, by speaking for itself through its cures. Of this purely natural Remedy obtained from a *Salt Well, 400 feet deep, in Pennsylvania,*

KIER'S ROCK OIL,

We do owe that as it *cures* various diseases, it will not do to class it among the humbugs,—although it is too much to say it will cure every body every time. Few, very few, however, among the multitudes now using it, are disappointed. Heal as it is, both EXTERNALLY and INTERNALLY, it stands the greater chance of reaching the seat of disease. There are various kinds of old Petroleum—offensive to smell and taste. Many of the Liniments of the day (and some are very good) are compounded in part with some kind of Rock Oil. Hence it stands to reason that if a Petroleum can be had which can be swallowed it must be good, and thus, *Kier's Oil*, having that advantage, is the very essence and quintessence of medicine. It doctors the whole man, from head to foot—flesh and blood—skin and bones, and eradicates Disease and the cause of Disease—root and branch.

Justified in using this language, as the Proprietors are, from personal observation for the last two or three years, as well as from constantly accumulating testimony—Letters—Certificates—printed, and written, and verbal Statements,—we do not feel at liberty to hold back the result from the people—It would not be right.

IF YOU OBJECT

that it is said to cure too many diseases to be good.—We reply—We cannot tell *how* it is, but as it is—that it cures so many diseases—and it is no affair of ours—it is the good fortune of the afflicted. We suppose it is just as easy for NATURE to make a Remedy for the whole man as part of a man she never leaves her work half done. Another thing—we do not have as many diseases as we think. Take for instance SCROFULA—or KING'S EVIL, and all those Diseases having their origin in a depraved condition of the blood, and other fluids of the body,—this Oil will eradicate them with little cost. And yet there are perhaps a dozen different manifestations of Scrofula, in the same or in different persons—and some people call them different diseases, which will never do. It was the opinion of the late Dr. *Rush*, Philadelphia, that there existed in *Nature* an antidote to every malady to which man is liable.

REFERENCES.

We add a few cures from the many certificates at hand:

RHEUMATISM—G. H. Spencer, Three Rivers, Mich.; F. H. Bleecker, Cincinnati (both inflammatory); H. Falmer, D. I. Co., Ind; P. H. Milbank, 60 years old, Utica. Take teaspoonful 3 times a day and bathe.

COUGH.—Rev. B. Halsted, John Watt, W. Day (for breast and lungs), Pittsburgh. Teaspoonful 3 times a day.

SORE EYES—J C Fisher, La Grange Centre; J M Mead, Mishawaka; S Nigh, Hagerstown. Apply 2 or 3 times a day, and if there is a scrofulous tendency, dose 3 times a day. Allow a little to get under the lid.

PILES—E C Garretson, Cin; Mr. Shell, Allen Co., Ind., J M Marshall, Salisbury, and others.—use internally and externally.

DIARRHEA.—J Donovan, Indianapolis, grandson, 2 years old, of diarrhea from his birth. B Wise, Pittsburgh, dose every three hours.

AGUE.—J G Jones, Terre Haute, Dec. 28, 1853—wife and 2 children cured of *intermittent ague*, and many others. Dose every 3 hours in absence of the fever.

DOCTOR J. FLATERRY, Columbus, writes that in his practice Kier's Petroleum has superseded the use of Cod Liver Oil for the Lungs, and he uses it exclusively for Diarrhea and Dysentery, Scrofulous Affections and Enlargements of the Spleen.

Price 50 cents. For sale by H B REED, WALL & MEYER, J COLLINS, and Mr. WAGNER, Fort Wayne.

R. M LYON, *Proprietor*, Fort Wayne, January 21. tf—29

WASH. M'LEAN. P. L. WEAVER

WASH. M'LEAN, & Co., Boiler Makers,

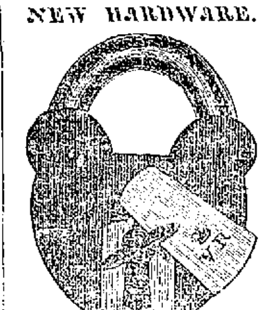
And Dealers in Second Hand Boilers and Engines *Congress Street, one door East of Ludlow,* Cincinnati, Ohio.

Constantly on hand an assortment of new and second-hand Boilers, which they will sell low or exchange for old ones. y—24

Harness Makers.

A SUPERIOR article of HARNESS BRIDLE, & COLLAR LEATHER, of our own manufacture for sale by H. C. GREY & Co

NEW HARDWARE.



H. DURRIE,

No 81 Columbia St. (Sign of the Padlock.)

HAVING received his fall supplies, offers the most complete assortment of HARDWARE in all its branches ever offered by any one in this place,

AMERICAN & FOREIGN BAR IRON, CAST STEEL, NAILS, GLASS, *Axles Eliptic Springs, Anvils, Bellows, Vices,* and other heavy goods; the assortment will compare with any west of the Lake.

MECHANICS will find an assortment of TOOLS fully up to the times in *shape*, and *warranted quality.*

Building Materials of all kinds, including Nails, Sash and Glass sizes. DOOR TRIMMINGS of all the most approved patterns now in use.

FARMER'S GOODS, comprising every kind of Chains, from a Halter to a Log Chain, Shovels, Spades, Scoops, Grubbing Hoes, Forks, &c., &c.

Saddlers' Hardware & Gunsmiths' Trimmings, of a greater variety than is usually found.

TABLE & POCKET CUTLERY, Plated and Britannia Castors, Table Forks & Spoons

SOLAR LAMPS, And a variety of new Fluid Lamps, Britannia Tea Setts Curtain Ornaments and Bands, and an assortment of HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS of all qualities. Fort Wayne, Aug 31st, 1853.

Proclamation to the Invalids of Syracuse.

$1,000 REWARD!

PULVERMACHER'S Hydro-Electric Voltaic Chains

ARE for the first time introduced to the people of Syracuse and vicinity, and the most *convenient, effectual* and strictly scientific mode of instantly relieving and permanently curing all

NERVOUS DISEASES.

Now we know this an announcement similar to the above meets the eye of the reader almost daily, and perhaps this may be classed with many others. But between you do us injustice. It is claimed that Pulvermacher's Electric Chain is the only magnetic remedial agent that is secured by patent granted by this government, on the ground that it was a strictly novel and patentable article. The Chains are now on exhibition at the Crystal Palace and attract much attention from the thousands who daily visit it.

MODE OF USE.

The manner of using the Chains is very simple. The chain is first moistened with common vinegar, and then one end of the chain is applied to the part where the pain is located, and the other end opposite to the first. The ends of the chain should never touch each other. At the moment of application, the pain is gradually relieved, wherever it is located, by the passing through the part a constant current of uninterrupted electro magnetism. In the following diseases, no other remedy has ever given such complete and perfect satisfaction to the patient as Pulvermacher's Electric Chains: Rheumatism, Palpitation, Swelled Joints, Pains in the Back, Deafness, Blindness, Paralysis, Neuralgia in the face, Long standing Nervous Headache, Palpitation of the Heart, General Debility, Dyspepsia, Female Diseases, Asthma, Contracted Joints, &c.

1000 DOLLARS

will be given to any person who will produce as many well authenticated certificates of cure from intelligent patients and scientific physicians of the above diseases as has been performed by the use of the Electric Chain during the past year.

ANOTHER FACT.

It is truly the fact that whenever the electric chains have been introduced, [illegible] greatly diminished [illegible] with the practice of using their stomach [illegible] drugs.

RECOMMENDATIONS.

The Electric Chains are highly recommended by Professors Mott, Van Buren, Post and Carnochan, of New York; are used daily also in every Hospital in that city. The chains will last for years, are always ready for use, and produce no injurious results, when used as directed.

FEMALE DISEASES.

The introduction of the Electric Chain into this country is the dawn of a new era in medicine. During the last twenty years, it can safely be estimated that ten thousand females have died yearly from this one disease.

PROLAPSUS UTERI.

It is well known to medical men that this common disease is beyond the reach of medicine, and that in proportion to the amount of medicine given, the more the patient is doomed to suffer, and sooner will death end the scene. During the last 3 years more than one thousand cases of *Prolapsus Uteri* (falling of the womb) have been *permanently* cured in England and France. Most of these cases were ladies of high standing, who had previously tried all other kinds of treatment with no benefit. Among the distinguished ladies that have been cured in Paris is the present Queen of France. In this country, during the last year, one hundred cases have been cured in the city of New York, many who have allowed their names to be published for the benefit of those suffering with similar complaints. The mode of use is simply to apply one end of a 20 link chain to the spine just above the hips, and the other end upon the abdomen, and allow the chain to remain for one hour. This is to be repeated four times during the twenty-four hours.

CHRONIC RHEUMATISM.

The Electric Chains never fail to relieve, in severe pains and swelling incident to this disease. The worst forms of this disease readily yield to a few applications of a chain, and in no single instance have they failed to give instant relief, if they did not effect a permanent cure. All persons who are victims of this usual winter complaint, are kindly invited to call and obtain a pamphlet of Post & Farrington, agents for Syracuse, who will also explain their mode of use.

The electric chains can be sent by mail to any part of the United States, by addressing (post paid) any of the agents in the principal cities, or Joseph Steinert, 563 Broadway, New York.

CARD TO LADIES.

Ladies who are *enceinte* are requested not to wear them *only* for a few minutes at each application, for by long continued use miscarriage is frequently produced.

Dalleys, Brothers & Co., and Post & Farrington, Agents for Syracuse and vicinity.

JOSEPH STEINERT, Gen. Agent, 563 Broadway, N.Y.

For sale by WALL & MEYER, *Big Iron Mortar, No. 95, Columbia st.,* Feb. 17, 1854. y—33 FORT WAYNE.

CITY MILLS.

CLINTON-ST., NORTH SIDE OF CANAL.

THE subscribers will purchase any amount of WHEAT at the highest market rates. They are prepared and ready to FLOUR promptly any quantity of Wheat on the most reasonable terms.

Farmers who have *Custom Work or Grists* to grind will always find one more Run of Stone in readiness for this purpose.

All kinds of *Bread Stuffs* and *Mill Feed* at all times for sale. HOAGLAND & COMSTOCK. Fort Wayne, Aug. 3, 1850. y5

45 Bags Rio Coffee,
60 bbls. New Orleans Sugar,
10 " Crushed and Powder Sugar,
24 " Molasses,
10 bags Young Hyson and Imp. Tea.
Wholesale or Retail at ORFF'S, Feb. 16th, 1851. No. 3 Jones' Block.

EMBROIDERIES—The Ladies are particularly invited to give their attention to our stock of Cambric and Muslin Edgings and Insertings, Collars, and Undersleeves, as our stock is very large and prices extremely low. W. T. ABBOTT.

SUGAR! SUGAR!!

20 HHDS Orleans Sugar, 150 Bbls " " WILLIAMS & HUESTIS, Wholesale Grocers, No. 85 Columbia street.

30 DOZEN CHURNS, 20 doz Tubs, 50 doz Buckets. Call at No. 85 Columbia street, at the wholesale Grocery Store of Williams & Huestis.

Golden and Sugar-house Syrup.

IN whole and half Barrels, can be had at No. 85 Columbia street. Williams & Huestis.

CANDY! CANDY!!

100 BOXES HEATH'S assorted at No. 85, Columbia street. WILLIAMS & HUESTIS.

50 CHESTS TEA.
100 sacks Coffee,
80 boxes Tobacco,
20 bbls Cut and Dry Tobacco,
40 gross Silver leaf Chewing Tobacco.
30 " Paper " "
Call at the wholesale Grocery Store of WILLIAMS & HUESTIS.

EMBROIDERING & SADLERS SILK of all colors may be found at the Boston Dry Goods Store, No. 57 Columbia street.

NEW GOODS.

No. 79 Granite Front **OAKLEY & FRENCH,** No. 79 Granite Front.

WOULD respectfully say to their friends and the public, that they are now receiving their Spring and Summer stock of Goods, which (they flatter themselves) is more complete than ever before offered in this market.

We have a very fine assortment of Table and Pocket CUTLERY.

A superior stock of all kinds of Culinary ware.—A large supply of HOUSE TRIMMINGS, Locks, Latches, Butts, Screws, and all the little etceteras necessary to Trim a Cabin or Mansion.

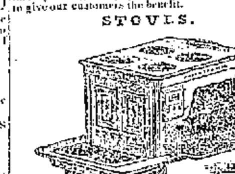
We would call the attention of Railroad Contractors to our stock of Shovels, Mattocks, Spades, Crowbars, and many other Implements in their line.

A good assortment of Carpenter's, Cooper's Blacksmith's and other tools of the newest styles, and most improved patterns. *Warranted.*

We have a large stock of best Cast Steel Hoes (Tuttle's genuine), Scythes, Cradles, and all other Implements for farming kept in Hardware Stores.

We wish to assure our friends that our Stock is very large, well selected in view of *this market*, and purchased *direct* of the *manufacturers* or of the *importers*. In all cases we get our goods at *first hands*, thereby saving one *profit* of which we are willing to give our customers the benefit.

STOVES.



We have received a fine assortment, and our supply will be kept up all summer.

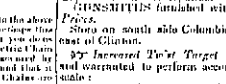
We are prepared to supply Merchants with any quantity of

TIN-WARE

at short notice; and all orders for our goods will be put up with dispatch and correctness, at prices that will be advantageous to the purchasers.

We are prepared to do *all* kinds of Job, or House work in the Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron line. All work warranted. Mar 7, 1853.

GUNS! GUNS!



South side of Columbia St., *three doors east of Clinton.*

SMITH & CO., *Rifle and Pistol Manufacturers,*

DEALERS in double and single barrel Shot Guns, Revolvers and other Pistols, Powder, Shot, and Caps. Guns neatly repaired.

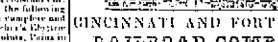
GUNSMITHS furnished with materials at *Low Prices.*

Store on south side Columbia street, three doors east of Clinton.

☞ *Increased Twist Target Rifles* made to order and warranted to perform according to the annexed scale:

At 160 yards, an average of	1	inch each shot.	
250 "	"	2½	"
300 "	"	5	"
400 "	"	8	"

SMITH &Co. Aug. 27. y—11

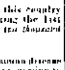


CINCINNATI AND FORT WAYNE RAILROAD COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Stockholders of the Cincinnati & Fort Wayne Railroad Company, that they are requested by an order of the Board of Directors to pay to the Treasurer thereof, at the office of the company, in Fort Wayne, or to any assistant Treasurer, within thirty days from the date hereof, ten per cent of all such subscriptions to the capital stock of said company, or five dollars on each share thereof; and ten per cent per month thereafter, or five dollars on each share thereof until all is paid.

PETER P. BAILEY, Treas. Cin. & Ft. Wayne R R. Co. July 2, 1853. 52—tf

Cabinet & Chair Making.



GRIEBEL & KNOTE having commenced business in the store lately occupied by W & J. Paul, in Clinton St., two doors south of Columbia, invite the public to examine their

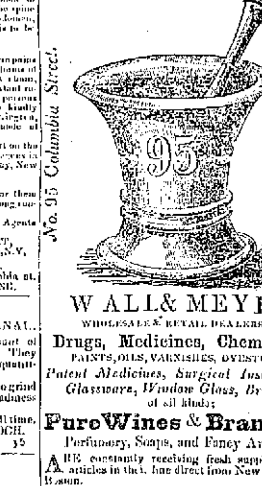
Furniture and Chairs,

which will be found to be of the best and most substantial workmanship, and warranted made of good seasoned lumber. Chairs, Tables, Stands, Bureaus, Bedsteads, and all other kinds of furniture kept for sale or made to order on the lowest terms.

UNDERTAKING.

They also have a Hearse and a Carriage, and will keep COFFINS of all sizes and descriptions. LOUIS GRIEBEL. JULIUS KNOTE. Sept. 16 1yr

No. 95 Columbia Street.



No. 95 Columbia Street.

WALL & MEYER,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals,

PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, DYESTUFFS, *Patent Medicines, Surgical Instruments, Glassware, Window Glass, Brushes,* of all kinds;

Pure Wines & Brandies.

Perfumery, Soaps, and Fancy Articles,

ARE constantly receiving fresh supplies of all articles in their line direct from New York and Boston.

Country Merchants and Physicians are respectfully invited to call and examine our stock. All Drugs and Medicines will be warranted pure and unadulterated, having been selected with care from some of the best Eastern Houses. Fort Wayne, Sept. 6th, 1853.

At the Mammoth Cave

Will be seen a large stock of

DRY GOODS,

Groceries, Hardware, Boots, Shoes, Hats & Caps, And large assortment of READY MADE CLOTHING, and any quantity of NOTIONS just received and for sale low for cash by Oct. 15. y 15 T. STAPLEFORD & Co.

30 Kegs Shoenberger's Nails, 20 boxes assorted Glass, at ORFFS Feb. 16 51. No. 3 Jones' Block.

Dry Goods & Carpet Store.

JOHN SHILLITO & Co., *No. 13 East Fourth Street, Cincinnati, O.,*

RESPECTFULLY inform their customers and purchasers generally, that they are now opening an extensive and complete assortment of FANCY AND STAPLE English, French, German, & American

DRY GOODS,

Also, Foreign and American CARPETING, imported direct from manufacturers.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS, thoroughly seasoned, from 3 to 24 feet in width; a large stock always on hand.

Families, Hotel keepers, Steamboats owners and strangers may depend upon finding the best class of goods in our line, at prices as low as they can be purchased in the Eastern cities. p6m35

HENRY WILLIAMS A C HUESTIS.

WILLIAMS & HUESTIS. Wholesale and Retail Grocers,

No. 85 Columbia street, Fort Wayne, Constantly keep on hand

Groceries of all Kinds,

Such as Tea, Sugar, Molasses, Raisins, Spices, Tobacco, Soap, Candles, Baggy and Door Mats, Tubs, Buckets, Wash Boards,

AXES, NAILS, GLASS, Sash, Stone and Earthenware, Glassware, Flour, Cheese, Cotton Batting, Cotton Yarn, Dyestuffs, Hatchets, Shovels, Lead, Powder, Gun Caps, Forks, Well and Halter Ropes, Wrapping Paper, Wrapping Twine, Candle Wicking, &c., &c!

COUNTRY MERCHANTS

Will save money by purchasing their Groceries of WILLIAMS & HUESTIS, as they sell at a very small advance above Eastern and Cincinnati market.

FARMERS

will at all times receive the highest cash price for all kinds of produce. Fort Wayne, January 6th, 1853.

Composition Cement Roofing.

THE subscriber has made arrangement, and procured the necessary materials for covering buildings with the popular Composition and Gravel Roofing. This system of Roofing has given universal satisfaction wherever it has been introduced, and is rapidly superceding all others. Its great advantages of durability, cheapness, tightness, and perfect safety from fire recommend it to all persons erecting good buildings. Though fully equal to tin in every respect, the cost is less than one half—but little more in fact than pine shingles.

For specimens the public are invited to examine the new 4 story Cabinet Shop of J. M. Miller; and Cooper's new Car Factory, south of A. Hamilton. HENRY CHAMBERLAIN. Oct. 10. y16

HOES, a full supply of the Tuttle Hoe, bought of the manufacturer himself and therefore no counterfeit. OAKLEY & FRENCH.

PLANES, a full assortment of the best kinds O. & F.

HOUSE Trimmings, such as Locks, Hinges, etc. a full assortment. O. & F.

FILES, our assortment can't be easily beat. O. & F.

AUGERS, cast steel, con-cave and plain. O. & F.

1853 **FORT WAYNE** 1853

STEAM IRON WORKS.

JASON C. BOWSER. JOSEPH STORY.

BOWSER & STORY, *Manufacturers of and Dealers in*

STATIONARY STEAM ENGINES, Of every size and variety, for Saw and Grist Mills, Shops and Warehouses,

Railroad Cars, Car Wheels, SAW AND GRIST MILL GEARING. *Thrashing Machines, Stove, Potash, & Sugar Kettles, Plows, Plow Shears, &c.,*

and every other variety of Castings used in the western country, all on the most improved style and pattern. We invite particular attention to our

SHORT STROKE ENGINES

and machinery for saw mills, which are the most simple, durable, economical, and easily managed of any built in this city, the saw dust and slabs supplying abundant fuel.

Those wishing to purchase in our line will do well to give us a call (or address us by letter) as we are bound not to be beat in style and prices by any establishment in the country.

REPAIRS done with neatness and dispatch. Cash paid for old Castings and Brass. Fort Wayne, October 20, 1853. y16

BASS & EMRICK, Wholesale and Retail Grocers,

FORT WAYNE, INDIANA,

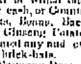
HAVE just received and opened in the new brick building corner of Canal and Calhoun Streets, the largest, cheapest and best selected

STOCK OF GROCERIES,

of every kind and description, ever brought to this market, all of which they are now prepared to exchange for cash, or Country Produce, such as Wheat, Corn, Oats, Beans, Bacon, Lard, Tallow, Hides, Beeswax, Ginseng Potatoes, Butter, and Eggs, and in fact, almost any and everything else, (except old shoes and brick-bats.

To the COUNTRY DEALERS we would say we have bought our goods from *first hands*, and can offer inducements not heretofore offered in Fort Wayne.

All we ask is an examination of our goods and prices. They cannot fail to please. Call and see for yourselves. Fort Wayne, August 20, 1853. p7

1853.  1853.

Wm. S. EDSALL.

FORWARDING and Commission Merchant, and General Dealer in Produce, Salt, Fish, &c.—Warehouse on the canal, *Fort Wayne*. Liberal Cash advances will be made on property consigned to me for sale in this, Toledo, Buffalo or New York markets.

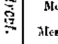
REFER TO

Hugh McCulloch, Esq., Cashier Br. Bank.	
Smith & Hunt,	Toledo.
G. S. Hazard, Esq.,	Buffalo.
W. A. Brown,	New York.
Ayres & Tunis,	do.

y25

COOPERS & CLARK

MANUFACTURERS OF

 **LOCOMOTIVES**

AND STATIONARY ENGINES, *Railroad Cars, Car Wheels, Boilers, Mill Gearing, &c. &c.*

All on the most Improved Styles, and Warranted. MOUNT VERNON, OHIO. C. C. CAMP, Agent.

REFERENCES. Messrs. LITTLE & McCULLOCH, Fort Wayne. HUBBELL, COMPARET & Co., " " July 2d, 1853. p1y52

NOTICE EXTRA.

OAKLEY & FRENCH have just received and will keep on hand a large supply of the best *four* ply

RUBBER BELTING,

from 6 to 12 inches wide. Also a quantity of *Rubber* and other *Steam Packing.*

They have also received **250 Stoves,** which they will sell very low in order to make room for more that are on the way. June 11th, 1853.

German Books.

FOR sale at the Farmer's Depot, Bibles, Testaments, Hymn Books, Stark's Prayer Book, School Books, Kohlrausch's History of the German Nation; Luther's Works, Erlanger's edition, 51 volumes, price $20 00; Wittenberger's edition, $15 00, Leipsic edition $25 00. Hirschberger Bible, late edition, $4 00; Brockhaus' Conversations Lexicon, late edition, 15 volumes. And a great variety of Literary and Theological Works.

These books are all fine editions, and imported direct from Germany. I have made such arrangements that I can procure any German Book desired, at the shortest notice. July 16. H. R. SCHWEGMAN.

PIANO FORTE  WARE ROOM

C. L. HILL having opened rooms for the sale of

PIANO FORTES, AND OTHER Musical Instruments,

would say to the public that he is now receiving a fine stock of Boardman & Gray's celebrated Pianos, with and without the

DOLCE CAMPANA ATTACHMENT.

This attachment combines more richness and beauty of tone than was ever before attained in the Piano Forte. Its particular qualities are clearness brilliancy and delicacy of tone, which falls upon the ear with a surpassing softness, like the chiming peals of distant bells.

Messrs. Boardman & Gray's Pianos, besides their other excellences, are warranted to be of great durability and wear longer than any others made.

He has also on hand a fine assortment of *Melodeons, Guitars, Violins, Flutes, &c.*

Also Violin and Guitar Strings. In fact, almost every thing in the music line.

He is daily expecting a consignment of Stoddart's Superior Piano Fortes. Oct. 1st.

H. C. GREY & CO.

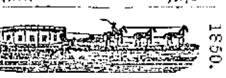
HAVING their **TANNERY** completed and in full operation, are now receiving at their store, corner of Columbia and Clinton streets, under the Telegraph office, a full assortment of

Eastern and Imported Leather, FINDINGS, SHOE THREADS, &c.,

which they offer for sale at reasonable prices.

As they give their exclusive attention to the leather and finding business, they hope to be able to give complete satisfaction. Country orders promptly filled. All articles ordered may be returned at our expense if not satisfactory.

☞ HIDES wanted at the Highest Market Prices. Sept. 10, 1853. y10yd

1850.  1850.

A. K. HILL, A. M. ORBISON.

HILL & ORBISON,

(Successors to Hill, Orbison & Co.)

Forwarding & Commission MERCHANTS.

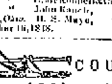
FORT WAYNE, IA.

☞ *Liberal advances made on Produce.* ☜

REFERENCES:

E. Hackell & Co., *Toledo.*	Ayres & Tunis, *New York.*
Smith, Robinson & Co. "	Kent, Paaz & Co., "
Collins, Brown & Co. "	Kimberley, Pease & Co., *Buffalo.*
Peckham & Scott, "	C. McKonnell & Co. *Cincinnati.*
Field & King, "	John Rench, *Dayton.*
Kirk & Lewdon, *Piqua, Ohio.*	H. S. Mayo, *Troy, Ohio.*

Fort Wayne, September 16, 1848.

ALLEN  COUNTY

Agricultural Warehouse

COMPARET, HUBBELL & CO.

Agents for Emery & Co.'s Railroad Horse Power, and Improved Premium Separators, and Dealers in Farming Machinery and Implements,

HAVE completed an addition to their forwarding and commission house expressly for

Agricultural Implements,

where may be found all the New Labor-saving Mechanics so much needed by our farmers. Any desired article can be ordered if not on hand. May 1st, 1852.

Piano Forte Warehouse. *At Manufacturer's Prices.*

T. P. ANDERSON, agent for G. Gilbert, and Lemuel Gilbert, Piano Forte Manufacturers, of Boston, has a splendid collection of

Æolian and Boudoir Pianos

now on hand, at his room, in Hamilton's Block, over Teller's Shoe Store, to which he invites the attention of the public. The

BOUDOIR PIANOS,

for compactness of form, beauty of style, delicacy of touch, power and quality of tone, *surpass all others* ever made in this country. Their peculiar form and construction render the tone so rich, varied and powerful, as entirely to preclude the possibility of being appreciated without being heard.

He is also agent for the sale of

Carhart's Patent Melodeons,

which for quality of Tone and Finish are universally admitted to be superior to anything of the kind ever before offered to the public.

All instruments sold by him are warranted. October 29, 1853. 1y7



OAKLEY & FRENCH,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Tin, Sheet Iron, and Copper Ware,

AND DEALERS IN

STOVES, HOLLOW-WARE, &c. No. 79 COLUMBIA STREET, FORT WAYNE.

Valuable Lands for Sale.

THE undersigned have on hand a large quantity of the choicest LANDS in Northern Indiana; Improved and unimproved, located in the counties of Allen, Adams, Wells, Huntington, Whitley, Noble, Steuben and DeKalb, and other them

For Sale on the Most Reasonable Terms.

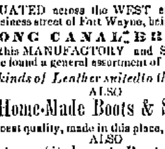
They have also a number of improved and unimproved LOTS in this city, which they will dispose of on reasonable terms that cannot fail to suit purchasers. Persons desirous of

Purchasing Lands or Town Lots,

will do well to give him a call before making arrangements elsewhere.

N. B. Lands shown and descriptions, *free of charge*, by application at our office at the Court House. COLERICK & WITHERS, General Lands and Tax Agents. Fort Wayne, Nov. 22, 1849. 31y.

ROBINSON'S



Tannery *LEATHER,* AND **Boot & Shoe** STORE,

SITUATED across the WEST end of principal business street of Fort Wayne, being at the

LONG CANAL BRIDGE,

"At this MANUFACTORY and SALE STORE may be found a general assortment of

All kinds of Leather suited to this Market.

ALSO

Home-Made Boots & Shoes,

of the best quality, made in this place, *Warranted.*

ALSO

Eastern Styles of Boots & Shoes,

for all classes and of great variety.

CHILDREN'S at 20 Cts and upwards.

LADIES' from 45 Cts. to the neatest city styles and prices.

MEN'S from 60 Cts. to the California mark!

No establishment can furnish any *Cheaper or better* articles for the price than can be found at this STORE My arrangements are suited to the

Wholesale and Retail Trade.

And all are invited to call and examine the extensive varieties now on hand, and that will hereafter be added to my Stock, as the varying seasons and tastes of purchasers shall require. JAMES H. ROBINSON. Fort Wayne, June 1852.

THE LARGEST

SILK RIBBON, AND TRIMMING HOUSE IN NEW YORK.

THOMAS G. STEARNS, IMPORTER AND JOBBER OF *Silks, Millinery, and Fancy Goods,*

At Nett Cash Prices.—Time granted by adding interest

162 Broadway, N. Y.,

HAS now in store, and is daily receiving and offering at the lowest Prices, a complete assortment of Goods in his line, comprising all the various styles and designs, consisting of

Black and Fancy Silks.

Marcelines, Florences, Shawls, Trimmings Bonnet Ribbons.

TAFFETA AND SATIN RIBBONS, DRESS TRIMMINGS OF ALL KINDS, EMBROIDERIES,

French and English Crapes, Crape Lisses, Silk Cravats, Gloves of all kinds, Silk Lace Mitts, Barages, Laces, White Goods, Hosiery, L.C Hdkfs.

The undersigned would invite the Merchants from the North, South, East, West, when in the City, to favor him with a call, and examine his stock before purchasing. THOMAS G. STEARNS, 162 BROADWAY. Between Liberty street and Maiden Lane, N. Y. y26

JOHN BROWN, DEALER IN

STONE AND LIME,

New York and Louisville Cement, and Plaster of Paris.

The above articles kept constantly on hand at his new stone Building, north of the canal, near the City Mills. y13

HUGH B. REED,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals,

Paints, Oils, Varnishes and Dye Stuffs, Glassware Window Glass, Putty, Paint and Varnish Brushes, Perfumery, Soap, and Fancy Articles, Surgical Instruments, Tobacco, Cigars and snuffs, Patent Medicines, Pure Wines and Brandies,

IS now receiving direct from the eastern cities, his Fall Stock, to which he invites the attention of dealers. Customers and physicians will always find at his establishment

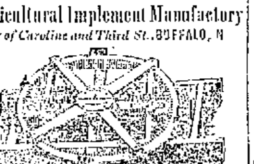
Fresh & Unadulterated Medicines,

which he has selected with great personal care for this market.

His stock will be found as extensive as any other in the state, and his prices will compare with any other house in the west. Call and examine. Fort Wayne, Nov. 9, 1852. H B R.

Agricultural Implement Manufactory

corner of Caroline and Third St., BUFFALO, N



Pitt's Patent Separator,

IMPROVED DOUBLE PINION HORSE POWER,

Corn and Cob Mills, &c.

I HEREBY give notice that since the extension of the Patent Right on my machine for threshing and cleaning grain, I have removed to Buffalo, N. Y., where I have permanently located and erected a large establishment for the future manufacture of the above machines.

The Separator has been enlarged, improved and rendered more permanent and durable in all its parts, while the Horse Power, for strength, ease, durability and cheapness of repair, is not surpassed by any in the United States. This Power is warranted to stand the full strength of eight horses; also to give as much effective or useful power when driven by one or two horses as any other Horse Power, whether constructed on the endless chain or lever principle. It was put on trial at the great exhibition of Horse Powers and Threshing Machines at Geneva in July, 1852, where it received the New York State Agricultural Society's first premium.

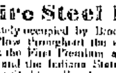
My machines will thresh and clean from three to five hundred bushels of wheat per day, and other grain in proportion. Two hundred of the above machines are for sale at the Agricultural works of the subscriber in this city, all warranted to be a better article than can be purchased at any other shop, and if they do not on trial prove to be so, I will take them off the hand of the purchasers at the price they may pay me for them.

I further notify all persons who are purchasing Horse Powers to be used in California and Oregon, that I will hold them accountable for any infringements to the rights secured to me by letters patent to the above machines, as I am manufacturing a Horse Power and Separator expressly for that section.

All orders for the above machines, hereafter addressed to John A Pitts, Buffalo, New York, will receive prompt attention. JOHN A. PITTS.

COMPARET, HUBBELL, & Co, are Agents for the sale of the above machines, Fort Wayne. Persons wishing to purchase can see them by calling at our Warehouse. 51—tf

Fort Wayne Plow Factory.

CORNER OF *Main & Harrison streets.*  CORNER OF *Main & Harrison streets.*

THE subscribers inform the public that they have commenced the manufacture of the

Empire Steel Plows,

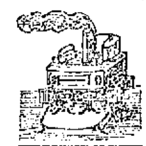
at the shop lately occupied by Beam. This is now the favorite Plow throughout the southern part the state; it took the First Premium at the Ohio State Fair in 1850, and the Indiana State Fair last fall—Farmers are invited to call and examine them. Various sizes will be kept on hand.

They also make Steel SHOVEL PLOWS, and 3 and 5 Shovel CULTIVATORS of the best quality.

All the articles made by us will be warranted to perform satisfactorily. KEIR & THATCHER.

A. D. BRANDRIFF,

No. 94 Columbia Street. FORT WAYNE.



THE OLD STOVE. Sign of

COOKING STOVES

Of all kinds, at prices from $10 to $90, of extra weight and quality, made directly from the ore to order, at one of the best Furnaces in the United States, which enhances their value and durability at least fifty per cent above New York castings, (where there is a mixture of old metal.) Every Stove we will

Warrant to give perfect satisfaction,

and will insure every plate from breaking from the action of fire for a reasonable time, at prices CHEAPER than was ever before offered in Fort Wayne. Our stock consist in part of the following:

5 sizes of the Ironton Premium Cooking Stove:
5 do best do do do
4 do new do do do
2 do Elevated oven or Drum do
5 do Comets or Air-tight do
2 do Indiana (6 holes) do
1 do Hoosier State (5 holes) do
2 sizes 7 plate Stove suitable for Churches and School houses.
6 " Box Stoves, beautiful pattern and heavy plates.
2 " 10 Plated Stoves with oven and 2 holes on top, suitable for dining rooms and saloons.
2 " Franklin, and open front Parlor Stoves.
2 " Russia Iron self regulators.
4 " Rip Van Winkle of original design, and one of the most beautiful cast Parlor Stoves ever presented to the public.

Also a large variety of all kinds of Stoves too tedious to mention. Also Sugar Kettles, Ovens, Skillets, Pots, Dog Irons, Smoothing Irons, and add lids, &c., &c.

In connection with our Stoves, we have

A LARGE TIN SHOP,

and keep constantly on hand an extensive assortment of *Tin Ware* of our own manufacture, which we offer at Wholesale and Retail at prices and quality that will always give satisfaction. Country merchants will do well to examine our stock. Also a large assortment of Japanned ware. Spouting and Gutters constantly on hand, and all kinds of House Jobbing done at the shortest notice and in the best workmanlike manner.

Old Iron, Pewter, Copper and Raggs, taken in exchange for wares. Our entire stock is only to be seen to be appreciated. July 8th, 1853. y1

Abdominal Supporters.

DOCTOR BANNING'S celebrated Body Braces Doctor Marshes' Bandages, Doctor Seymour's Supporters, also with Shoulder Braces attached; Shoulder Braces of all the various kinds; a large stock of all the above for sale cheap. H. B. REED.

New York Cash Store.

R. EVANS & CO.,

Northwest Corner of the Public Square, Fort Wayne, DEALERS IN

Dry Goods, Groceries, AND ALL OTHER MERCHANDIZE, suited to the country trade,

RINALDO EVANS, Fort Wayne. [Jan47] S. CARY EVANS, New York.

Cash paid for Furs and Skins.

Fancy Goods.

CALL and examine a large Stock of new Styles of every thing you can think of in this line, all of them direct from Paris. Bronze Vases, Statutes, Paper Weights, Mantle Ornaments, Urns, etc. Stationary, Work Boxes, Rosa Boxes, Purses, Sauv ters, Pearl Portmonias, Fine water color, Fancy Boxes, &c. &c., all of them so cheap that you can't help buying. Dec. 18, 1852. H. B. REED.

1850  1850

PETER P. BAILEY,

Storage, Forwarding, & Commission MERCHANT,

Will pay CASH for Flour, Wheat, Corn, Pearl Pot Ashes, and most other products of the country, or make liberal advances on the same.

WAREHOUSE NORTH SIDE OF THE CANAL, FORT WAYNE, IA.

REFERENCES.

Allen Hamilton, President Branch Bank, *Fort Wayne*
Hugh McCulloch, Cashier " "
Samuel Hanna, " "
Jesse L. Williams, Chief Engineer, W. & E. Canal
B. Smith & Co., *Toledo.*
E. Haskell & Co., "
Collins, Brown & Co., "

Town Lots for sale.

THE proprietor of the INDIANA LAND AGENCY offers for sale the following Lots in Fort Wayne, viz:

HANNA'S ADDITION. Lot No. 60, " " 63, " " 81, " " 111, " " 131, " " 166, " " 311, " " 345, " " 350, " " 512, " " 581.

EWING'S ADDITION. Lot No. 2 Block No. 27, " " 1 " " 27, " " 6 " " 21, " " 8 " " 21, " " 4 " " 28, " " 3 " " 28, " " 9 " " 30, " " 4 " " 32.

COUNTY ADDITION. Lot No. 48, " " 49, " " 72.

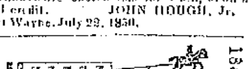
TABOR'S ADDITION. Lot No. 3, " " 29, " " 31.

ROCKHILL'S ADDITION. Lot No. 44, " " 62, " " 65, " " 66, " " 118, " " 119, " " 120.

OLD PLAT. Lot No. 58, " " 59, " " 64, " " 80.

Out lot No. 8, Hanna's Addition, 5 Acre.

The above are offered low for Cash, or on a liberal credit. JOHN HOUGH, Jr. Fort Wayne, July 22, 1850.

1852.  1852.

COMPARET, HUBBELL & Co

Forwarding & Commission Merchants

Eastern Basin, Columbia Street, near the Packet Landing, FORT WAYNE, IND.

AGENTS for Western Transportation Co. Clinton and Fairfield Lines, Franklin Glass Works, Oswego Cotton Mills, Fairbank's Scales, &c. &c.,

And Dealers in Salt, Fish, Nails, Powder, Pine Sash &c.

CASH paid for GRAIN, and liberal ADVANCES made on consignments. May 1, 1852.

Indiana Land Agency.

THE subscriber, having recently extended his operations, still continues the business in all its various branches, and tenders his services to the public for the *Sale of Lands, Investigation of Titles, Payment of Taxes, Procuring of Patents,* and all other orders pertaining to a Systematic and

GENERAL LAND AGENCY.

He is provided with numerous and accurate Maps of all former counties, and of the State—has personally visited the greater portion of Northern Indiana,—has numerous and careful correspondents, and is prepared to furnish accurate and thorough information with regard to the ownership, title, location, or value of Lands, which will be afforded gratuitously to all who desire such information.

He offers for sale

Large Tracts of Valuable Land,

well adapted to farming purposes, situate as follows:

	Acres.		Acres.
Allen County	17,306	Noble County	7,747
DeKalb "	7,644	Whitley "	7,757
Steuben "	9,767	Huntington "	5,074
Lagrange "	1,985	Wabash "	7,765
Kosciusko "	7,110	Miami "	1,727
Blackford "	2,774	Carroll "	1,020
Jay "	1,600	Cass "	2,140
Wells "	2,720	Fulton "	1,279
Adams "	2,098	Marshall "	1,329
Elkhart "	1,790	White "	1,310
Fountain "	2,712	Montgomery "	1,270
Putnam "	1,797	Clinton "	1,797
Parke "	1,505	Marion "	1,020
Boone "	1,270	Porter "	2,430

The above lands will be sold for cash, or a part cash and the remainder on a liberal credit. Title indisputable. He also offers for sale several

Improved Farms,

in the counties of Allen, Huntington, Noble and Wabash and a large number of

TOWN LOTS

in the towns of Fort Wayne, Huntington, Logan, Wabash, Peru and Marion.

Prompt attention will be given to all communications from persons desiring to purchase.

Office at the "INDIANA LAND AGENCY," on Calhoun Street. JOHN HOUGH, Jr. Fort Wayne, July 22, 185[illegible]

Morse's Compound Syrup OF YELLOW DOCK ROOT

THIS is a *Purely Vegetable Compound,* scientifically prepared from the best Roots and Herbs of the Materia Medica, and has gained an unrivalled reputation for the following effects, viz:

REGULATING AND STRENGTHENING THE

LIVER & DIGESTIVE ORGANS,

and Cleansing the Stomach and Bowels,

and thus curing all Bilious Diseases, Liver Complaints, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Costiveness, Piles, Headache, Fever and Ague, Jaundice, Nausea, Loss of Appetite, &c., and causing the food to nourish and support every part,

PURIFYING THE BLOOD,

and thus curing all Humors, Cutaneous Eruptions, Ceolula, Salt Rheum, Erisipelas, Scald Head, Canker, Pimples on the face, Blotches, Ulcers, Tumors, Mercurial Disease, Cancers, &c.

Regulating the Secretory Organs,

and by enabling them to perform their proper functions, preventing and curing many painful and dangerous diseases: STRENGTHENING AND QUIETING THE NERVOUS SYSTEM, thus allaying Nervous Irritation, and curing all diseases of the Nerves, Histeria, Neuralgia, Cramps, &c. It is unrivalled in the cure of all

FEMALE COMPLAINTS,

as Weakness, general debility, Irregularity, Obstructions, Swelling of the Feet, Limbs, Joints, &c. caused by weakness; also LUNG and THROAT COMPLAINTS, as Colds, Coughs, Asthma, Consumption, &c.; also Dropsy.

Having made use of the Compound Syrup of Yellow Dock Root, prepared by C. MORSE & Co., either ourselves or in our families, and finding it to be a very salutary and effectual preparation, we do most cheerfully recommend it to the public as a very valuable medicine.

I. Bourne, Esq., Cashier National Bank, Providence R. I.; A. W. Spencer, Esq., Cashier Lime Rock Bank, do do do; Rev. William Phillips, Rev. J. B. Richmond, G. S. Jones, editor Providence Gen. Adv., Wm. Field, M. W. G. M., Cyrus Fisher, M. E. H. P., James Hutchinson, G. S. Dea, V. J. Bates, Dea. Benj. Colby, and one hundred others of the most respectable families of Providence.

This certifies that I have for a number of years been acquainted with the composition and mode of manufacture of *Morse's Compound Syrup of Yellow Dock Root.* I have also been acquainted with its modus operandi in disease, and can say that in all respects it is admirably calculated to remedy that class of Diseases for which it was designed. It is especially valuable in INDIGESTION and all its attendant symptoms, it excites to healthy action the LIVER, removes Torpor and inactivity of this ORGAN, and stimulates healthy action in all the system. As a PURIFIER or purifier of the Blood it has no superior. DAVID HOLMES, M. D. Providence, R. I., Jan. 4, 1853.

PREPARED BY **C. MORSE & Co.,** *No. 446 Broadway, N. Y.*

Sold by WALL & MEYER, Druggists, *Fort Wayne.*

And Druggists and others throughout this and other counties. y48

Marble Monuments & Tombstones.

THE subscriber has on hand a large supply of the above articles, of the best quality, which he will sell very low ☞ All persons wishing anything in that line are particularly requested to call and examine for themselves before purchasing anywhere.

CUT STONE OF ALL KINDS.

Principal Yard on the Canal, west of Ewing's Warehouse and Boat Yard. Finishing shop in Columbia street, in Block between H. B. Reed's Store, and Hill, Orbison & Co's warehouse. JAMES HUMPHREY. Fort Wayne, March 30, 1853.

DRIED APPLES—200 bushels just received. WILSON & TRESSELT. June 25, 1852.

100 Kegs NAILS, assorted sizes for sale by COMPARET & HUBBELL.

PAPER HANGINGS—A large and beautiful assortment, just received C. L. HILL.